## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

"If aught of good hath come to thee Within the year,
If heaven hath served thee graciously With cups of cheer,
Give thanks. And if thine' enemy Hath suffered much adversity
Then shed for him in sympathy A loving tear."
Rev. W. W. Howard now gets his mail at Myrtlewood.-
Rev. N. S. Jones now receives his mail at Raleigh, N. O.
Rev. J. W. Reynolds gets his mail at Tennelle, R. F. D. No 3.
The religious census of London shows that 474 persons out of every $1,000 \mathrm{at}$ tend church.
1 am now editing the Headlight and want to make it a blessing to the cause. - J. R. Stodghill.

Married at bride's mother's Dec. 25, 1904, Mr. Jesse Manning to Miss Josie Pannel, Thos. Carr otticiating.
Rev. Walter Calley, D. D., has accepted the call of , the Upland Baptist Church, Chester, Penn, It means a great loss to the Baptist Young People's Union.
Rev. W. S. Bayne, a graduate of the S. B. T. S., a Kentuckian by birth, who now lives at. 7319 Race St., Pittsburg, Pa, would be glad to hold some meetings in Alabama.
Brunswiek; Ga.-My reception here has been most cordial and all the prospects are pleasing. I confront immense possibilities and my trust is in God and his Word of graca-L. J. Moncrief.
I entered my work at Cane Coreek Church the third Sunday in December, 1904. We have a fine Sunday school and prayer meating. derespects fine. I wish you a happy new yeari and success to the paper-Thos. G. Carr.
Dispatches from Gen. Stoessel made public in St. Petersburg say that at the end of the siege only 10,000 men were under arms and that the hospitals contained 14,000 sick and wounded. The Ruseian army sustained heavy losses in officers.

Our exports to Japan in 1895 were $\$ 4,500,000$, while Great Britain's were $\$ 22,500,000$. In 1903 our exports to $\$ 24,000,000$ from Great Britain. This shows not alone a remarkable increase, but a rapid elosing in the $\$ 18,000,000$ gap of 1895 .
Rev. J. W. Hamner, the corresponding editor, spent part of Thursday of last week at Howard College, East Lake. He was delighted with the prosperity of the College under the able management of Pres. A. P. Montague. This was his first risit since the ereetion of the splendid new dormitory, Renfroe Hall, and he was impreseed with its convenience and adaptability.


## FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, GALVESTON, TEX.

The dedication services of the First Baptist Church, Galveston, Texas, on Sunday, January 8th, 1905, was an event of great interest not only to the Baptists of Texas, but to the entire denomination in the South. The old church was destroyed by the storm of September 8th, 1900; rebuilt 1902-3.

## DEDIOATION HYMN.

O Thou, whose own vast temple stands, Built over death and sea,
Accept the walls that human hands: Have raised to worship Thee.
Lord, from Thine inmost glory send,
Within these courts to bide,
The peace that dwelleth without end, Serenely by Thy side!

May erring minds that worship here Be taught the better way;
And they who mourn and they who fear,
Be, strengthened as they pray.
May faith grow firm, and love grow warm,
And pure devotion rise,
While round these hallowed walls the storm
Of earth-born passion diea. William Oullen Bryant.

Brother R. E. Pettus of Huntsville, made a felicitous impromptu speech at Normal on Jan. 20th in introducing Oapt. Richmond Pearson Hobson.
On Christrnas day Dr. William Ashmore reached his eightieth birthdey. The Missionary Union observed the event with a reception to Dr . Ashmore on Friday evening, December 23. For many years Dr. Ashmore was a missionary in China, but he is at present in this country, having returned a few months ago.
Sunday evening, Jenuary 1ot, at 2:30 o'clock, Ohestnut Street Baptist Ohurch, Louisville, Ky, celebrated the 40th year of Rev. J. M. Weaver's pastorate of that church. The house of worship, which is a large one, was packed full of people. The program was well arranged, and was interestingly carried out.
I recoived a call to Portland Avenue, Louisville, $\mathrm{Ky}_{\mathrm{y}}$, last week. I have the mattor under adrisement and will likeIy go and take up a seminary course in conneetion with the pastorate in case I can get aman to leave on this feld. I recognise it a splendid opportunity and God's hand seems in it. In case I go will enter mid-sestion Feb. 1et-T. V. Neal, Tunoumbic.

Rev. A. E. Burns is getting nearor and nearer to Birmingham. We welcome him to Brighton,
We hope that the Anti-Saloon League recently organized in Huntaville will be able to accomplish great good.
Alabama City--Our church in Alabama City is doing good work now. We expeet to show up the best Sunday school in 'North Alabama by March 26, 1905. The church has recently eleoted seven deacons, who seem to be proficient. A number of the brethren of our church called on us a few nights ago and left a full pantry of good things, which revived our feelings and has brought us under many obligations to them.-J. W. Dunaway.
The American Baptist Historical Soeiety needs the Minutes of the Alabama Baptist State Convention for the following years: 1893 to 1841, '13, '44; '46, '47, '48, '49, '51, '58, '54, '56, to '67, '71. Anyone who can provide any of these dates for preservation by the Society, or who can give information of where they can be secured, will confer a much appreciated favor. Will not the friends who have such materials kindly examine them for this pur-- nu Baptist Historical Society, 414 Oroser Building, Philadelphia, Pa

## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

"Speak to all more kindly
Than the year before;
Pray a little oftener,
Love a little more;
Cling a little closer
To the Father's love;
So life below shall liker grow
To the life above."
Dr. R. G. Patriek, a worthy son of the Palmetto State who is achieving great success in Alabama as President of Judson College, says that the enrollment has reached 300 students, and many bave been turned away, as the full capacity of the dormitory has been reached--Baptist Courier.
Dr. George W. Trueth, of Dallas, Texas, is to hold a meetipg in the First Baptist Ohurch, this city, some time soon. The date has not yet been fixed. The people of Nashyille, and especially the Baptists, anticipate his coming to this city with much interest. May a great blessing result from his visit.Baptist and Reflector.
Dr. C. O. Brown, on the first Sunday in January, 1875, entered upon his work as pastor of the Sumpter Baptist Church. He went fresh from the Theoiogical Seminary, thep in Greenville. The Baptist Courier pays him an eloquent tribute in a two column editorial. Thirty years is a long time to serve one church.
Rev. Samvel H. Greene, D.D., LL. D, has finished twenty-five years in the pastorate of Calvary Church, Washington, D. O. The occasion was made the occasion of a great celebration by the congregation. During his pastorate 3,039 have been added to the Church. The total receipts from all sources amount to $* 668,473.71$, an average of $\$ 27,738.80$.
Mise Eva Bopth, the new Commander of the Selvation Army in the United States, mado her first public address in New York on the first Sunday in December. Nearly three thousand people crowded into the hall to hear her. The Commander has already planned for a new five- or six-story builling in the Cherry Hill distriet, New York, to be a settlement bome for the very poor. She has not yet announced any new departures is the general work throughout the country.
Friends sometime ask if there are apecial needs at the Orphanage. To such we wiah to say there are two special needg: First, we need a grod fence. The foll length of our yard fence is about 1300 feet, This you see will take a considerable sum. Second, we would like to put grave stohes at the graves of the thirteen children wo have lost. These would cost about six to eight dollars apiece, If soms friends want to make special gifte wo would thankfully roseive them-Jno. W. Btemart.


MONTEZUMA'S WELL AND OASTLE.

## By Emma Paddock Telford.

Now that the petrified forest of Arisona has been created a national park, and the Government is taking steps to protect it from further spoliation at the hands of the "Goths and Vandals," the attention of courists as well as feiantists frill naturally be called to the many other natural curiosities and srchaeological treasures to be found the aame wonderland of America. Among these Monteruma's Well and Castle invite and amply reward both sight-seer and savant.

## Both places are easy of acoess.

A beautiful drive from Jerome, tlirough the canyon of the Verde, brings one into a region filled with the remains of the earliest human himbitations in America.
If is always a maryel to our Engiish and continental friends that wo Americins know so little of the wonders of our own land.
We rush abroad, consumed with a wild desire to see something "genuinely antique," when in our own Southwest may be found the flotsam and jetsam left by the receding tide of a civilization, in many cases old when history began.
Although it is not at all hisforically ceftain that Montezuma ever had anything to do with the gloomy, abyssmal pool of water, nor yet the cliffperched fortress that bears his name, they are wonderfal enough to warrant a pilgrimage to them, even with out his signature.
-While some little distance apart, both are situated on Beaver Oreek which empties into the Verde. The well is about fifteen miles northeast of the abandoned military poet known is Camp Verde At this point the creek has eaten away the side of a rounded hill of limestone which towers more than a hundred feet above the Black Titanesque pool below.
A carriage road now leads to its very edge, but there is not the slightest intimation of the scene that is to burat upon one, until the brink is reached. "I was so scared," said a tourist last Summer in volubly recounting his experiences, "that I fairlys fell orer mavelf"

Cut with almost mathematicul precision from the rock itself, there is a theer drop two hundred and fifty feet in diameter.
As to the depth of the sullen poot, there is as yet no definite knowledge. In some : places the sounding line touches at eighty feet, but there is one place about six feet square where the line has gone down over five hundred feet in a vain attempt to reach bottom, If Montezuma, according to tradition, dropped his troasure in hero for safe keeping, it will doubtless remain until the "leaves of the judgmént book unfold," Ranchers who have lived near the well for the last twentyfive years say the level is never higher, never lower. The water is always lukewarm and in Winter a little mist hovers over its outlet which bursts out as though under great pressure about one hundred yards-distant from the well, and there empties its volume, equal to that of an ordinary canal, into Beaver Oreek.
The well is undoubtedly supplied from subterranean sources, possibly through the apparently bottfomless "slump." There is no life in it, save the turtles that make their home in the moss that fringes ite sides. Under the floor of the main cave, which with other caves and tunnels, permits the explorer to descend to the water's edge, may be heard the sound of running water.

While popular opinion has attributed the crigin of the well to volcanic sction, scientists hold that the erosion of water is responsible for its creation. In the high cliff wall, overhanging the creek, are the well-defined remains of a fortified communal dwelling. Originally this must have been several stories in height for even now its walls of solid masonry rise in many places from six to seven feet.
This "aricient Gibraltar" was evidentIy intended to protect the approach to the well, proving that the race who built it had to be ever on guard against the approach of a wily foe.
Perched along the western wall; in apparently inaccessible erags are tiny cliff houses almost as perfect as when their occupants left them centuries ago, whilo behind the cliff yawns the mouth of a broad cave extending with its ramifications far into the bosom of the hill and direotly under the old fort.
Years of labor myat have been neces: sary for the excavation of this immense cave dwelling, for its builders knew nothing of metal or explosives: -4 Track News.

## THE AINU OF YEZO.

## By Mason J. Ray.

Almost exaetly the position of the Indians in this country is that of the Ainu in Japan. They are the primitive people, overrun and conquered some 2,500 years ago, and driven into the northern island, Yezo. It is certain that the Japanese are second comers in their country, as we are in ours. There is nothing in common between the Ainu and the Mongolian races, either in language, appearince, manners, customs, traditions or character.

The Japanese is ready to seize improvements from any race on earth. The Ainu adopts nothing. In $2,50 d$ years he has remained absolutely untouched by Japanese sivilization. There are Ainu in Siberia, from whom the Yezo tribes were separated many centuries ago, yet the divided races are exactly alike. Neither has changed one iota in two milleniume and a half; a remarkable example of savage immobility.


Herein lies the reason of the abounding interest of the Ainu to scholars, intent on learning the conditions of primitive man. Efforts have been made to prove that the Ainu are the missing link between monkey and man. This theory was encouraged by the hairy covering of the Ainu, which in some cases approaches the coat of an animal, although in orthers it amounte to no more than unusally heavy beard and hair.
But that the Ainu is indeed a man and not an animal, is shown by his remarkable religious conceptions, which show the deepent sense of theistic grandeur. The earliest missionaries found them believing in a Supreme Being, immortality and judgment after death.
The position of the Ainu woman is a curious one. In youth and middle age a silent, submissive slave to the men, in old age she becomes a shrieking virago, lording it over the whole family The reason is the rooted belief of the Ajnu that the spirit of an old woman fo most powerful, and that she can injure him after death. He will do anything, in or out of reason, to induce her to depart this life in tolerably good humor with himself.

The Ainu are disappearing before Japanese civilization exactly as the Indian and Hawaiian are disappearing before ours, and scholars are hastening to learn all that can be known of this ourious remnant of the carliest humanity, before it is engulfed forever in the past.


DR J. B. GAMBRELL,
EXPLOITING A PAPER IN A OHUROH.
The pastor who does not want his reuple to read good books and papers is blind and cannot see far off. The pastor who is willing for his people to read bad books and papers is no pastor, but the beat ally the devil can bave in the church. Most pastors do desire their people, to read helpful papers. All experienced pastors do. They know that such reading greatly helps spiritual growth. It widens the spiritual vision and helps mightily to keep the fhind on spiritual things. It helps the pastor in hie work It is good every way.
But it is realfy astonishing how small a per cent. of even intelligent church people read denominational papers. Who is to blame for this great loss to the spiritual growth of individuals and churches? Let. us not talk of blame; but eonsider how the waste may be stopped.
I say the pastors must take hold of the matter and put pastoral influence, pestoral conscience, and pastoral purpose into the movement for the circulation of good literature. If any pastor feels that this is too small a thing for him, he makes a prodigious mistake. It is of tremendous importance to the safety and progress of the cause as well as to the well-being of the individual and the family. But let us leave off argument for the thing and consider how it can be done. It is a practical matter, and needs practical handling. There is a way to succeed, and many ways not to succeed, the easiest and surest of which is not to try. But suppose a pastor means to exploit a paper for the good of the people under his care and of the cause, how should he go about itl
He must make a sentiment, an atmosphere for the paper. To pitch in without preparation is to court failure. Some may subscribe to please the pastor; but likely they will not read the paper, and will quit when the time is out. The wise pastor will aim to root the paper in a family as he would root a rich fruit-bearing tree in his garden.

His first care is to prepare the soil, and make an atmosphere for planting and growing. It is like courting. The main thing is not "popping the question," but getuing the girl ready. The tactful pastor will begin right and work on to the consummation of his purpose.
There are many ways to prepare a church to become a reading church, There may be a sermon, or more than one, on reading. There are plenity of texts. "Lift up your eyes and look on the fielde" sweeps the horizon. How a great paper shows us the fields. The sin of fgnorance may be urged with groat force. The beauties of information may be pleaded. The pastor needs here to put religious convietion into his sermons and talles, and he will, if he does not himself live in a hole. Every personal element ahould be eliminated, and the matter given its proper religious setting. Papers are to be supported for the good they can do.
In making a sentiment it is a good plan to read something good out of tho paper, or apeak of something good which appeared in the paper, and do this publicly, and often. Give definite Information concerning this and that feature of the work, and say all this and more is in the paper. Tell of some great revival, or some forward movement, and say I read this in the paper. Thus good will be done in several directions: Your people will be quickened in their interest in the progress of the kingdom, and ycu will be rooting the paper in the hearts of the people. When you have prepared well, act vigorously. Go right after the people. Not apologeticelly, but with the air of one who has a favor to confer, and a bleseing to give, which will be the trath. See the ones who manifestly ought to subecribe, one by one. You will not get them all, maybe not half of them; but you will likely make a good beginning. You can report this, and continue your educational work.
You will find some who are poor but would like to read the paper. Perhaps there are widows with children to rear. It will help every way to give such familles the paper. Aak your people to give to a fund for this purpose. This will educato.
After you have gone over the field and waited a bit, run your mower over the field agnin, and get a second crop: but never let up on education, though there may be rarying degrees of activity. You can enlist your reading members to help you with the nonreading members.
Do you say all this means, work! Well, yes, certainly; but it is work that will pay as hardly any other work a pastor can do will pay. Every good paper introduced is an assistant pastor making a woekly visit to each member of the family and pulling up all round for the things the pastor works for, in reason and out of season.
This method of exploiting a paper has been tried by this writer in country and town pastorates, with excellent results. It will sucoeed and when it does, the hardest problems in church progrees have been solved. Whoever saw a reading, widels intelligent church that was in lagenard church!-J. B. that was in laggnrd church!
Ormberll in Baptiat Standard.


REV. J. B. JONES.
Pastor of East Florence Baptist Chureh.
Rev. J. B. Jones, who comes to take charge of the East Florence Baptist Ohurch January 18, is a young man of sterling ability and exceptional gifts. $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{e}}$ was bom and reared for the most part, near Parksville, $\mathrm{Ky}_{\text {, }}$, where in early years he gave his heart to God and united with the Baptist Church at that place. Some five years ago, this same church requested his ordination and called him as pastor. About the same time he entered the Georgetown College, where he pursued his studies without intermission until he graduated last June with the A. B. degree. His class recognizing his superior ability, elected him class orator, which position he filled with the highest satisfaction.
Since be graduated he has been the principal of the Parksville school, and at the same time he served as pastor of a splendid field, and his people aro very loth to give him up. The East Florence brothren consider themselves peculiarly fortunate in securing his services, and they confidently expect a term of wise leadership that will bring an era of prosperity to the church.Florence Herald.

## a Visit to jodson college.

The editor of the Baptist Argus had a delightful visit to Judson College, Marjon, Ala., an invitation having come for him to deliver an address on the occasion of "Mother Judson's" sixty-sixth birthday. This time is set apart each year in honor of those in whose hearts and minds the Judson was born, and it is called Founder's Day. It was a great sight when two hundred and fifty young women in uniform marched through the campus carrying continuous folds of ribbon, pink 'and white, the colors of the college, and by the strains of the large pipe organ gracofolly ascended the
platform and decorated as with a manplatform and decorated as with a mantle the portraits of the two chief foun-
ders of the institution. These honoted ders of the institution. These honoted
men, who built fur more arandly than they ever dreamed, were Milo P. Jewett and Edwin.D. King. The exereises consisted of special musio. a historical statement by Prasident R. G. Patrick, the delivery of prises for apecinal compositions, the addrens, and afterwards the planting of an oak by the Seniors, and ivy by the Juniors, and of clase exerolses about other trees which aro
men connected with the institution's history.
Judeon College if a tower of atrength and a joy forever. Over eight thousand young women have studied within its walls, and today scores are anxiously waiting for vacapcies, that they may enter its clasees. The curriculum has been stendily raised ahd year by year the buildings and equipments have been enlargod. President Patrick, everybody knew, was already a succosoful, pastor and preacher, but Judson College discoverod in him timber for a truly great president. He and Mrs. Patrick, the daughter of Dr. Charles Manly, reign in the hearts of Alabama Baptists because of the strength and blestings they have brought to Judson College.
This institution has gone so far that it demands an open way to the largeat things. It is a serious question whether its management should be content with the size of its patronage and spend themselves upon perfecting its equipment and faculty, or whether it should also add other buildings and reach out for larger patronage. Wo are sure the enswer to this question can be safely left in tho hands of President Patriek, his ablo faculty and large minded trustecs. It makes the heart beat fast to know that such ; question is up for discussion in a Baptist college for girls.
It was a pleasure to be in the home of Pastor Paul V. Bomar, also, tho seholarly bishop of the Marion chureh. the worthy successor of Dr. Winkler. He gives a few hours a week to lecturing in the Judson on Philosophy.
Then there is courly Col. Murfee, president of Howard College in- the school days of the writer, and now president, in the old buildings, of the Marion Institute for young men, It was good to learn of the success which has crowned the years of his labors and to learn to honor the two sons who -have come on to sustain his hands.
From the earliest days Marion has been the partieular bright staf of Alabamn Baptists, a star the light of which has shone steedily up to beaven. When the intellectual and spiritual history of the world shall be written a long chapter will be devoted to Marion. -Editorial in Argus.

## THE TRIUMPHS OF FOREIGN <br> missions.

The greatest triumphs of the gospel in modern times have been won in foreign fields. The results of missionary enterprise in the actual number of converts added to the Christian church have been immense and atartling. One million three hundred thousand confesors of Christ have come out of the derkness of heathendom within the past century: and they are coming now at the rate of one hundred thousand a year-27s every day. Erough men and women are turning from the worahip of idols to the true God to fin the largest church in New York every Sunday in the year. But greater even than these numerical rosults are the triumphs which can not be tabolated in figures or reduced to statistios; triumphe of patience and hope in China, where the preaching of the
out a single convert has been followed by a thousand-fold harvest; triamphe over prejudices in India, where the Government, which was once arriyed against the missionary enterprise in bitter scorn and contempt, has now become its friend and eulogist and proteetor; triumphs in every land smitten by famine or pestilence, where tha suffering people have learned to turn instinctively to Christian missionaries as their firat and best helpers; triumphs of transformation in the islands of the sea, where whole races have been changed from bloodthirsty cannibals into peacoful and order-lowing folks. Achievements like these are, in fact, the greatest glory of Forelgu Misstions. They manifest, as nothing else could do, the intenso hopefulness, the splendid, serious optimism, the invibeible oourage, and the uplifting power of the religion of Jesus for all mankind-Dr. Van Dyke, in Outlook.

## the birymahat humane soOIETY.

The preeent Humane Soqiety was.organized in Septefinber, 1900. Until February, 1903, little progross had been made in the enforcement of Sec. 411 of the City Oode, which relates to tho lew for the Provention of Oruelty to Animals and Children. During the year 1003, 156 arrests, convictions 135 . In 1904, 115 arrests, 90 convictions wero mpde. Douations from the publios During 1903, 8117.00, for 1904, 80.00 : total fines from the city, 1903, 8792.00 ; 1904, 416.50 . The foregoing statement is given for the benefit of those who feel an interest in the Birmingham Humane Society. The fines and donationia for 1904 were not sufficient to pay the salary of the arresting officer. It will be seen by the foregoing statement that the donations from the pablic during the past year were practically nothing. What salary was paid the arresting officer whe out of the funde received from the city for fines and forfeitures. The public has always shoma a kindly interest in the work, but unless substantial aid is given by the eitizens, the work will have to cease. Contributions miny be sent to G. M. Oruilshhank, President, in care Ledger Office, or L. A. Bennie, Sec. and Treas. P. O. Box 25 , eity.

We rejoice in your success, and, each week, enjoy the fruits of your labor. The Alabama men and women are doing faithful work at the Seminary, and we give thanks to God and to our brethren and sisters for the priviloges we so much enjoy and appreciato. We greatly dosire and pray for the progreas of the Kingdom in our own beloved State--J. G. Dobbins, Louiavillo, Ky.
"A young woman was being examined by a school board for place as tenchos In reply to the querg, "What is your position on whipping the children 1 " she said, "My uqual position is seated on a chair with the child beld firmly scroses my knoes, faco downward" They were so delighted with the answer that she was appointed immodiatoly.
Rer. A. R. Yajors of Chestnot, Als., has been the pastor of Now Hope Blaptist Church at Natches, Alon, for more then twenty yoars.

My Dear Sunbeams:
The letters for the sunbeam column wore lobt in Unele Sam's big mail just before Christmas, for which I am very sorry. There were some lovely mes sages from the leaders of the band and from the sunbeams as well, and I was anxious to share them with all the olhers. But here are some more of the aame sort, and 1 send them to you with hearty good wishes for the New Year.
The Christmas offering is coming in from many sources, and I hope ours will be a generous contribution for foreign missions. I am,
> ver your friend,
> Mrs. T. A. Hamilton. Alexander City, Ala.

Dear Mrs Hamilton:
You have been wondering, no doubt, what has become of the Sunbeams, that you, do not hear from them. Their leader, Mrs H. A. Thornton has been unable to meet with them for quite a loug time and they have had a struggle to shine at all.
Last Sunday afternoon I had them to come over and hold their meeting in my parlor.
You will remember that it was a cold, disngreeable day, the first that we have had; so there were only a few of the number, thirty present. We had a real sweet little meeting, and I felt what an opportunity for doing work for the Master was before us.
1 have met with the children since they have lost their leader, but can't do much for them just now, except keep them together.

So many had refused my entreaties in behalf of the work that I had almost become discouraged, but last Sunday evening late a good lady offered her services as leader for them. I write to you now for the new program. Any other literature that you have on hand that will be helpful will be most gladly received. We have a small bank account, but have thought of letting if remain until, the holidays hoping to increase it largely by that time.
With love and best wishes for you in the work.

## Mrs. Arnold Smith.

Vaughan, Ala.
Dear Friema
Perhaps you think as we haven't sent any money that we are not doing anything. We have something aver $\$ 8.00$ if the treasury. We couldn't render a
program Christmas as most of the members sick. Your fri申nd,

Annie Morton.

## Phoenix Oity, Ala.

## Mrs. T. A. Hamilton;

Kind friend no doubt you think I'sm not going to reply to your letter having waited so long on account of my eyes.
Now, about the children, they are doing nice work and you have no idea how they appreciated those little fishes. We are saving some pennies for you every Sunday. They want to punch the "Stars" around Miss Kelly's head. I have about thirty regular members enrolled, and we meet at the church now. Well, I will have to stop for this time, but before closing I will thank you for the literature. Brother Wallace preached to the children this morning, and we all enjoyed it. Will say Bye, Byel

Your new friend,
Katie W.
The Sunbeam Band at Station A under the leadership of Mrs, W. T. Ward sond a contribution of $\$ 8.00$ for Miss Anna B. Hartwell. They are a noble Band, organizing with 66 bright girls and boys. Their officers are: President, Miss Lollo Barr; Vice-President, Emma Hancken; Secretary, Mattie Hancken; Treasurer, Earnest Harbin.

## Birmingham, Ala.

## Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

Enclosed you will please find P. O. Money Order for $\$ 15.09$, which amount I wish to send to Miss Willie Kelley for the support of "one desk" in her school. My Sunday school class sends it to her with their love and with the prayer that God will bless some poor child in China and that He will abundantly bless her in her noble work.
When you acknowledge receipt of this will you do me the kindness to tell me exactly how I can address Miss Willie Kelley, so there will-be no uncertainty about mail reaching her.

Lovingly yours,
Ethel Lovejoy Cox.

## Furman, Ale.

## Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

Since your talk a few weeks ago, we have decided to reorganize our little Sumbeams and go to work in earnest. We enjoyed having you with us so much, and will remember with much pleasure the kind words you said to us. We organized about three weeks ago with eighteen members, with dear Mrs. Driver as our leader. With the use of our "fish" the next meeting brought us a very large addition, mak. ing thirty-nine in all, We are now anxiously awaiting our "Star Cards" so we can get to work. I hope you will send them to us right away, with more fish. Have you any program to offer us for Ohristmas? We want to have something nice. With lots of love and many good wishes, I am,

Your little Sunbeam,
Irene Jeffers.
Roanoke, Ala.
Dear Mrs. Hamilton:
I enclose fifteen cents in stamps for the book on China. I would have sent
it before but was waiting until after our meeting that 1 might report it to you. We had quite an interesting meeting with eight girls present. I used the missionary map of the world in speaking of the country. The girls spoke on the population, religion, and education of Chinh. One of our young men made me some chop-sticks, and I served tea and rice. We had a number of souvenirs, and discussed them. Two new members were added to our list, and I feel greatly encouraged with the work. Aaything which you think will prove helpful in this work please let me know of it and I shall gladly pay for it. One of our girls is at the Judson and I have had from ber such an interesting report of the $\mathrm{Ann} \mathrm{Has}^{\mathrm{n}}$ seltine Society which I shall read to my girls. Many thanks for the book.

Yours sincerely,
Mrs. Ida Stallworth.
Cuba, Ala.
Dear Mrs. Hamilton:
We organized a Sunbeam Band last Sunday with twenty members. I think the children are all interested. Will you please send me some fish. We are going to meet every Sunday. I would like to get the fish by Sunday and some of Miss Willie Kelley's cards, those with the stars. Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain,

Your little friend,
Eddie Gillespie.
Boas, Ala.
Dear Mrs. Hamilton:
I am writing. for more of the littlo fish for our Sunbeams. They are getting to work in earnest now, and we expect to have at least thirty members by the end of this month. We hope to send in a good report of this quarter's work. Now-that November has come, what about your visit to Lincoln church I

Sincerely,
Miss Leilat Jones, wis
Lincoln, Ala.
Dear Mrs. Hamilton:
I esteem it a pleasure to have the privilege of writing you after having made your aequaintance. Your talk has encouraged me greatly. It is my prayer that God will speed the time when He shall call some dear Alabama girl to beoome Miss Willie Kelley's helper. The children received your proposition with gladness and will by the help of God try to raise the required amiount. Your Sunbeams are working nicely. I am glad to tell you that our work is increasing and that we are trying to make of it just what God would have it be I hope by the last of this quarter to make a report that wa will all be proud of. Please send me some fishes. I have offered a prize to the one that has the longest string by Christmas, and have given all'I had out.

I am your friend,
Tillie Rutledge.
Phoenix, Ala.

## Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

We organized a Missionary Society about three months ago. We sent ten dollars to you about a month ago to send to Brazil. We got the receipt for it. We are going to see how many
denks wo can support in Ohina, to he educate the heathen. I am Secretu. now, and am doing all I can to. carry out our work that we have b. us. Our Society wants to do all ? to help the foreign missionaries, cause some day some one of our little band may go as missionaries ourselves. and without help we could do nothing.

Respectfully,
Ourren Moody
Russellville, Ala.

## Dear Mra Hamilton:

Last Sunday afternoon we organized our Sunbenm Society of the First Baptist Church, and with very gratifying results, there being about thirty or more enrolled. There are many more who will take up the work with us. Next Sunday our topic will be Japan. If you will kindly forward us a program along this line it will be very much appreciated. It will afford the Society great pleasure to have you with us at any time. Hoping you will remember us in prayer, I beg to remain,

Your devoted friend,
Miss Mamie Hawkins.

## Birmingham, Ala.

## Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

This report has just been received. It gives great pleasure to welcome this new Band: The Sunbeams of the North Highland Baptist Church organized with 43 members. Their officers are as follows: Ruth Anderson, president: Grady Flynn, Secretary.

Miss Harriet Dobbins.
Dear Mrs. Hamilton:
I enclose you P. O. money order for three dollars, fifty-five cents. Three dollars fifteen cents is our Ohristmas offering for China. Forty-five cents amount for Foreign Missions for quarter ending January 1, 1905. With many wishes for a prosperous New Year, I am, Yours sincerely,

Lula Nettles.
Tunnel Springs, Ala.

## Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

I received the literature that I wrote to you for, some time since, for which aecept thanks. On the second Sabbath in this month we organized a Sunbeam Band of 17 members. I had then also received the program "Ohristmas Offering," and of course 1 told the little Band about it, so each one was ready and willing to have the exercise on Christmas day, which we did, though we had a rather small audience. Our collection amounted to $\$ 4.00$, so enclosed you will find money order for the amount, for the mission work in China. Ous children seem very much interested in our Band work, and I hope we can accomplish some good. I will appreciate a few words of encouragement or any kind advice or help in any way you can give me as leader, for I am very willing but inexperienced, and feel my incompetency. I shall have our little Secretary to write you before a great' while.' Wishing you a happy and prosperous New Year, I am,

Yours sincerely,
Mrs. T. H. Sanders.
Garden, Ala.

Hisoar Mrs. Hamilton:
and frelosed you will find $\$ 12.00$ from and Mais stunbeums as a Christmas offering tieper China. Instead of the regular services Christmas night, our pastor, Rev. G. L. Yates, kindly allowed the Sunbeams to have an exercise, "The King and His Messengers," consisting of songs, recitations, and responsive readinga. At the close an address was mado by the pastor, and the collection taken amounted to s10.15. To this we have added the funds already on hand, so we send you the $\$ 12.00$. We hope you will have large offerings from the Sunbeams all over the State. With earnest desire that we may advance the cause in which we are engaged, $I$ am,

## Yours in the work,

 Miss Josephine Pearce.
## Thomasville, Ala.

## Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

According to promise I will write you the proceedings of our "Ohrist's Birthday Party" which was quite a succens. We gave the party Tuesday evening at the hospitable home of our efficlent lender, Miss Rhodes. Although the weather was fearfully cold we had a very good crowd and realized the nice little sum of 85.50 . We served light refreshments, played games and each one seemed to thoroughly enjoy themselves. We gave our contribation to Foreign Missions and at our last meeting we pledged 85.00 for State Missions and colleeted \$9.75 of it same day. Mrs. Hamilton your visit was thoroughly enjoyed by each member of the Y. P. M. S. Now we truly hope you will not only remember us in your prayers but will visit us again soon and let us hear from you often.

Sincerely yours,
Stella Greef.
Oxford, Ala.
Dear Mrs. Hamilton:
Enclosed you will find P, O, order for 83.85 , which is the Christmas offering from $m y$ little Sunbeams for China. I would be glad if you have time to write to them. I know a letter from you to them would be appreciated. This is the first money they ever made. I hope we may be able to do more in the future. Sincerely yours, Mrs, W. P. Stallworth.
Ouba, Ala.

## Dear Mrs. Hemilton:

We send you one dollar and sixty-five cents, as our Ohristmas offering for China. May God bless you in the work and give you a happy and prosperous New Year.

Yours in the work,
"Willie Kelley Sunbeam Band." Rembert, Ala.

Dear Mrs. Hamilton:
Enclosed find P. O. order for 82.07 , our children offering. It is amall but given freely. Wishing you a Merry Ohristmas and a Happy New Year, I sm,

Yours lovingly.
Suaie Nance.

Ruasellville, Ala.

BROTHER CRUMPTONFS OALI- Gods servants, are better and strongor FORNIA LETTERS.

## Dear Brother Barnett:

I had to adnndon my "Afterthoughts of the Associations" in order to give all my spare time to rounding up my work for the California trip. After the most diligent use of my time, 1 had to leave unanswered on my desk many important letters. The most distressing thing to me was-to leave without paying the December snlaries of the missionaries. I shall be very happy when I return, about Eebruary lot, if I find sufficient money in the trensuiry for State missions to settle every obligation of the Board. Now for my first letter. Having made this trip three years ago ofver the same line, I cannot be expeoted to write much now. I came near going by a more northern route; but when I got to San Antonio and saw icicles, a very rare sight in that elimate, and read in the newspapers about the awful blizzard prevailing from Kansas City to Neiw York, I was very thankful that I started by the Southern Pacific.

## I left Birmingham

for New Orleans the day after Christmas. How memories did crowd upon me as I approached Meridian and passed down the North Eastern, right through the heart of the country, from which my old Regiment (87th Miss. Infantry) was made up t
Meridian, where $I$ was pastor during the yellow fever epidemic, is now a targe city and these pine woods, where my old comrades hunted deer in the long ago, are traversed by one of our great railroad systems and every few miles enlivened by thriving towns and young cities.
All the scenexy where the milroad orosses Lake Pontchartrain and dnters New Orleans was lost by reason of darkness.
The Southern Pacific people are ex coedingly clever, which makes travel over their line pleasant. I do not remember a question asked by any passenger in the trip of four days and nights, which was not courteously answered. It sometimes

Pays to be a Preacher.
On the West side of the Mississippi a prencher can travel at half rates; on the East side at two thirds. Just why the difference. I cannot explain. The eontribution of one half the expenscs of a twenty-five hundred miles trip by the railroad is not a thing to be degpised.
Some of our brethren are sensitive about receiving this benefit from the railroads and think themselves put on the charity list. I do not so regard it. Preachers are worth more to the country, if they are really men of God, than any set of men to be found. Some preacher in Birningham, not long ago, compared them to policomen, saying they were the best police force. I wna surprised that the papers did not take it up and hand the saying around, as they certaínly would have done if he had made a sensptional remark. Porhaps they didn't believe it; but I do not doubt the assertion. They are worth to the country a thousand fold more than is granted to them. Railroad employces and all others, who came in contaes with
for their daily duty by renson of such contact. Preachers of the right sort are not busying themselves to get in all their claims, but when they are voluntarily recognized, they modestly accept tbem. Of preachers, who have shown themselves unworthy of favors, I could write much, but I am not speaking of them now.
Promptly at the Very Minute, 11:55 the train of a dozen vestibuled conches pulled out of the depot for a run of twelve uiles up the river, where it rolled down an fincline on to a great boat and soon "The Sunset Express" is on the other side, speeding away on its long journey to the far Wegt. It consists of one mail, two exprese cars, a diner, six or eight Pullming sleepers and. an observation car in the rear. All the locomotives on the west side of the river are uising oil now. When we renched the desert we were amazed to find that the track and tbe sand on the sides of the cut had been saturated with oil to keep down the dust. It takes three thousand gallons a mile and lasta for several months. This is certainly a great relief to travelers. The two days of desert travel were much dreaded heretofore. Too much eating and too little exercise will land almost anybody in San Francisco with à disordered system. The danger of this wes greater in the olden time, when peoplo started with a fall lunch basket. But now, the splendidly equipped diners have come in, the lunch basket has almost disappeared. Of course this palatial dining room, with its many servants and fine bill-of-fare, is not going along just for the pleasure of the passengers. The figures are pretty steep; but one can pick out a few dishes of substantials and get along well,--a dollar and a half or two dollars-a day is the least one can live on. At the points where engines are changed, a stop of ten or twenty minutes enables the passengers, who wish, to exercise their limbs. It whs a great delight to run out of the barren sands of the desart into the orange ofrehards of Southern California.
W. B. O .

## "AND THE CAT CAME BACK."

That is the story of tetter cured by other medicines; not so when Tetterine does the work. B. H. Tatner, McDonald Mills, Ga., writes, "Tetterne is the only remedy I ever sold that would cure tetter so it would not return. Sold 6 doren boxes in a yea and guaranteed every box. I have never has to return the money for a single box. I sold a box to a man who had had tetter for 52 years: 2 boxes cured him sound and well." 50 ents a box at druggists or from,

Shuptrine, Mfg., Savannah Ga.
Stranger-Why, little girl, what are you crying for!
Little Girl-Cause papa's lost me, and I'm afraid he'll get an awful scolding if he goes home without me-Chicago News.

Tommy: "I think mamma is an awful gossip." Ethel: "O Tomma, how can you say such a thing $\mathrm{T}^{\prime \prime}$. Tommy: "Well, she is; everything I do she goel right off and tella papa."-Rrohangs.

## Indigèstion?

1 Otfer all Stomsch Sufferers a Full Dol. lar's Werth of my Remedy Free to Try.


## Mild easee are aften eured by a slighle bethle

## OR. SHOOP'S RESTORATIVE

## Mortgage Salo.

Under and by virtue of the power of asie eontained in a certain mortysge exe;
eated by T. $G$. Berents and Georgins Berants, his wife, on the 18 th day of Augiat, 1908, to the undersigned morigagee to se oure the debt therein named, which sald mortgage was duly reeorded, in volume 341 , page 846 , of Recerds of Morigages in the office of the Judge of Probate of Jefferson County, Alp ma. on the 5ih day of September, ' d, and default in the payment of sa $\Delta$ debt having been made, the undersigned Mortgagee, in seeurdance with the terms of said mortsage will, on
WEDMESDAY, THE BTH DAY of Fezv UasY, 1005, before the door of the Cotart House of Jefferson County, $\Delta$ labamis, in $B / \mathrm{rm}$. Inghsm, offer forsale and proceed to sell. Within the legal hourn of anle, at public outery, to the highest bidderfor cashy the Lols twentesoribed real evare, to-wit and twenty-five (25) in block number fis ( 5 ) in Groreland sub-division in Fast (5), In Groreland sub-division, In East WWU of BW4, seetion 15 . Tp. it, sous range 2, west, situnted In. Jeflerson range 2 , west, situated in Jefferson in Map Book No. 4, page 109 , in the offee of Probste Judge of Jefferson County, Alabmas

Also the W $1 /$ of NK of the NK4 of NEA of seation 24, Tp. one (1), R 8, essi, in properiy deseribed and eonveyed by sald properiy deseribed mond conge.

Bfemisoray Dry Goods Companx, Z. T. Budulph, Att'y. Mortgagee.

## Wanted Agents,

 olther on commiston or salery. PTwioes esper e3se sot aect sasry.
Write for particofars as oape.
W. T. Hood \& Co.

## Correspondence.

The enclosed address was delivered by Hon. William Jennings Bryan, on January 5th, before the faculty and stidents of the Southwestern Baptist University, at Jackson, Tenn. It was taken down by one of the young ladies in the Business Department of the University. It contains so many valuable and helpful suggestions to the young, that we are glad to publish it, and trust that it may result in many parents determining to give their sons and daughters thorough college educations. Mr Bryan apoke highly of denominational schools, emphasizing the fact that it is not enough to educate simply the intellect, but that the heart must be educated, also, and the religions life, which the State cannot take care of, should be given the very best attention.

Very truly yours, P. T. Hale.

## ADDRESS OF HON. WM. J. BRYAN

## I am very glad to have the opportun-

 ity to speak to you today. I never miss an opportunity to speak to college students, and I am glad to see on this oceasion that your college force is so extended here as to include not only the young, but some who are gray haired. I am glad you have such a college; 1 think we ought all to attend a college that makes us students from the time we can read until we are old men and women. I like that iden of contizued advancoment thirough life.I spoke last night of "The Value of Ideals." I tike that subject in college towns becnuse 1 think, in college towns more people build life on their ideals than in other towns. It is the ideal that brings boys and girls to school; it is the ideal that keeps them in school, and it is the ideal that makes them useful In their lives afterward; while it is very important that we should have Ideals it is also very important that we spend life in trying to follow the ideal. Sometimes people start with ideals and abandon them under the stress of life's trials and dissppointments. We should recognize in the beginning that we can never fully realize our ideal, and we must not be disappointed if all our achievements ard less than ideal. In fact, one has not a very high ambition if it can be full accomplished.
It helps young people also to remember the ideals their parents have for them, for if we fully realized their i i esls for us, we would not so often seem indifferent. There is nothing so great as the hope that a parent has for $a$ child. You ask a mother as she looks upon her baby boy, what her ideal for him is, and she says she desires his life should be so pure that a record of its overy seeret thought would not bring a Slush to his face; that his ambition should be so pure that it might be laid upon a pillow and not leave a stain; and yet, you ask her if he must be all this before she can give him her boundless love, and she will answer "No." She says she will make him as good as she possibly can, so that aftor a hundred years, blessings will follow him, and she hopes that when he dies, the world will be better for his having lired. This
is all one can saly, and we attend these colleges in order that we may come nearer than in any other why to realizing the hopes of our parents.
Once I had occasion to talk when I did not care to talk of politics, and I thought I-would talk of civilization, 1 wondered that so little had been written on such a subject; I began to think of a definition for it, for I could not find a definition that would cover it, for a good definition should cover everything that should be concluded, and exclude all else. After a while I made a definition, and if you do not think it suitable, you try to make a definition, and you will then have an idea of the difficulty of it.
Civlization is the "harmonious development of the human race, physically, mentally and morally."
Sometimes great emphasis is given to physical development. Well, I think the body should be developed; it is neeessary in order that it may furnish a fit home for the mind and soul; and yet, I think we can go too far in the development of the body; we can give an unfair advantage to it. Too often we have given an advantage to it; I have felt deeply humiliated to think ten times as many would assemble to witness a physical struggle as a mental. I think sometimes we carry physical training too far compared with mental, and I think we are more apt to desire mental training than that of the heart.
I am ant enthusiast on the subject of education. If I thought mg boy would. dis ditches all his life, I would want him to begin digging with the best education that the country could give him. I repeat that if even he were to dig ditches for life, I would wish him to be educated for several reasons; first, because I think he would dig better ditches, and second, because when he was not digging he would have his mind for his companion, and would not have to loaf on the street and try to find someone there to talk to about what had happened yesterday and what would happen tomorrow. And third, he would know better how to improve the lives of those around him, and how better to regulate their hours for work.
Someone has said that we are educating our farmer boys too much for the position they will have to fill. God never made man wise enough to draw a line through society and say that the children on one side should be educated and not on the other. I would see my children educnted and my neighbor's al. so, so that if my children did not know how to live properly, my neighbor's will know how to help them.
We have over-estimated the head's part and under-estimated the heart's part in education. We have not given sufficient thought to what the heart can

We talk about the wonderful inventions of the day, and they are wonderful. It is wonderful to send the word you speak by a tiny wire, and it is more wonderful to know that the word can be sent without the aid of that wire. Yet the achievements of the heart are more wonderful. It is the heart that puts into operation some movement for the uplifting of the human race, and so talks to our hearts years and years afterwards, and that is mone wonderfal.

Life comes into contact with lives about
it, and through this generation reaches on to future generations. Astronomers tell us how far it is from the earth to n star, but no human being tells the influences reaching from ane kind act or word;' no one can measure influence's reach. When I go through a cemetery, I notice monuments erected to the dead, and they generally vary in proportion to the size of the estate the man left. How few of all the human race will be remembered one hundred years afterward by these monuments! I am-glad that the Father with his love has made it possible for each human being to erect for himself a monument that will endure. I fear the plutocracy of wealth; I respect aristocracy of leaming, and above all, I place the democracy of the heart that makes life worth living and makes the world a better place. So much for the theme that touches us sll, for we are all a part of the civilization in which we live, and we all contribute to the raising or lowering of that civization.
I want to say something to the students: first to those who hope to take part in public affairs. Sometimes I have letters from young men who think they are born orators, and who will ask me what they must do to fit themselves for their work. I never nsk a young man in such a case if his parents could talk well or long at a time. There are two thines that are essential to the snerese of a puhlic spenker: ene is that he should know what he talles about and the other is that he should mean what he says. Information and earnestness sre necessities: there is a link that roes from heart to heart, and it is the heart that one minst reach. It is in very poopr hapd that could not find the reason for whint the henrt does. There is no spirit and nower in a speech that is not dirested from heart to heart. It is clnimed that the nere of oratory is past. And that now the newspaner takes the plaen of the platform. The newspaper does occupy a arent field, and would occupy a erenter if it was not often owned by some othe whose name is not known and used as a means of private advancement. Tte power mnat not be under estimated, but nothing ever talkes the place of speech from heart to heart. As long as there are messages to deliver, there will be some one to deliver them and the opportunity will be made.
Aside from these two essentials, there are some other important aids to success in spenking. One is to be educated, for instance, if one is able to illustrate in a homely way, in such as to bring the subject home to the person addressed and make them anderstand. The Bible is, above all, the best model of homely illustration. Each is so simple that we can see things plainly. One great strength in Tolstoi is his simplicity. If one has read history, and can fortify his speech from past erents, it is well; poetry often embalms some sentiment, and it always strengthens speech if it can be well brought in.
Next to being well read and informed, is clearness of statement; clearness so that it can all be thoroughly understood. The best service that one can render truth, is to state it so that it een be thoroughly understood: If you
state truth clearly, you do not have to argue, for it argucs itself.
Next to that is brevity of statement, Very often truth is lost in the wrapping; the husks that a person sometimes gets before he reaches the ear of truth often discourage him. Sometimes you read pages and pages and take no idea away, and then you find a great deal in a short proverb or epigram. It is astonishing how much oan be said in a few words. Proverbs are good because they say something in brief form; epigrams are good because they still further reduce speech. I made one proverb: I did not make it either, but just revised it, and it is about the only slang that I can be accused of. The saying was this:
"A wise man foreseeth evil and hideth himself, but the foolish pass on and is punished."
That is a great truth. I used it for a long time, but people did not seem to see it, so I condensed it to this:
"The wise man gets an idee into his head, but the foolish man gots it in the neck.
Now the manner in which you see this is regeived illustrates how much more impressive the brief statement is than the more beautiful one. $I_{\text {know }}$ know story that illustrates the power of a few words; I found another that said as much in ever fewer. A saloon keeper lived in the rooms over his saloon, and had a speaking tobe from the saloon to his place of residence, so that if the bartender did not understand anything he might ask about it. One day the bartender called up, "In Mrgood for two drinks"
"Hins he had themp"

## "He has,"

"He is."
That seems brief as can be, but the other is shorter and quite as much to the point.

## "Do you drink?"

"That's my business."
"Have you any other business"
That is only an illustration of what can be said in a few words but the moral is good, for the man who drinks much, seldom has any other business.
I want to say this much in regard to publie speaking, and then talk in regard to education, for it may be that some of the boys do not look forward to public speaking, though I think every one should be prepared to tell what might do good to the world.
I have had some people to suggest that edueation might be carried too far for business life. A prominent young business man made a speech several years ago to a gathering of boys, and in that speech he said he had just attended a business meeting where there were forty-two present, and only two of the number were college graduates. He said to the boys, "If you leave school at fifteen or sixteen and go to work, you will get so far ahead of those who stay in school, that they will never overtako

I was indignant that such a man should be allowed to make a speech to the boys of our country. It was not long afterward that I heard that same man was gambling at Monte Onrlo, and I felt like criticising him for the influence that would have, but refrained.
thinking it would be less injury for him to. be gambling there than if he were making speeches at home. In in year afterward this man was in a prominent law suit where the court was investigating to see how he had gotten ahead of somebody.
The object of education is not to get ahead; it's higher than that except when men have a false impression of the meaning of oducation. I would like to ask why a community should tax themselves to educate their children if the only object is to get ahead. It is easy enough for a rogue to try to get ahead. Why should we try to sharpen the brains of a rogue that he may use them upon the publiet
I have seen poople who think they have more edueation than they have. It is more in self-esteem thand in grey matter. If a person thinks his education is selfish, he may be using it in the wrong way. Tolstoi says we never $\mu \mathrm{p}$ deratand the meaning of existence until we know we were put here to spend our lives in helping otbers. I have nometimes thought that there are educated people of today who need some suggestion in regard to the responsibility upon them. There are to be found in this country, many who seem to have no conception at all of this responsibility. If a man can seen farther than his neighbor, that very power of foresight makes it imperative that he should help them. If a man's shoulders ars broader than those of his fellows, the greater his responsibility to put his shoulders back of anything that is for publie good.
We find today a great many men who are not only indifforent to the responsibility upon them, but sometimes conspiring to rob or to kill by the aid of their education. Attention has been called to the fact that many of the murders of today are not of the old kind, but through the agency of strange. drugs; and robberies are not ns of old on the highway or by night, but it is grand larceny now, or the combination of a few for the plunder of many. We often find well educated men actively engaged in preparations to dispoil the public, and many of those who are not guilty are guilty, standing idle.
Sometimes boys in debating societies discuss the best time to live. Friends, if I had my choice of the time to livé, I would live today. This is the time to do the greatest good for our fellows, and who can do more than the man who goos to school and has his faculties eninrged so ns to be able to go out and do better workt

I have sometimes hoard that edueation separated parent and child. Rathor than that it would be far better to have no education. A mother had sacrificed and saved to send her boy to college that he might obtain a good ednention and study law, and after years of toil, she came to where she could gratify her great desire; and go to visit him in Chiengo. She had not been very long in his office until she saw that he was afraid that some of his clients might see her and know her for his mother, and when she was sure of this, she want away and waited nt the depot until the train enme and took her back home with a broken beart. . Fdu-
eation would never have this effect if
the boy ivere what he ought to be. I thought once of two things w should know. To illustrate these two things in life, I thought of the buzzard and the bee. The buzzard is stronger and can fly higher, but he never geta too high to be looking for something to eat; and is not very particular either, and when he flies he leaves nothing but a foul smell. The bee knows by instinct where the sweet is, and after a busy life gathering it for the good of his kind, leaves when he dies, a monument of honey for the world's good. A great many, lile the buzzard, can soar high, but always look for something for themselves to eat or drink or wear. And when they die, it is as the man who died and some one asked what was the complaint. The nnswer was "nothing; everybody satisfied" One who draws a line around himself must not expect others to crosg that line when there is nothing but selfishness inside it.

There are many others beside the bee who want to produce a margin beside what they consame, and leave something that will make the world greater and better.
Sometimes we read eulogies that impress us very much. When a member of congress dies his successor makes a speech and tells how sorry he is about it, though he may have been waiting for years for him to die, and others make speeches about it, and then they put it in a book, and when I have heard or read these speeches I can undersitand why a congressman wants to stay in congress until he dies. He wants to be properly eulogized! The best eulogy I know of is in the Bible, and that was given to the good woman for whom societies are sometimes named Dorcas

Tabitha. The people for whom she made garments brought them and stood by her bed and extribited them and wept. That seems to me the most eloquent tribute that could be given. When we grow older and wiser, we do not measure people so mach as by what they do for us as by what we do for them. When I read the suggestion that Thomas Jefferson gave for his own monument, I learned a great lesson. For forty years he had held the most honored position that his country could give him, but when he started to think of something for his monument, he remarked the things he had done for his country. and preferred being remembered as the author of the Declaration of Independence, the author of the bill of religious liberty, and the Father of the University of Virginis. And I think the mont eloquent tribute for us is to see that the world seems sadder and not quite so big because some one we love has been taken away.
Now you are here in school, your parents sent you here possibily at a sacrifice to give ycu a good education. Nobody can make you good or great. Yoa onn receive belp from the outside, but edncation is leading out, You cannot plaster education on anyone. You ean help to lead him out, but he must do the most. I have sometimes been tronbled with the doctring of election in my church, but it has been eleared up for me by an old colored preacher. Down in Atlante, two eolored preschers wert
disousging this doctrine. One, was a Presbyterian $\mu$ and one was a Methodist.
The Methodist, wns about to be persuadThe Methodist, wns about to be persuad-
ed to believe, in the other church, but could not understand that one doctrine. It was explained in this way:
"The voting is going on all the time; God is voting for you and the devil is voting against you, and which ever way you vote that is the way it goes" And it is so that I think of you. The voting is going on all the time. Your parents are voting for you; your teachers are voting for you, and your friends are voting for you, and all that is against you is your selfish shortsightedness and wrong desire in you-the desire to do wrong when you should do right.

After all, it is the way you vote. That is the way the election goes. All elso is on the outside only; you must do your best. And if by coming here I eant feel that I have helped to stimulate the ambition you have to do your best, I will foel that I have done just a little good.

OHURCH FATRS AND SUPPERS.

## J. W. O'Hara.

Concerning the above, a clipping was taken a few days ago from the Mantgomery Advertiser which gave Archbishop. Moeller's pastoral letter to the priests of the Oincinnati Diocese, which may interest the readers of the Alabama Baptist. He says: $\lambda^{*}$ We, feel disposed to peremptorily forbid them, but fearing we might thereby embarrass some pastors, we deem it sufficient for the present to make known this our decided opposition to such proceedings."
The Archbishop, in this declaration, touches a much used and to my mind a hurtful method of raising church finmences. The denomination to which the Archbishop belongs has for a number of years countenanced and sometimea oncouraged such things as Sundey euchre, dencing at church entertainments and for the church, games of chance and other wrong things, but I rejoice that we ns Baptists have not gone so far. However, I believe we are tending In the wrong direction. I believe that any system of finance that involves barter and exchange in church circles is attended with more or less danger and in almost every instance impoverishes rather than enrichee the church.

The Lord's plan has been in all ages to give to Him cheerfully and liberally as a token of appreciation and as a small return for what Fe has already given and done, not for what we are to receive now or in the future.

Some reasons occur to me why suppers, bazaars, lunch rooms, sale of tiekets to entertainments, trolley rides, etc., etc., are not the best method of church financial management:

1. It is unseriptural.
2. It lowers the dignity of the church, placing it in competition and on plane with commercial business.
3. It impoverishies a church spiritually, because it takes awny the blesing attendent upon Scriptural giving. 4. It adde nothing to the rempect, harmony and fellowhip of the chureb, but often detrsets.
4. It burdens a few and practically excludet the mary.
5. It encourages apasmodic ellort and giving, rather' thinh systema sud eystematio giving.
6. It proelaims to the world that the Church of the Lord Jesus Christ is a beggar, piteously clamoring for help.
7. From a business standpoint, woch methods do not pay.
8. The basiy of agpeal is all wrong. being made from commercinlism, alonc, while it should be from noble impalies of love, duty, and logalty to man and God.
Other reasons might be given, but these suffice for the present. We have today 143,000 Baptists in Alaliamn, composing 1,868 churghes. Suppose that each and all of these had talen up the Bible method of giving, contributing as the Lordshad prospered each week. I am constrained to believe that Brethren Orumpton, Montague, Jones, and Stewart would not be forood terappear in the light they do, pilading almost with tears in their-eyes for means to keep the work entrusted to them progressing as the denomination demands Not only at home, but also abroad, Gray, Willingham and all our denominational workers and work would be graciously remembered with the abundance from the Lord's coffers.
Where does the responsibility rest I On pastors, superintendents, demcons, teachers and band or departinent Joaders. Brethren, let us educate our people to seek God's way of doing things and then with the best system apd, clot. est attention to detail and duty coupled with the best businoss management and foresight, press on to greater and nolrler endeavor.

## REMINISCENOES AND PROPHET: IO GLIMPSES.

Less than a decade ago the Baptists as a denomination had comparatively few educated preachers in this section of the State, the work Being zoyed largely by illiterate though consecrated, and heavon born mespengers who laner but little or nothing about she solomen of preaching or the theory of Christian ethics. But God in his providence had better things in store for us, and with the unparalleled development of this country, and its phenomenal prosperity in the last few years, has come the college, the Judson, the Howard, and other institutions of learhing where the young men whom God has called to thw ministry may go and "quallify" for the/ evangelization of the new fields of the South, and by looking through the prophetio lens I think I oan seq in the near future, not only an educated and consecrated ministry, but a membership whose convernation shall be profuse with Christian intelligence and thought. In the dawning of this nevr year I sm praying that God may bles us as never before in our work of edueation and evengelisation of the morld.
G. W, Palmer.

The world would hat on eringet lized long ago if Chrigtians had perceived the relation of money to thin Kingdom, and acoepted their sterrand ship.


SENATOR BEYERTDGE'S BROAD OUTLOOK.
Upon the oceasion of his re-election to the United States Senate by the Leginlature of Indiana, Senator Beveridge uttered some sentiments in his speech of acceptance that every true Ameriean can justly applaud. He pleaded for a wide feeling of Nationality, a love of fech citizen for his entire country, a patriotism that would include every State and section, and a reeognition of the fact that what hurts or helps one part of the nation in like manner affects the whole Republic. The interests of Michigan and Mississippi are one, the welfare of any one State is bound up in the fortunes of all, and the fortunes of all are affected by the welfare f any one.
True and noble words are these. If the brillinnt and popular orator meant what he said his words were worthy the accasion and the man.
There is a sense in which the pride of locality is just and right, and in making his plea against it, we take the Senator to mean that sort of pride that would Tead a man to despise the reat of the world. Each man's roof tree ought to be to him the greatest place on earth, and his neighbors should be in his thinking the choice of God/s creation. We kiow that Tuscaloosa is the center of Oivilization. We can find seores of witnesses by whom we can establish that fact without having to go six Blocks from our front door, but we do love and honor and seek the welfare of our less fortunate fellow citisens in Atlanta, Richmond, Boston, San Francisco and elsewhere.
The Senator's contention is right. He but echees the words of the immortal Grady, who declared that it was an unGrarthy thing for one section of our great country: to hold another in endurIng suspicion.
"My country 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of Liberty,

$$
\text { Of thee I sing } \mathrm{P}^{\prime \prime}
$$

We eannot sing this great-Baptist hymin aright, unless we sing it with the thought of our whole country in mind. We weuld be glad if the Senator would send a marked copy of his speech to Brethren Orumpacker, Platt $\&$ Oo.

## SOME GOLDEN WORDS.

We copy below some golden words
from the columns of the Biblical Re'from the columns of the Biblical Recorful consideration of Alabema home makers. We are trying every plan imaginable to "solve" all sorts of "probJems." We are striving to "reachr some folks, to "come in touch" with others, to "ameliorate conditions," to
"ecorrect tendencies," to "promoto mel-
worthy ends we have councils, and conventions many, we have congresses galore, we have fraternities above measure, and societies with names as long es your arm whose officers have high sounding titles that must be the envy of the betitled Edward of Eng, land. Still these problems have a perverse way of refusing to be solved. We organize till we agonize, but the millennium comes not.
Menntime if by God's help we could only make our homes what they ought to be-but here is what the Recorder says: "Are we not in great danger of centering sttention away from the home as the arena in which life's problems naust be solvedt The Legislature may enact laws, and organizations may promote causes to ameliorate evils fostered by negligent homes. But the home alone can produce manhood and womanhood that needs no remedies and no laws."

## THE PREAOHER'S DEFINITE MESSAGE.

Nathaniel Burton is quoted as saying that the one regret he had in reviewing his past was that he had so often preached without an aim. We do not believe any sermon can have in it real power that is simply "spoken into the air." The pastor knows or should know his people, their needs, dangers, temptations. Straight to their hearts before them. To the tips of his fingers ought he to feel that what he says is God's message meant for those people and that time.
The most difficult preaching in the world is that which has to be done at conventions and other such places where it is impossible to know the congregation to which one much preach. It is hard work.

As for the man who is hunting up something to sidy simply because he is expected to say something next Sunday morning, he might as well be doing anything else. The promise of power is not for him.
HOWARD'S \$18,000 DORMITORY It would be difficult to say just how much the New Dormitory of the Howard has added to the convenience, comfort, appearance and power of the great school. Most appropristely it bears the name of "Renfroe Hall," but it will always stand as a monument to the consecrated energy and business sense of President Montague.

We learn that the last payment has been made on this handsome building. It is practically the gift of Jefferson county friends to the Baptists of the State, and they receive it with joy, not only for its own value, but because of the teetimony it bears to the interest felt by "Jones Valley" in the school.

Generous friends in other parts of the State gave substantial help in raising the last. few thousand dollars. Among these D. L. Lewis stands preeminent. We mention him not to bestow praise, which though deserved is undeeired by him, but to point out the iramense service our business men may render when they tura their thought to denominational affairs.
Here and there in the State Iaymen
day they are going to join heads and the "gentle art of dunning" the Japanhands and bearts in great progressive ese are strictly up-te-date and combine movements and then things will come to pass!

## THE MAN-KILLERS.

One of our leading magaxines re-
ontly said: cently said:
"It must make every American proud to know that the great American indinstry of man-killing is still "booming. Take home these figures and gloat over them: Murders and homi-cides-1901, $77^{852} ; 1902,18834$; 1903, 8,976. Lynchings-1903, $96 ; 1903,104$. Nine thousand and eighty persons done to death in a year! Theee are inspiring numbers. Will 1004 reach the Ten Thousand Homicide Mark ${ }^{\text {p }}$
God help us here in Jefferson county when the Solicitor can publicly say, "That human life is about the cheapest thing in Birmingham."
In France one murder oceurred last year in each 100,000 of the population. In Northern Italy the rate is four to the 100,000 . In the middle provinces, twenty-four; and in Naples and Sicily it is thirty. And yet we are importing more immigrants from Southern Italy than from any other part of Europe.

We join with the Watchman in protesting in the strongest and most impressive manner against the current disregard of the sacredness of human life. It is shown not merely in murders committed for a purpose or in passion, but in a careless and heedless attitude which allows of killing another without provocation or any pros: pective advantage and an easy indifference toward the taking of human life. Only a tremendous wave of public opinion which shall force prompt and suitable punishment can stem this alarming increase of murder; and it is the business of every good citixen to aid by his active personal influence in arousing $a$ wide-spread public sentiment which shall effectually discourage such easy crimes against human life.

## DEATH OR DR HARVEY HATOHER.

Dr. Harvey Hatcher who dropped dead at Beaufort, S. $\alpha$., on Jan. 15th, was born in Bedford county, Va ., sev-enty-two years ago. He was personally known to thoussnds of Baptist preachers throughout the South and his manly presence will be missed from our Associations and Conventions. Dr. Hatcher was a kindly man with a fund of humor, and his brethren will sadly miss him. Many a pleasant hour have we whiled away with him listening to his quaint talk. The Baptist Courier well say:
"As a writer he was clear, vigorous and forcible. As a spenker he was always heard with interest and the closest attention. As a preacher he swayed the hearts of the people with a mighty power by a simple and earnest presentation of the Gospel and from the richness of his own experience. He loved the old gospel in all its purity and sweetness and simplicity."

## A Japanese oolleotor.

The Japanese are truly a wonderful
people and axcel in many things, and

Oriental subtlety with American directness:
A Japanese youth who obtained a situation with an English firm on trial was asked by the cashier a few daya after his appointment to write to a customer who had been owing money to the house for a long time, and who seemed to have no intention of paying. "Write briefly and politely," said the cashier, "but let him understand distinetly that we expect the money without further delay."
The letter was written and on the following day came a check for the amount due. The surprised aashier asked the new clerk to show him a copy of the letter which had been so effectunl. It ran thus:
"Dear Sir: If you do not send us, at once, the amount you owe us, we shall be obliged to take steps which will cause you the utmost astonishiment. Respectfully yours,"
We don't want to "astonish" our delinquents, but hope they will cause us the utmost "nstonishment" by sending in a remittance.

EDITORTAL PARAGRAPHS.
"Give to the world the best you have "And the best will come back to you."
We congratulate the "Central Baptist" on entering upon its forty-first volume.
We welgome Rev. J. B. Jones to Alabema and pray God's blessing upon his work at East Florence.

The birthday of General Lee, the war hero of the Oonfederacy, was generally observed on last Thursday.
The spirit of missions is the spirit of Calvary. It is not the spirit of worldly interest or endeavot, but the spirit of sacrifice.
In France the divorce ratio was 127 out of every 10,000 marriages. In Paris, 250. In Sweden, 73; in Stockholm, 281 . In Rotterdam it reached 197, as against 91 in Holland. In London it was 40.
"To be out of working line with a world-conquering Christ is to be alien in thought and life from the purpose of the universal creator, ruler. What is life but to bring nbout the enthronement of Jesus Ohrist in the hearts of ment"
Professors of Chemistry say that by the use of the new discovery, lecithin. $n$ man's brain power may be incressed sixty per cent. We hope it will not cost as much as radium, for we need a smanl dose ourselves, and would like to send some to our critics.
Brethren J. O. Thempson and D. M Parker were ordoined at the Sonthside Baptist Church on Wernnesday evening Inst. Dr. Davidson called on the editor and Rev. J. W. Hamner to take part in the service. Brethren Parker and Thomeson are well fitted for the office of deacon.
G. F. Williama in the Rellicinne Fer ald anvs: "Reforring to Dr., W. W, Evreth 'apprecintion' of Dr. Geo. C

Iorimer, in your paper January 5th, be angs: 'It is commonly said that much of his success is due to his training as an actor, but how can that be true when he was converted as a youth of seventeen!
As to his being an actor, Dr. T. C. Teasdale, the well known evangelist of deys gone by, told me that he was holding a meeting in Lovieville and was quartered at the same hotel with Dr. Lorimer, who was then an actor in a thentre in that place; that he met him in the hall of the hotel one morning and simply handed him a religious tract, which was blessed of God to his turning to the ministry." We copy this for Brother Crumpton's benefit, as he is our great believer in and distributer of tracts.

A missionars peard two heathens talking about Christians. One said to the other: "What do you think of this new faith? Are you goilug to be a Christian too $\mathrm{F}^{\prime \prime}$ The other unswered: "No, how could II I have to think of myself, and these Christians, they are always thinking of others." Are we that kipd of Christinns ?

In the House on Jan: 9th it was agroed to hold appropriate services in Statuary Hall on Friday, February 17, when Congress will formally accept the statue of Francis E. Willard, the gift of the State of Ilinois. Miss Willard was one of the foremost temperance advocates and her statue will be the only one of a woman in Statuary Hall.
Prayer is the essential connecting link between God's boundless supply and the world's boundless need. "More things are wrought by prayer than this world dremms of." "Let us Pray. Oh, for a new spirit of prayer to God! Let the new year now opening bewhatever else it may not be-a year of priyer, so shall it be a year of praise also, a new year of missions"-A. T. Pierson.
Judson prayed to translate the Scriptures and see 100 converts. He accomplished the first and saw 7,261 converts. Japan had but eleven converts in 1872; there are now 422 churches with a membership of 41,000 , and a Seripture Union which numbers 10,000 . Fiftyfive years ago there was not a native Christian on the Friendly Islands; now there are 30,000 . With about 12,000 missionaries in foreign lands today, there are over $1,000,000$ Protestant members.
In 1799 the modern missionary movement began. Native Christians now number nearly $4,000,000$. The Bible has been translated into 400 languages. Medical missions had their inception in 1819. In different fields there are now more than 400 fully qualified medical missionaries. The Student Volunteer Movement, which began at Northfield in 1886 by the orgenization of a mission band numbering 100 students, has grown until the volunteers of America alone now number 8,200 . The command "Go Ye," sdmits of no qualification. Duty would be no less plain if the record of the past wero only failure.
B. Y. P. U.. HOWARD COLLEGE AND THE B. Y. R. U. OF ALABAMA.

In April, 1903, the Baptist Young People's Union of Alabama, in session at East Lake, pledged $\$ 1,000$, to wssist in paying for the dormitory, Renfroe Hail. In April, 1904, at Huntsville the convention of young people confirmed this pledge. Up to this time, nearly two years, the various unions have paid in all 8184.56 , leaving 8815.44 still due. Of the 120 unions, thirteen took part in reising what has already been given, the East Lake Union giving 858.25 of the sum paid, all the rest of the unions of Alabama paying but 8126.31.
This money, is not needed now to nid in paying for Renfroe. Hall; but it is needed, greatly needed, for certain other improvements under consideration. Therefore, most respeetfully and most earnestly I ask the Baptist Young People's Unions of Alabama to redeem this promise and to pay the rest of this money before their next annual meeting in April of this year. Two excellent results will follow such aetion: the college will be much helped; and the members of the unions will have the sense of satisfaction that comes from keeping one's word. The young people cannot afford not to redeent their plighted word. The fact that some unions or certain members of unions were not present when the netion referred to was taken has no fores whatever. The action of the State Convention is binding upon every union in our $S$ tate. It is not a question whether one man or another thinks that be is not under obligation to pay. This pledge is a solemn obligation resting upon the entire federation of unions in Alabama, and the only way to discharge it is to pay the money.
An average payment of $\$ 6.96$ per union will meet this indebtedness. Some bodies can pay $\$ 20$ each; some perhaps less than four dollars; all can pay something; and the above average will accomplish the end in view.

My young brethren and sisters, I urge you to meet this obligation, and to do it speedily.

## A. P. Montague.

Pell City.-The little band here of Baptists hns done right nobly the last year. . With only a small membership and some serious difficulties the church has built a neat, comfortable and attractive house, amply large enough for a little eity. Oi course other citizens than members aided quite liberally. Col. Pritt, president of the cotton mills, and Mr. Drapier, the manager, made handsome contributions to the seating of the house after it was finished. It is fortunate for a community to have such generous and broad-minded men as they in high places in the business circles of the place, On last Sunday Sister Lizrie Carnett of Peil City's popular hotel. placed on the pulpit a large, richly bound Bible, contaíning in parallel columns both versions, as a gift to the church. Of course, the pastor was elated and doeply grateful and the church appreciated the timely

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donation in the fullest measure. And now comes Mr. Joe M. Lee, one of our business men, with in lerge, fine bell of the best make, with iron frame complete, ready to be placed in the tower. This is a magnificent gift, and its loud calls to the people to assemble at God's house for worship, in years to come, will awaken kindly remembrances of the generous nature that prompted the gift.- May God reward these helpers in His ceuse with grace unto life everlasting.

The ladies of the church are now planning ways and means for raising money with which to purchase a church prgan, and we're sure they'll succeed. Then we will be well equipped for church survices, and we trust great things for the Lord will be done. It is my pleasure to make mention of the part Bro. B. F. Brothers, the late pastor, bore in building the church and getting in shape the work here. He was sctive and efficient in all this constructive period, and much eredit is accorded him and love cherished for him.-L. M. Stone.

## PROGRAM

Fifth Sundey meeting to be held at Bethlehem Church Jan. 28, 29, 1905.
Saturday, 28, 11 a . m.-Introductory sermon-Elder O. H. Gardner. 1:30 p. m-Characteristios of Gospel Preaching-Elder H. T. Leath and otherv, $3: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$.-What is being done in the boundary of the Cedar Bluff Association for Missions-Elder G. W. Palmer and I. H. O. Sims.
Sunday, 29, 9:00 a. m.-Why have a Baptist Sunday School-W. J. Leath, W. M. Hicks and R. S. Dean. 10:30 a. m .-What is the purpose of God in the Church-Elder I. N. Webb, D. M. Burges and others. The ChurchWhat is it and how organized for work -Elder J. T. Barlett, J. N. MoCluny.
> I. A. C. Sims,
W. L. Mitchell,
> P. C. Copeland,
> B. R. Copeland,

> Rebeeca Parker,
> Committee.

Ft. Deposit.-We, myself and family, are comfortably housed in the pastor's home in Fh . Deponit. We are
anugly fixed and have a good churoh arid a generous, kind people. Thes seem to have their bearts in the Lord' work. They claim a membership of over three hundred people. Fairly good Sunday school and prayer meeting. with much seeded work to be done. I give half of my time to my ehureh here; one Sunday to Letohatehie and one Sunday to Evergreen church, Autauga county. I am delighted-with my work. I hope to glorify God in it during the year. May every Baptist prove himself loyal to all of our denominational interests and make more and more our life-work. May' God blesi the Judson and Howard College and the Alabama Baptist.-W. J. D. Upehny

## SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVEN

TION ENTERTAINMENT.
For the information of the secrethries and those officinlly concerned, we annonuce that a partial canvass of the hotels has been made my the chairman of the committee on entertainment. The result, in the judgment of the committee, is highly satisfactory. The Contes house, one of the three largest and finest hotels in the city, has submitted to the committee a proposition for headquarters that fixes a rate as Jow as any the convention has had at other cities where the convention has been beld. There are five other hotels with in one, two and three squares of the Contes house which will give entertainment, at a reasonable, rate, to fifty or more each. At other points in the eity, and nearer to the church where the convention is to be held, are several hotels. which will be available at rates in keeping with those already mentioned. Be: sides the hotels Kansas ©ity abounds in nice, large bonrding houses, many of which surround the church, where groups of brethren may find comfortable quarters with meals or ${ }^{\text {without, }}$ at they may chose. The committce on entertainment will in due time make a list of all these places with prices and distapces, and publish the lipt in our denominational papers for the full and complete information of all who may desire to come-Word and Way.

## SCRATCHED DAY ANO NIGHT

 Lady Suffered Tortures with Itching Scalp Humor - One Box of Cutie cura Ointment and One Cake of Cuticura Soap Cured Her.
## WILL NEVER BE WITHOUT CUTICURA

"My scalp was covered with little pimples and I suffered tortures from the itching. I was scratching all day and night, and 1 could get no rest. I Washed my head with hot water and Cuticura Soap and then applied the
Cuticura Ointment as a dressing. One borof Cuticurn Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap cured me. Now my head is entirely clear and my hair is growing splendidly. Ihaye used Cuticura soap ever since, and Ad C. Smith, ${ }_{309}$ Grand St., Jersey City, N. J."

## CUIICURAGROWSHAIR <br> Crusted Scalps Cleansed and

 Puriffed by Cuticura Soap.Assisted by light dressings. of Cutrcura, the great skin cure. This
treatment at once stops falling hair treatment at once stops falling hair,
removes crusts, scales, and dandruf, femoves crusts, scales, and dandruff, destroys hair parasites, soothes irri-
tated, itching surfaces, stimulates the tated, itching surfaces, stimmuates the gupplies the roots with energy and enpplics the roots with energy and noun a sweet, wholesome, healthy ucalp when all else fails.
Complete external and internal treatment for every humour, from pimples to serofula, from infancy to age, consisting of Cuticura Soap,
Ointment, and pills, may now be had
of all of all druggists for oue dollar. A
single set is often sufficient, to cure single set is often suff cien
the most distressing cases. the most distressing cases.
 Ir comaty mity in


## A SUGGESTION.

There is a vital matter concerning our ministry which has been on my heart for some time. Itois touching some better system of support for our old ministers in their declining years. In order to see the great need in this matter, it is only necessary to call attention to a few facts about their life and work. No, one will deny that depending on the average salary paid our preachers, they will never be able, with very few exceptions, to accumulate anything beyond their actual needs. It is true also that a preacher succeeds, according to his consecration, and as he lives to serve his age and to fulfill his calling. Again, it is the observation of anyone that the meagre collections reported in our associations for this purpose mean almost nothing at all. Our people all know this. It is also true that business men in our denomination owning millions of money, who love the cause, and realizo the value of truly consecrated men, will not only help to educate and equip the preachers as they do, but would, if the matter were properly presented in a business way, contribute largely. to a fund to support them in their old age. Business men do not believe that the ministry should live by the gospel" until they are old, then when they can serve churches no longer, should be turned out, or forgotten through negleet to fight the hardest battle of allthe battle of poverty and want. Only recently a large-heartad business man in our denomination, liberal in his contributions, was approached by a minister of another denomination to give to the support of old ministers in that church replied, "Yes, I will give you *200.00." It is what ought to be done everywhere. He is right; it is what ought to be. If this were done, it would give us a ministry with more direct aim. It would increase the liberality of our people in a very desirable way. It would strengthen us in those things in which our brethren of other faiths have sometimes called us weak. Whenever the matter is taken up by the churches, it will become a part of our regular work, and contributions will be made to this as to the orphanage and other things fostered by the denomination. In fact, people take care of orphan children and old soldiers, and build hospitals, which is right; but what have we ever done for our old preachers. As the old minister grows older and is pushed back by the demands for younger and more vigorous men, what prospeet has he. Our attention was recently called 'to an old man, grand and lof ty in his ideals, who began preaching with the dew of his youth on him, and faithfully served the people on down to gray hairs and spectacles, who, when no longer in demand as a pastor, was thrust out and wis seen in another State working life insurance. This is only one instance. The teacher may save enough for a "rainy day." The business man may retire, turning business affairs over to his children. The physician also with a competency; may give up his work and have a much needed rest. The literary man dreams of a corofortable home in a retired place, where he can spend his last days in easy circumstances, and so on with men of other profesions, not so with the old
prencher. It has been true oftentimés that when in the "eventime it should be light about him," his horizon is darkened by woe and want. Perhaps some things touched on in this article may have to do also with the recent discussions in the newspapers about the decrease in the number of young men entering the ministry. Suppose now the matter be presented in a businesslike way to the denomination. Let them indorse the movement and formulate a plan by which the denomination could have a fund for this parpose. Let certain wise business men in different secmanagementtaointaoinys'm etaoisrhdlu tions of the State be chosen trustees fo: the management of such a field, and we believe it will be done immediately. Whep the matter was discussed in the presence of some wealthy business men recently, one said, "I will give a thousand dollars to this object." Our peoplo are ready for such a movement, I believe our chureh in Troy would givo most liberally if the matter should bo taken up and pushed vigorously, as I hope it will be.
W. D. Hubbard.

TOBACCO VS. ALABAMA BAPTIST Dear Brother Barnett: Enclosed I send you post office money order for two dollars and with it my best wishes for the success of the Alabama Baptist. This pays for the paper for the year 1905. When you put the price from 81.50 to two dollars I did not think that I could afford to pay two dollars for the paper and I couldn't see how I could get along without it. So I decided to curtail my tobacco bill 500 for one year and then the paper would only cost me $\$ 1.50$. So you see I get the paper as I. did at first and I feel better by using less tobacco. I want to tell you and the readers of your paper that I thank God that the good people of my county elected me county treasurer of Chambers county, and this will enable me to take your paper and pay tho two dollars for it and use all the tobaceo. I want in my old age.

Your friend and brother,

## LaFayette.

Immorality and crime are increas ing mueh more rapidly than church membership. The tide of immigration does not lessen; between two and three hundred thousand come here evers year. No city has a larger per cent. of foreign population than St. Louis. The rapid growth of towns and cities renders their Christianization more difficult. Church buildings are absolutely essential to the permanent work of Home Missions in frontier sections. The winning of our home land means the giving of a mighty impulse to the evangelization of the world. So the Psalmist prayed, "God be merciful unto us and bless us, and cause Thy face to shine upon us that Thy way may be known upon earth, Thy saving healta among all natioss.'

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TEMPERANOE QUESTION.
As the temperance question seems largely agitated I wish to add to what has been said my hearty approval, Being is I am a total abstainer, I have some extra cause to notice the awful inflnence that the liquor traffic is having with our young men. During the Christmas holidays we had quite a sad nffair in our town. A young man with a wife and child was shot through the body and now lingers near death's door caused from the effects of whisey. A suffering man, a heart-broken wife, two prisoners and a job for the courts. And yet in out country there is mourning, in cities there is sobbing and tears. When the young of us have grown old, unless checked, this dread monster will still stand an enemy of God and His people, athd when a century of years has driffed past, as sea wreek drifts will the legend of the liquor monster be told ahd retold to white-faced chil'dren who elinging to their mother's kpwns, will listen to the story that will Wher die; the tale of horror as strong dink has had its sway. So will the Hgend go, as to how it slew men as a Orstilence slays, slew praying women 3 dd prattling babes as Herod slew the $y$ children twenty centuries ago. Will ar as how the law in this enlightened 2. permits this awful monster to asGalt our homes, thereby consigning 10\%ing and loyal wives to early graves Gifd thousands of inmates to our Or . Ragns' Homes. Some day we will all stind before Him who said, "Suffer litz杭 children to come unto me and forbif them not," and thus we will have to answer to the crime of supineness.
Men strive for the art of remembering, so now, oh Lord, we beg that some ereat magician may teach us how to forget our carelessness and help us to fomember that liquor, the flery-eyed domon of hell is coming with hellish designs in his evil heart and with vomit of $\sin$ in his mouth to deceive our yoting. May God help us to rally around our standard bearers and prosecute this great work till there be not one left who will advocate this awful $\sin$ A. W. Langley.

## OAILING PREACHERS.

In last week's Baptist Brother James asked for short articles on "Why so many churches are without pastors and why so many preachers are without work $\mathrm{P}^{\prime \prime}$ I will venture a few remarks in compliance with his request, then nsk him to tell us what he thinks on the subject.
The whole thing in a "nut shell"- is that it is considered too much from a businesg point of view, instead of a spiritual standpoint by both the churches and the preachers.
The church, when in search of a pastor, wants to know if he is educated, is he popular, a good speaker, can he draw a crowd, is he good looking, etc. The preacher when called to a church too often wants to know, how much does it payl Are they aristocratie? Have they in nice church building! -Are there any "feelings", among the members that he mast reconcile

If the church when in search of a pastor will ask God to, lead them. right, and will obey the leadinge of the Holy

Spirit; they will soon have a shepherd whom they can follow in all things. And the preacher, when called by a church, if he will ask and obey the dictates of the Holy Spirit in the acceptance of the charge.
Tis then they have the right pastor and he has the right work. Then comes the business part of the churches work, to sistain and meourage their pastor in all his efforts. This is a broad subject and I would like to see it discussed by the brethren.
J. H. Pope.

## Preachers and Calls.

In solving this problem we are to examine the commission given to the disciples, Mark 16:15: "And he said unto them, go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature." In Matt. 28:19, Christ said, "Go ye therefore and teach all nations," ete.; verse 20 , "La I am with you nlways even unto the end of the world." Christ certainly intended they shotuld go and do as He commanded, therefore we think it is the duty of the preacher to go. Christ told his disciples to "Go, and whatsoever city or house ye enter and they receive you not, shake off the dust of your feet apainst them." They did not wait to be begged. We believe the cause first is in the preacher, for he is Divinely called to this work, our doors are opened, and -we believe if those who claim to be called of God to preach this Gospel would heed this commission and go, there would be no churches without pastors. We can call to mind today of some who started in the work with bright future, followed this calling for a few years, and beesuse $h^{\prime}$ 's churches did not do what he thought they should give them up and today are following other avocations. How is it? Does God call in vain! "Whe is me if I prench not the Gospel," snid Paul.
J. D. Harris.

## Preachers and Churches.

The crustion about the churches havipg no rastors and the preachers not preaching to churches, has the following answer: No man loves to work for another man that is bas pay. I have tried it 33 years, preaching to ehurchos, and some of them are bad pay.

> Bev. I. Chanitere

## Albertville, R. F. D. No. 1.

Rev G. S. Anderson of Auburn, Als., is out in a circular stating among other things that while "The Sermonir er is now permanently discontinued that the work in the Sermonizer, with other fentures added, will appear in the Religious Forum, to be issued from Atlantn, Gn., beginning February 1st, 1905, with H. R. Bernard, LL G. Broughton, and G.S. Anderson as Editors. Dr. Broughton will supply for its columns a weekly sermon and editorials Brother Bernard is a strong preacher, experienced editor and versatile writer." Dr. Anderson's many friends in Alnbama will join us in wishing him much success in his new enterprise.

Geo. MneDonald has said: "The mother who takes into her heart-her own-ehildren may be a very ordinary woman, but she who takes into her heart, the children of others fs one of God's mothers."


## CORN FIBLDS

 ARE OOLD FIELDS to the farmer who understands how to feed his crops. Fertilizers for Corn must contain at least 7 per cent. actual
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Send-for our booke-they tell why Potash is as necessary to plant life as sun and rain; sent-free, If you ask. Write today.

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If so send to me for immediate shipments of plants for early headers. I have now ready for delivery, 750 ; ooo plants of the best varieties known to the truck business. They are grown in open air on the South Car. olina sea coast, and will stand very severe cold without injury. Price \$1.50 per thousand. Special rates for 5000 and over. Send remittance by registered letter, or money order, or plants are shipped C. O. D. if desired. For early gardens prepare to send now. Supply was exhausted last year. L. C. Behling, Teleg. and Express Office, Meggetts, S. C.

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No other seed house in the country gives as much attention to producing Thoroughbred Seeds. With them, you can get the largest number of dollars out of a given amount of land, fertilizer and labor.

We issue a Poultry Supply Catalogue as well. If interested, send for this also.
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VIRGINIA-CAROLINA OKEMIO COMPANY AND COTTON,
To the Division Sales Managers, $\overline{\mathrm{Vir}}$ ginia-Carolina Chemical CompanyGentlemen: The Treasurer of this Jompany is having so many requesta to extend the notes of some of our customers and patrons, who have not finished paying their bills, and who de: sire to hold their cotton-stating that they believe they will get more for the cotton lator on, that thie Company has: concluded to issue a general letter on the subject, as follows:
Any farmer or merchant who may bo owing your Division money and who has cotton which he desires to hold, you are at liberty to extend his note for him for six months from January 1st, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, provided he will deposit sufficient cotton to pay the note in any reliable warehouse, and will turn over to you-warehouse receipts for same. You are authorised to pay the insurance on said cotton and make no charge against your customer for this item.
We do not pretend to offer advice to our customers to hold cotton, but we do Intend to offer them every facility and accommodation in our power to hold their cotton, if in their good judgment it is best. Whatever inures to the benefit of the agricultural classes in the South is to our benefit; our interest is identical with theirs. We are more closely and intimately connected with the cotton grower of the South than any dozen other concerns combined. They are our customers in the purchase of fertilizers and we are their customers in the purchase of cotton seed. We both sell and buy of them and deal in every cotton growing coumty from Texas to Virginia.
Therefore, anything that will improve the agricultural conditions or help the farmer must necessarily benefit us, and if holding thair cotton will be a benefit to them, it is our desire to aid them in this as far as we can. Other farm products, aside from cot-
full values, and we believe it would be wise in the farmers to sell any of their other surplus farm producte, which would materially aid them in holding their cotton.
We also are of the opinion that the acreage last year devoted to cotton was too large, and that it never could have been cultivated in a normal season. The good weather during the spring enabled the farmera to cultivate every acre they planted; consequently the tremendous big erop of this year. As ordinarily it would be impossible to cultivate such an enormous acreage, we believe it would be wise in them this year to materially decrease the acreage. If it was decreased 10 per cent. it would mean a reduction of more than a million bales next year, even if the crop yielded as much per icre as it does this year.
It strikes us that what the farmer wants is to make his cotton at the lowest possible cost. The profit derived from growing eotton is not so much the price of cotton as the cost at which the crop has been grown Mules and horses are high-much higher than a few years ago; the price of farm labor is high and scarce. There fore every acre cultivated means a large expenditure. It costs more to cultivate an acre of land growing quarter of a bale of cotton than one growing a bale. In the latter instance the plant soon grows up and shades tho land and consequently the grass does not grow so rapidly or luxuriantly.
The cheapest item that can be used in the production of cotton is commercial fertilizers, used liberally. With a liberal application of fertilizers the farmer can grow a bale of cotton where he has heretofore grown a half bale, and do it with the same cost of mules and labor, and the additional quantity of seed will more than pay for the extra amount of fertilizert used. Therefore, encourage your customers to reducs their acreage and to fincrease the amount of commercial fertilizers per acre, believing, as we do, that this is tho way and the only way to raise cheap cotton.
The South must continue to produce around eleven million balee of cottom, or they will find in a year or two the balance of the world competing with
them in growing this staple, and our foreign market largely supplied from sources that now produce but a limited quantity.
Wishing for you a happy, and prosperous New Year, and also for our customers and patrons, I am,

Yours truly
S. T. Morgan, President,

Virginia-Carolina Obemical Oo.

## MARY

She held her little child close to her breast,
And looking down the years with eyes divine
She read the future's pain. "But Thou art mine-
My very own, to cherish-be caressed As any little onel" she cried, and pressed
Him closer still, as if she fain would twipe
About the tiny form her love sublime.
"Ab, Littie One, a thorny erown must rest
Upon Thy baby brow; deep grief be sown;
And cruel nails will pierce this little palm
I hold so tender within my own!
And yot, no prayer shall rise to shield from harm,
For though Thy loving heart with grief be torn,
Divine Thou art-and neath the Fa ther's arm "

Teila Mae Wilson.

## Opelika, Ala

YOU HAVE NO FRJENDS in any town or community but what will be greatly interested in a household remedy that is now being ased extensively througnout the Unete cure for catarrh of plete and permaneranes, dyspepsia, constipation and all diseases of the liver, kidpation, and bladder. Only one dose a day neys and bladder. Write ance to the Vermal Remedy Company, Le Roy, N. I., nal Remedy Company, confidence in this remedy that they will cheerfully send you free of charge a trial bottle of vernal Palmettona (Palmetto Berry Wine), so Paimettona (Paturetto can quickly convince yourself of the wonderiul results to be obtained from its use. Sold by druggists everywhere, but don't hesitate to write for trial bottle and booklet.

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Dr. Blonser, the great Oatarrh Spe ofallet and discoverer of the method of ouring Oatarrh by mediented amoke inhalation, has sich eonfidence in the virtues of his remedy that he offers to send a trial box aboolutely free, oy mail, to any porion anfering from Catarrh Asthma, Oatarrhal Deafness, er any other eaterrhal affeetions of the respiratory trath

This remedy lesold upon ite merits, and the proprielors will deal honestly and liberally with youat Write to them at oneo, and roceive by rettemenali a free box and all meeded sdivioe. Address, Dr. Bloteor Co., $\begin{gathered}55 \\ \text { Walton 8t., Atlanta, Ga. }\end{gathered}$

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## cabbage plants.

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F. W. TOWLES, Martins Point, \&. $\mathbf{O}$.

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do not think that begause you cannot call for treatment at my office, you are doomed to suffer the balance of your days,
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Debility, Strictur e, Varicocele, Kidney, Debility, Strictare, Varicocele, Kidniey, Bladder and Rheamatism, diseases of women, ete., and other private diseases of mon, and if you are thus afllieted, send for one of my Belf-Examination bianks at once, and let me tell you just what is your condition and what to do for a care. My treatment is based on overa quarter century of elose stady, and there is no ease that I do not thoroughly understand, The average practitioner cannot possibly treat them successfally, no matier how competent he may be, be had the experience necessary. send you a valuable book on your disesse, whieh will further acquaint you with my new method of earing these disenses. new method of curing these disenses. Do not puteft longer, butwriteright now,
The sddress is J. NEWTON HAIHAWAY,M. D., 89 Inman Bldg. Atlanta, Ga.

## Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Jelterson County. This day eame John T Martin and filed In this day court his Jotition, together with a In this court his petition, together with a
paper puporting to be the last will and paper puporting to be the last will and late of said County and State, for Probate and reaord; and it appearing from said petition that the following named persons, heirs of said deceased, are hon-res-
idents, to-wit: J. M. Ohamblee, residiag idents, to-wit: J. M. Chamblee, residing at Palestine, Texas, and Pliny Spuke, residence unknown, bu
the State of Florida.
the State of Florids
that the 25 th day of February, 1905 , be set for the heariag of said petition and set for the heariag of said petition and the proof to be submitted is support
thereof, and that notice of same be given for three suecessive weeks by pubilication in the Alabama Baptist, a newspaper pubin the Alabama baptist, a newspaper pub-
lished in'said County, notifying all persons intereated to be and sppear before me on that day and contest said appliestlon if they think proper.

B. B Greene, udge of Probate

Rev. W. R. Ivie his resigned the pastorate of the Baptist chureh at Oxford, Ala. Since, he became pastor, there, something over three years ago, the church has purchased, and paid for, a pastor's home at a cost of 82,000 . Since last October the church contributed for State Missions \$54.30; Home Missions 882.00; Foreign Missions $\$ 88.73$; malcing a total of 8940.03 . Out of 149 members, 103 contributed to missions. This was certainly a fine showing. Contributions for the Orphans' Home and Ministerial Education were to be taken later. In addition to leading his people out along mission lines Brother Ivie was the leader in three fights in Oxford on the whiskey question during the last two years; two on the saloon issue, and one on the dispensary; in each of which fights be whs victorious. Now they have neither saloons nor dispensary in Oxford. We should like very much to have Brother Ivle in Tennesace. Such men are needod here, as everywhere else.-Baptist and Refleotor.

THE FUTURE OF HOWARD OOL LEGE"
Two weeks ago the Baptist published an article from my pen under the above caption. In the last issue appeared an article from my esteemed friend, Dr. Montague, in which he takes exception to my article, and says some things by way of reply. But the good doctor has misinterpreted my poor English and has made me say, or rather mean, something that was certainly not intended, so I am writing this to relieve his mind of a misconstruction and to try to say more plainly what I did mean.
By way of preface to his criticiams the doctor does me the juatioe to say that be knows my article was all wellmeant. He may well feel that assurance after the earnest efforts I put forth in behalf of the Howard during my brief ministry in Alabams, of which eflorts he was partly cognizant: I think I may safely say that my congregation there contributed more to tho current support of the College, and to ministerial education there during my pastorate than during any like period previously. They were the zoost diffcult collections I ever tried to take. It was by the most earnest pleas and the most insistent "begging" that I obtained these contributions. I would not montion this except that objection has been made to my expression, "begging its current support."

Now to the main point of the good Doctor's oritio'sm. The sentence in my article to which he most objects is: "The Oollege may not atk for patronage on the ground of denominational loyalty merely, for no interpretation of such duty can require a father to send his son to an inferior institation" I I have no apology to make for the sentence except for the doctor's construction of it., 1 did not mean to say that Howard was an inferior school. If I had ever thought that Howard was inferior to the other colleges of the State I certainly should not have supported it, for I have never conceived it to be my duty to try to induce other fathers to fo what I would not do for the sake of my denomination. Perhaps the Dootor's construction was an eany infer; ence, but that meaning was not intended. I meant that no denominational school has any right to ask for patronage upon the mere ground of loyalty. If it cannot offer as good opportunities and advantages as the schools with which it has to compete it should surrender the field to them in the interest of common good. It is a poor conception of duty that requires a father to sacrifice the best interest of his son for the sake of a school that has no reason for existing except ita denominationalism. I yield to no man in loyalty to Baptist intereats. Where all other things are equal I believe it is the sacred duty of a parent to send his children to denominational sohools. But if other things are not equal, then, to my mind, there are some higher obligations to the child.
That was what I meant, and I repent it. But I did not mean even to imply that Howard College was an inferior school, asking for patronage upon this ground. As for my intending to refleot upon the faculty of Howr
ard such a thousht had never entered my mind. Indeed I have a high opinion of Howard's faculty. One of tho very best men on the faculty of my own alma mater had been a professor in Howard and I am always disposed to measure the Howard faculty by his own excellence. I refor to Geo. W. Macon. Besides, my, personal and delightful aequaintance with How ard's splendid president whs sufficient grarantee of his collengues.
I said, and reiterate, that as I see it, the alternatives of Howard's future are either enlargement or abandohment. The College has made a noble struggle but there is no denging that it has often been a desperate one. Conditions are changing and, to quote the sage of Alabama, "Changed conditions demand readjustment." The public's demande upon educational institutions was never so great as now. But they are not so great now as they will be in the future. If Howard is to meet and satiafy these demands she must have larger resouroes. If the Baptists of Alabams ure not willing to supply her noed then the wisest thing to do is to abandon the institution. But I do not believe they will do this. They are abundantly able to endow the school handsomely. If they can be awakened to the necessity, this work will be done. I had no purpose in my former article but to help arouse them by telling the facts without coloring.
A. J. Monerief.

Huntaville.-Capt. Rivhmond Pearson Hobeon, the naval hero and statesman, leotured here Thursday night under the auspices of the Young People's Union of the First Baptist Church. His leoture was a great success and has been a topic for general discu-sion since his distinguished visit to Huntsiville. Oapt. Hobson is now at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma Territory. Rev. H. E. Rice, the popular and successful pastor of Dalles Avenue Baptist Church, is in Texas on business. The Firit Church Sunday school has eleoted the following new offloers for the year: J. a. Jones, Supt; I. B. Wyatt, Assistant Supt; J. E. Pierce, Sec.; William Bales, Assistant Sec.; T. G. Brock, Treas.; Miss Beulah Neece, Pianist; Miss Viviàn Jones, Assistant Pianist. Officers for the new year have been clected by the First Churoh Young People's Union an follows: J. T. Jones, Pres.; W, T. Mitchell, Vice-president; Mrs. R. B. Searcy, Sec. pro tem. J. E. Pierce, Treas.; Mis Beulah Neece, Pianist; Miss Vivian Jones, Assistant Pianist; Miss Arvie Pierce, Librarian. Dallas Arenue Baptist Young People's: Union election took place as follows: R. E. Pettus, Pres.; N. L. Pierce, Viee-pres.; Mise Lula Lockerd, See; Herbert Pettus, Treas-J. E. Pierce.

[^0]
should look well on your face as well. The Ruth Spectacles set a standard of excellence that Montgomery people have availed themselves of for 12 years.
Thousands testify to the good their eyes have received.

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Cancer Cured by Anointing with Oils.
Dr, D, M, Bye Co, Dallss, Tanaary 8, 18C4. Dr. D. M. Bye Co, Dallss, Texse. Hines Doviors-1 will write you a few Ones. My noes is entirely, well. The and halame out the firit of September and healed up nieeiy. I will send you yournelfy piatures, so you can se, for yourself. Yoo may use this pieture If you wish, I know your oils sured, mo and I will do as mueh for others. fintend to do all I ean for you and your medlelne. Oan't too mueh be asid.
Hoping to hear from you aod thanking you for your past favors, I remain.

Very respectialy,
AREISON, Oin, To
B. O HARRISON, Oin, Tex:

There is aboolutely no ireed of ihg knite or burning plaster, no neec of paik or disfgarement, The Oombination oil Oure for cancers is soothi-g and balimy, asfe and sure. Write for trgo book to the Box 463, Dallas, Teras.


The twenty-second annual Convenfion of the Alabama Sunday School Association will be held in the city of Birmingham, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thuraday, April $25-27$ next. The basis of representation is as follows: AII officers of the State Association, five delegates at large from each county, all ministers of the gospel, the suparintendeat and two other delegates from each Sunday school.
The railroads of the State have. fented a rate of one and one-fhird far on the certificate plan, to dolegate attending the Convention. The deleg ter will be entertained by ths Sunday? school workers of Birmingham.

## Mothers' Realm:

ORADLE SONG.
Sleep, baby, sleep!
Thy father's watching the sheep Thy mother's shaking the dreamland tree,
And down drops a little dream for thee. Sleep, baby, sleep !
Sleep, baby, sleep !
The large stars are the skeep.s The little stars are the lambs, I guess, The bright moon is the shepherdess. Sleep, baby sleep!
Sleep, baby, sleep 1 Thy Saviour loves his sheep; He is the Iamb of God on high Who for our sakes came down to die. Sleep, baby, sleep!
-Elifabeth Prentiss.
A well-known professor has a bright boy, who one day at the age of four appeared in his father's study clasping in his hands a forlorn-looking little chicken which had strayed from a neighboring incubator.
"Willie," said his father sternly, "take that chicken back to its mother." "Ain't dot any mudder," answered Willie.
"Well, then, take it back to its father," said the professor, determined to maintain parental authority.
"Ain't dot any fader," said the child. "An't dot anythin' but an old lampl" -New York Times.

## ECONOMIZE TIME AND STRENGTH.

-It behooves every housewife to leani and practice every method of economizing time and strength. Let convenience be the chief end in the arrangement of everything. $\Delta$ few steps do not meem much within them ijes, yet when they are added together, every day of your life, how many unnecessary steps you have taken, nothing but our wornout body and shortened life will tell. Mothers should therefore teach the girls the easiest way of housekeep-inge- You have learned by experience; give theta the benefit of that experience, that they may be spared the anixious planning, the unnecessary cares that sap vitality and health and destroy youth. Teach them not only to make home eautiful, but perfectly appointed. each both boys and girls how to be or-Whig-a place for everything and overything in its place No home can be perfect without this, especially in a large family. Without it there is not only confusion, but combustion as well, for dispositions are spoiled; patience fies, and ill-temper is rampant. It is the duty of every mother to prevent this, both for the sake of her own home and the homes of her children."

## THE BABY'S EARS.

The ears are quite as important little members to be cared for, as the eyes, and when they stand out from the head they are anything but ornament/al. From earliest infancy be careful to see that the ears are always kept bagk in
side be sure that the ear is lying flat agminst the head, not folded over to ward the face. Be carefol that the child lie on one side as much as on the other. If he lies always on one side, the ear on the opposite side is apt to stand out a little more than the one on which he lies. Nurses, when putting children's, caps on, are often careless' in not seeing that the ears are pressed flat against the head. Time and again when a baby's cap has been removed I have seen the little ears red and creased by being bound forward by, the snug eap; and if baby has thick hair or curls which are gathered in a little mass behind the ear, they too will prevent the ears from lying back close to the head, especially where there is the slightest tendency of the ears to stand out. The mother or nurse should be very careful of these little things, for if neglected until the child is a few months old it is not easy then to commence to remedy this dofeet. It must be looked after while the child is very young.-Marianna Wheeler, in Harper's Bazar.

## A BEAUTIFUL TRIBUTE.

The following, written by Ex-Gov, Eagle, of Arkansas, recently deceased, in memory of his wife, who passed away the year previous to his own death, is worthy of remembrance in the modern home life:
When I was contemplating preparing and publishing this memior of the one who was my chief support in every department of life in which we had for twenty-one years moved together in such loving harmony, I realized that words were vain to express all that she had been to me. Who could portray the excellence of her exalted character 1 Self-renouncing in her fidelity to what she conceived to be right; self-denying and self-sacrifcing in her devotion to the cause she espoused; gentle as the evening breeze; pure ns the snowflake; tender as the smile of the rose; firm as the granite hills-as I thought upon these and many other virtues of the one who had made life so sweet to me, I felt as one of former years: "It is high; I cannot attain to it." I knew my inability to rise to the height of this sublime subject, and yet I felt impelled to write some words in memory of her who was more to me than all else of earth.
We had no secrets; we communicated fully and freely, touching all matters; we almost knew each other's thoughts. Neither of us claimed a privilege that the other was not at liberty to enjoy. Our companionship was close and constant. After we had gained an insight into one another's way of thinking and seeing things, it was not difficult for one to know what the opinion of the other would be touching any subject. Wr had grown together; we had largely ceased to be twain, and had become orie: we had married after God's plan. Thus for twenty-one short years we lived together: The days and years were flled with domestic happiness. It seemed but a short time to me, and yet it embraced what was to me the "happiest, the most fruitful portion of my . life. Sweeter and more lovely was she to me the day she went home to God than when, in the presence of God and

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FROM THE ORPHANAGE.
It would be linteresting to the friends of our orphanage if wo could convey to them ar true picture of the family at the ciplianage, but being unable to do this we will have to content ourselves with giving a few incidents.

Holiday Gifts
came in perhaps greater quanflty and variety than usual and our children were happy. Where the packages could be indentified acknowledgment was sent or will be sent to the friends sending them.
Some incidents took place that will be interesting to notice and get some lessons from them if there be such in them.

## A Trip to Greenville

 was planned by Brother Taliaferro, and in carrying it out we had about twentyfive of the children go up Christmas night and hold a service in the Greenville church. The good people of Greenville made it pleasant for us and the children will long remember the evening as one of the best they have had. The offering ( $\$ 130.00$ ) was the largest that came to as during the month. Montgomery First Church came second and only a little behind.An entertainment at Evergreen was given by our children, and the proceeds devoted to the relief of the poor of the town. So our children who have been the objects of beneficence themselves became helpers for other poor.
"A Quarter Apiece" for the children was what Bro. Joe Rainer wrote when he sent me twenty dollars, as he had done before at the joyous season. There was only twenty dollars, and we had more than one hundred children. What shall we do. I resolved that I would begin with the smallest children, and when we came to where there was any doubt as their size we would measure them with a tape line and give the money to the smallest ones as far as it would go, but just in time to interfere with the measuring process here came a similar request from Bro. H. H. Moody of Jackson county, with ten dollars to make his request good. The children were all happy in possession of a-little hard eash, as well as other gifts.
An orphan boy in India has been maintained for several years, and this was the reason for taking an offering for him, and when opportunity was given every child in the institution gave of his means. So more than the fifteen dollars needed secured. This exercise was beautiful. Jno: W. Stewart.
If correspondents fail to hear from me till about-the last of January I hope they won't think me negligent of answering them, for F am on a tour in Southeast Alabama, and will not reach home till about the twenty-third.
Jno. W. Stewart.

## THE PASSING OF "AUNT CLARA."

There were few better known women in our Baptist Zion in Alabama than Mrs, Clara-W: Ansley of our Orphans Home. Being the daughter of a Baptist preacher, Rev. Jno. W. Wilson, and the niece, twice removed, of George Whitefield, she had the combined assistance of heredity and environment, in the development of a strongly religious hogacter and a highly intelligent in-
lerest in our denominational lifo.
Mrs. Ansley was born at Orawfordsville, Ga., in 1840. While yet in her teens she was thrown upon her own rosources by the death of ber parents, and in leer young womanhood taught in South Carolina, Georgia, Flurida and Alabama. In 1875 she was married to B. T. Ansley of Forest Home, this State. The three children of this union all passed away within a fow weeks time in 1882 and the husband followed in 1884. With Mr. Ansley's children of a former marriage Mrs. Ansley resided at Forest Home until March of 1893, when she came to Evergroen to assume the duties of matron of the newly founded Buptist orphans home. Six vigorous ycars she gave to this work and as "Aunt Clara of the home," she was loved and honored by many homeless litde ones who came and went and by a host of friends throughout the State.
In 1899 she went to East Lake to keep house for her stepson (but loved as her own), Prof. S. J. Ansley of the Howard. Her stay there amid the atmosphere of the college and the activities of Ruhamah church was a happy one to her.
Two years ago she came back to Evergreen as a teacher in the home, but rapidly failing health prevented her doing much more than give companionship to the children. The last eighteen months of her life seemed as though they had been that many years, in aging and enfeebling her once vigorous life. So on one of the October days ths limit of her strength was reached, and she fell on slsep in Him.
If a summing up word may be written let it be the maming of four loves of "Aunt Clara's" heart. She loved the services of the Lord's house. When she could possibly be there she was in her place for all the services, and many times during those last months she was there when her bodily strength was hardly equal to the occasion. And she was always intelligently appreciative of mything akin to thoughtful, scriptural preaching.
She loved the larger denominational life. She read with much interest our denominational literature, and was well posted, indeed, on all our general Baptist undertakinge. We read together frequently Holeomb's old history of our early Baptist affairs in Alabama, and she entered with much interest into a discussion of all our stirring history.
She loved her son. No mother has been more bound up in the interests of her own son than was "Aunt Clara" in the son of her husband's former marriage. His constant presence at her side during those last weeks meant more than we can know to her heart. And, then, she loved the orphans home. With most of its short history her life has been bound up. It was a fitting thing that beneath its roof she should fall on sleep, and from its walls her body be laid to rest. And this is the passing of "Aunt Olara?" She hath passed from this home, prepared for our little ones, and of the loving hearts of God's people. She hath passed into the home prepared for His little ones, out of the unspeakable love of God's own Son. Blessings on her memory 1

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 W005, be fore the door of the Oours Heose of Jeffes son Ccunty, Alabama, in Birming ham of er for sale and-proceed to sell, within the legal hours of sale, at public Within to the higheat bidder for camh, the outery, f deveribed real estate, to-rit; Beginning vW the southweaf eorner of NW. 4 of 4 (26) Tp. 17. R 8 west, thence twenify-six (20) thipty feet, thence north running zatheet, thenee west thirty feet, one hundsafer, thenee west thirty feet, thenee inning, being a lot $80 \times 100$ feet. at or bear Enon Ridgr, a suborb of Birmingor $\mathrm{Hm}_{\mathrm{m}}$. Ala., at prosent oocopied by asid morigagors, sitoated in Jefferson eounty, Als, and being the property described and ennveged by said above mentioned morigagee.
Z I. Rudulph. Att'y.


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