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Organ Baptist State Convention. Published Weekly. \$2.00 a Year

BAPTIST



MR. GEO. G. MILES, Montgomery, Ala.

Mr. M les is the honored State President who will preside at the State Convention. As State Agent of the Phoenia, Lafe Insurance Company and on account of his connection with certain security over the entire State. A devout Caristian man who has devoted much time to the State Sunday school work.

Dr. 4. Montague, president of Howard follege, was again named preside st. of the Association of Alabama delages, which was organized for the propose of considering solution of college problems peculiar to the state. Some of the problems considered as the recent session at the Hillman hatel were: The definition of a college, admission and graduation requirements, equipment and support, the conforming of degrees, the place of the aprimal school in the state system, etc.

Richmond, Va., April 19, 1909. Rev. F. W. Barnett: Alabama, 45 shares: Total shares taken, 804. R. J. WILLINGHAM.



. D. J. MORGAN, Fayette. Left man criends in Birmingham Dis.



AMOS GOODHUE 'S GREAT CLASS

The accompanying cut shows the Men's Organized Bible Class, First Baptist church, Gadsden, Ala., probably the largest adult Bible class, that ever assembled in Alabama. On the record-breaking day, March 29, 1908, Dr. Grambling brought in thirty-three new scholars, not children, but men over eighteen years of age. On that

ABAMA

day the class roll feached 649 with 541 present, and this was accomplished in a few months with an original class of eighteen. Col. Amos E. Goodhue, the teacher of this class, is going to tell at the State Convention how this class was built up to such marvelous numbers. Pastors, and superintendents, can you afford to miss hearing this?

PROF. E. O. EXCELL, of Chicago.

It seems impossible to say too much about this great hearted, 300-pound giant music director who is to have charge of the music at the State Convention. But Mr. W. B. Jacobs, General Secretary of Illinois, the veteran general secretary in the United States, tells the story in the Sunday-School Builetin:

The Queen and Crescent railroad will ran a special to the Southern Baptist convention, leaving Birmingham Tuesday night. May 11, antiving at Lexington Wednesday morning. Those who desire can spend the day in historic Lexington, the "heart of the blue grass," leaving at 5 p. m., arriving in Louisville about 8 o'clock. Those desiring to go with this party can secure berth by writing to Dr. J. M. Shelburne, East Lake, or Dr. Preston Blake, Birmingham, or Mr. H. F. Latimer, T. P. A., Birmingham.

Atlanta, Ga., April 19, 1909. Rev. Frank W. Barnett: One more Sunday for home missions. \$150,000 necessary. Brethren, help! B. D. GRAY, Cor. Secretary.



J. F. GABLE, Ashville. Left many friends in Birmingham Dis.

Program State S. S. Convention

All trains will be met in Montgomery by the White Cap committee, as was done in Birmingham last year. Delegates will be taken first to the convention headquarters to register and receive a badge, and then will be assigned to a home at from \$1 per day up.

Railroad tickets at the special rate of half price plus 25 cents will be on sale April 25, 26 and the morning of the 27, good for eturn until midnight April 30.

Every Sunday school of each denomination is entitled to send three delegates, besides the pastor and superintendent, who are all delegates by virtue of their position. Names of delegates are to be sent at once to Mr. R. O. Blakey, 26 Dexter avenue, Montgomery, Ala:

Montgomery, April 27-29-09.

Convention Text, "Be ye doers of the Word, not hearers duly." (Jas. 1:22.)

TUESDAY AFTERNOON:

- 2:00 Song and Prayer Service-Prof. E. O. Excell; Rev. N. M. Woods.
- 2:30 Words of Greeting-Gov. B. B. Comer.
- 2:45 The Child in the Midst-Miss A. L. Williams.
- 3:15 Song-Prof. E. O. Excell.
- 3:20 Training Lesson—A Bird's Eye View of the Book of Acts—Dr. H. M. Hamill. 3:50 Song.
- 4:00 Making the Home Department Effective-Dr. W. A. Duncan,

TUESDAY EVENING.

- 7:15 Song and Prayer Service-Prof. E. O. Excell; Dr. Chas. A. Stakely.
- 7:45 Denominational Co-operation-Dr. E. B. Chappell.

Offer

8:30 Practical Missionary Instruction in the S. S.-J. B. Wadsworth. 9:00 Recognition Service of State Teacher Training Gradiates-Mr. Marion Lawrence. (Continued on page 5):

> Don't Forget Our Dollar







By V. I. Masters, Editorial Sec'y Home Board.

The Old and the New Frontiersman.

nations. In America it means the belt of country in which the pioneer faces the unsubdued wilds. It confronts civilization on both sides, so that the term has come also to be applied to the condition without any thought of a border line.

It is needful to distinguish between a frontier settlement and a long-inhabited section which has suffered from retarded progress. The conditions on the frontier are more or less inchoate and have had no time to become fixed. A backward older settleaent is crystalized in its retarded growth. The latter needs the infusion of new life, the former that gospel to the frontier. its abounding energies be harnessed, organized and shaped toward right ends. The people of backward development need coaxing forward, the frontier needs assistance in setting up right standards.

In the Southern Appalachian mountains Baptists are confronted with the former. In Oklahoma and Texas, in Western Arkansas and Louisiana, they face the needs of the frontier.

Characteristics of Frontiersmen.

Frontiersmen as a class present certain peculiar characteristics. They are self-reliant, resourceful, good-natured, hopeful, courageous. Weaklings are scarce where the pioneers do fore-gather, though bad people are not. Timid persons cling to the evils they know rather than journey to the wilds to battle for life and fortune against the untried inertia of unsubdued nature.

The frontiersman is fond of liberty. He craves elbow-room, and is not afraid to face hardness and the unknown on the chance of finding it. The domination of the exacting conditions that confront honest labor at the mines, the furnace and the mills, are not sweet to his spirit. Nor is he content to eke out existence on the soil where his toil has never been rewarded with more than a bare subsistence.

The Long Time Business of the Frontiersman. The business of the frontiersman began when long go the fringe of the States that border the Atlantic as settled. An edifying system of charts could be drawn that would show how, from generation to generation, he has changed his habitat. There have been some eddies in the movement of this human stream, but its general flow has been always toward the sunset.

The spirit of the pioneer is in the American blood and it will be a distinct loss to the nation when there is no longer new territory in which it may find expression.

Several Pioneer Movements.

It would be interesting to study the varying characteristics of the people who have made the various pioneer migrations in our country. Those who settions fleeing from persecution; sometimes they were adventurers or fortune hunters. Two or three gen-

erations later, when the country east of the Appa-In Europe frontier means the border between two lachian mountain system was full, it was a type formed of the combination of the early classes, and now also experienced in the business of subduing sometimes happens that the newly-settled district the wilderness, that took the long journey over the mountains and into the east-of-Mississippi valley.

These people were still subjugating the wilds which they had settled when our Baptist forefathers, in 1845, met in Augusta, Ga., and formed the Southern Baptist Convention, which was to be a vehicle of service in preaching the gospel to the lost at home and abroad. To the Home Mission Board, one of the two missionary agencies then created, was co mitted, among other things, the work of taking the

What the Home Board Found in Its First Years.

Since that day it has been engaged in that work In its career the board has dealt, with two more or less distinct classes of frontier work, in addition to what it has done for the Indians, who for the sake of convenience will be included in this story.



Advance Agent of Texas' Prosperity

The first class found its largest expression in Texas, though in the earlier years like conditions were met in a lesser degree in Florida, in parts of Alabama and Mississippi, and to a larger extent in Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana.

In 1845 frontiersmen did not journey in Pullman cars nor yet on freight trains to the great silent plains where lay the El Dorado of their hopes. Even the Atlantic coast country had not to an appreciable extent steam transportation. These early pligrims of hope were many times more familiar with another expedient of travel and it effectively served their purpose

Tracking Westward in Former Days.

Two years ago, in Southern Alabama, I met an old citizen whose children and grandchildren were about him. In the long ago he had started from tled America were often persons of religious convic- North Carolina to Texas in a covered wagon. The vehicle broke down and he stopped at the blacksmith shop in this small town to fix it. The mending fared



First House of Worship at Randelette, Oklahoma

slowly; he became interested in the country, and he is there now.

I have an uncle, now a devout Baptist minister in Oakland, California, who made the journey from South Carolina to California on horseback in 1855 and 1856, along with an older brother, when a lad of fifteen. They bought a herd of 500 cattle in north Georgia, Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama, wintered them in the swamps of the Black river in northern Arkansas, and drove them across the plains and the Rockies into California, where they sold them for ten times their cost. Perhaps this remarkable feat was not duplicated even in those halcyon days of the great westward treck, but it serves well to illustrate the hardihood and ploneer spirit of the neriod.

Apostrophe to a Picturesque Empire-Builder.

Let us take off our hats and salute the old-time frontiersman, who with his wife and bairns, his-gun and dog, moved in the white-topped schooner at a snail's pace from the older States out across the Mississippi valley and on to the plains. He was a lonely and picturesque figure, and not without an impressive dignity. Usually he could shoot straight, and on occasion with unfaltering readiness. But kindliness rather than destructive passions; characterized him. The lumbering shake of the white canopy on his wagon, as it moved over the lonely stretches of the plains, holding all that was most dear on earth, is a theme for the poet.

His song has been unsung, and he knew not how to write cunning words in books that posterity might read of the way in which he went about the business of subduing a wilderness, so that an empire might be built wherein should dwell righteousness and prosperity.

For the lonely mariner of the wheeled plains-bound craft was not a bad man. Bad men there were, but not accustomed to come alone across weary leagues from toward the sunrise, as did the pilot of the white-topped schooner, in which nestled the wife and children. In fact, it has been he of the schooner, and his descendants, and others of his kind, who, at a later period, went West by rapid transit, who have now put the bad men out of business and made the States in which frontier conditions yet exist commonwealths where decency and righteousness rule the people.

The Twentieth Century Pioneer.

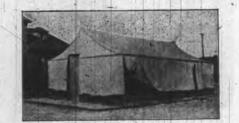
The more recent arrival on the frontler is the man who heard the call of the West when Uncle Sam began to open up the land reservations in Oklahoma in 1890.

The old frontiersman was a plodder and almost always a farmer. The new type has the self-reliance and courage of his prototype, but is in comparison quick, alert and more accustomed to close association with his kind. His social instincts have had more exercise than the man of the schooner, though the former could teach him lessons in hospitality and



A Rural Church of Oklahoma





Oklahoma S. S. Encampment at Big Pasture

human kareness. and perh is as often from a mill or factory br city as from 4 /farm. On a prescribed day he tood the mark on a line with thousands of others, and got his new seel estate when the signal-gun fired by dint

and the second

of supervalues in heel-power. He began to be attracted to Oklahoma in 1590, at which that it was the home of the Indian and a place where across the winds blew and caused to undulate like waves the tall grass which the geographybooks used to depict for urchins in the country schools. The wild grass is gone and the winds now have their movement over a state larger than Georgia, in which there were in 1909, by the chilm of Oklahoma's governor, 1,950,000 people! The fields of the great State teem with rich harvests, and with a material development which staggers belief, there are natural resources still undeveloped of eve greater value. The growth of Oklahoma has beer unparalleled is all the frontier movements in Am rica. What the Convention Has Done for Frontie Mis-slove-Pre-Convention Pioneer Preaches.

We near with profit hark back to what our Saptist forbears did with the frontier problem. We must content purselves to begin with the organization of the Sou hern Convention in 1845, though it's hard to resist a portrayal of the unlauded pioneed preach-ers of the earlier days, who did frontier work each for himself, and with a song of gladness in his heart all the while. Some day Southern Baptists dill find time as i space rightly to signalize the work of the pre-convention ploneer of the faith, for exom no settlement was so remote or secluded that he did not journey to it with the glad tidings of sarvation. Baphe's, of all people, should honor these heroes of the toss. To a greater extent than is the with any of a denomination, unless perchance is is the Method at men of this type were the sowers of the good seed which has sprung up unto an a fundant fruitagian the present prosperity of our Ziki. No Organized Home Mission Work in South*Before

1845. In 1834 practically no domestic mission work had been dade in the South by any mission board though Southern Baptist churches had for a number of years Southon Baptist churches had for a number contributed to home missions through the viennial Baptist Convention, which was national in 13 intentions

For the first five years of the efforts of the Home Mission Board, it was largely engaged in finding out just what were the needs of its field, where they were groatest and how they should be met. Some of its too few missionaries penetrated the backwoods and frensier and were blessed in their efforts Convection at Once Started the Frontier

In 1843 a resolution was adopted by the conven-tion which said that the "Mississippi valley. It the new States of Florida and Texas, are the vist area of the operations for your Home Mission Board." It was also resolved, "That the opening of r tlements and the admission of new States in the Southwest, and the mighty tide which is filling them up well, an emigrant population, should be rigarded with sidemn interest, as augmenting the responsibility of the Southern churches."

Whe that resolution was offered Texas and Flor ida has been admitted to the union but one year, Arkansis ten years, Missouri twenty-five years, and Alabarya and Mississippi twenty-seven and Sventy-nine years, respectively. Mississippi had about 475-000 population, Alabama 650,000, Missouri 500,000, Arkans, s 150,000, and Florida 70,000; while t Lone S ar State, just freed from its Mexican doubles, had not yet found time to cover its immensit terri-tory with the peripatetic labors of the census laker. In 1830 he was to discover a population of \$212,592 in the great State, four-fifths of enough to g in the great State, four fifths of enough to give one to each square mile. Probably more than while of these has come since 1845.

These were the new States which drew forth the concerr of the 1846 convention about the contier needs. Southern Baptists have been lamentady tardy in weakening to more than one large horse mis-sion opportunity. But it is pleasant to note host they began ine Texas promptly on time. The sagnifi-

of our Lord in the homeland.

Discovering the Needs.

The Home Board had to find out and tell the Conwere beyond the Mississippi.

In 1846 it reported: "It is painfully true that there are many of our white population in each State embraced in one field of labor, who have never heard the gospel." In 1845 an Alabama missionary reported: "I have made some estimate of persons unable to read in this section. Of the married men, mearly one-half can not read; of married women, nearly twothirds; of unmarried women, about three-fourths. It is an anti-mission region, and the children are not allowed to attend Sabbath schools."

Such conditions were not peculiar to Alabama. From Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida, came like distressing reports of frontier destitution

Large Needs and Quick Success in Texas, To the limit of its resources the board supplied.

this frontier destitution. Its largest force on the firing line was in Texas, because the needs and territory were larger. And though the missionances metwith sin in its aggressive and shameless manifestations, the work fared so well there that, in 1853, its report to the convention contained this optimistic note:

"Texas is rapidly becoming a very strong Baptist eyes, territory.' A convention has been formed and there is a flourishing Bantist university. The tide of emigration to this State never was so great as at this time. To meet and supply these new settlers with the gospel is what chiefly makes missionary and requisite."

So successful was the frontier work that is early s 1851 the board reported: "

"New fields have been opened and new churches constituted of souls converted through this instrumentality. Even whole States have been made to rise from weakness and despondency to strength, courage and activity. Such is the testimony with regard to Texas, of most of the active and intefligent who write of him tell only of his material pros portion of the ministry of that State."

How the War Affected the Work.

Much as we would like to follow in detail the ef-

The work was prosecuted with enthusiasm in the ante-bellum days. Then the cataclysm of '61.65 laid the country prostrate and the work suffered a relapse. Then came the post-bellum paralysis, fer the people were dazed and impoverished, and the mission coffers held a disheartening paucity of funds.

However, the enthusiasm of the Home Board and its faithful friends was still unquenched, and not even annual reports which showed a persistent decline in the receipts were able to quench the seal. of the dauntless spirits who conducted the work. The religious destitution was now even greater in many places. Much population shifted westerind, disheartened by the awful blow, which had fasten heavily upon the older Southern States. The frontier problem grew and its lines extended and broadened.

Increase of Importance in the Southwest Frontier Work.

Before 1870 slightly more than three-fourths of the commissions written by the board for missionaries had been for the several phases of work which it conducted east of the Mississippi. Only one kind the magnificant religious opportunities which the figof work had to any considerable extent been done west of that river, except in Missouri, before that trayal would take all the space of this booklet/ period, if the Indian Missions be counted as frontier work. And by far the largest part of this weat-of-Mississippi endeavor would remain of the frontier vention reso type. But this single kind of activity would from sion Board has saved Texas to the Baptists. A study now on increase until it out-classed any other par- of the work cone justifies the claim. But a new questicular line of the board's mission activities. And.

The new man came on a rairoad, cent results that followed prompt action and persist- while new problems and sociological developments in ent devotion there are known to even a watthring the older belt have in our time greatly magnified Baptist, if he has read only the merest homeoriathic the importance of the work in other districts, not a cluster of lines about the progress of the klagdom single one of them has yet come to match the frontier in its vast extent and matchless opportunities.

By 1880 the new adjustment of relative destitution had made itself greatly felt, and in 1881 the convenvention many cases of lamentable religious destitu- iton recognized it in a resolution in which it was tion in the new settlements in those first years, and said that from Helena to Port Eads on the west of It showed conclusively that not all the fronties needs the great river, a distance of 300 miles, there was not a single Baptist minister engaged in the ministry.

"Arkansas 'is especially a missionary field," continued the resolution, "and beyond it the young empire of Texas, into whose fertile territories an incessant stream of humanity is pouring at the rate of a thousand a week, with its railroads piercing its most distant points. Texas is the grandest and most inviting field in America, if not in the world."

Present Missionary Needs in the Southwest. Whatever Christian denomination is, to figure largely in the southwest must begin now. It must invest largely and contribute its highest type of men. It will reap what it sows. A hesitating administration will prove disastrous. We will never overtake this swift-maying, swarming west with ox-team and schooner mathods .-- Ward Platt.

The present frontler movement in the Southwest is unique in character and unparalleled in its proportions. It is hard to make its largeness stand out as a living gact before the mind. The imagination has a way of minimizing things that are in the distance, like the perspective of a landscape before the

An Unvoiced Opportunity to Create Spiritual Values. Nor has t e frontiersman, notwithstanding his new trick of forsing a town in a day and issuing a newspaper the next morning, that the citizen may read ches his breakfast of tinned meats at a it as he mu cracker-box breakfast table, the while he watches out of the tail of his eye the lot he staked and claimed yesterday-the frontiersman has not yet found a voice where with effectively to impress the big, newsgreedy would as to the great opportunity to create moral values in his new land of promise. He has so many things to do that seem more urgent than the practice of the arts of the ready writer, and they pects.

here the Imagination Fails.

We of the east-of-Missisippi country seem really to Much as we would like to follow in detailing of the unable in grasp the idea of how big that country forts of Southern Baptists through all the succeed- be unable in grasp the idea of how big that country ing years to save the lost and establish fighteous-ness along the frontier, it is inexpedient to to so. than two-thirds of the union lies west of the Mississippi river, the geographies and mission speakers to the contrast notwithstanding. That Oklahoma is larger than Georgia, and Texas than all out-of-doors, seems a farioff dream. The imagination falls to grasp it.

Texas has 15,000 square miles more area than Ala-bama, Georgia, South and North Carolina, Virginia and Maryland combined. And practically all of the and Maryland combined. And practically all of the State yet masettled will be. The great fertile plains in Northwest Texas are now known to have rain-fall enough for the purposes of agriculture. The population of Texas in 1890 was 2,235,523. In the next ten years it grew to 3,048,710, a 36 per cent increase, practically four-fifths of a million. In January, 1909, the estimated population of the State, given by th governor, was 4,000,000, an increase of practically million, or 25 per cent, in nine years!

These are only figures and figures do not seem to impress people very strikingly, but they have the merit of brevity. The reader will please think for himself of the large sociological changes, of the frontler confusice, of the large material development, of ures indicate. To impress the facts by detailed por-

in Texas Keep Itself Saved? Common report, and once a Southern Baptist conation, have declared that the Home Mis-(Continued on Page 11.)

WHERE ROOSEVELT WILL HUNT.

The March number of McClure's Magazine has an interesting article on that part of South Africa which Mr. Roosevelt will visit. In describing a railroad over which Mr. Roosevelt will travel the article says:

"For a distance of one mile on either side the tracks along the line of the railway all game is protected. Winston Churchill, who was in British East Africa last spring, rode on the pilot of the engine to observe the game. The railway leads through a zoological paradise. Churchill saw six lions from the train. Mr. Prynne, from whom the facts used in this article were obtained, saw four on the same journey. A male and female, pacing side by side, were not three hundred yards from the passengers. The pair merely turned their heads to look at the train. At another point in the panorama he saw a female lion stretching like a cat on the red veldt near the train, and again a male on its haunches in bold relief on an ant-hill. Bands of antelope of all species, the kongoni, water buck, reed buck, wildebeeste, hartebeeste, impala, orax, and countless others, together with thousands of zebras passed in review. Ostriches and hyenas were common sights from the car window.

"All these animals seem to know that they are Immune from danger in this protected belt. Outside this narrow zone animal traits have changed with the appearance of the white man. Some of the more timid have retreated entirely. The bolder game give little heed to the natives, who they know have no guns, but they flee before a white man on foot or mounted. A buckboard is not avoided as long as it is moving. They have learned that the gun can not be aimed with accuracy from a vehicle."

Dangers of Hunting in South Africa.



revelation to an American sportsman. African game is placed in this ratio of risk: 1-buffalo; 2-rhinoceros; 3-lion. The buffalo is feared because, as the hunter asserts, the beast "does not play the game fairly." . It is considered the most vicious and cunning of all African game. It attacks without, provocation) seeming to take malicious satisfaction in killing man. When wounded or even angered, its ruse is to lure its enemy into the bush, which grows higher than a man's head, by pretending flight. Then the animal doubles upon its track and makes its sud-The elements of danger in African bunting are a its horns is nearly always fatal, even if the hunter known as a man-eater because now he hunts man.

is rescued before being trampled to death. The deception practiced by the buffalo is attributed to an instinct which tells the animal that it is quite vulnerable to a bullet.

The rhinoceros is dreaded because no hunter knows when and where he will find the animal. Its habit of secluding itself in unsuspected haunts makes it the nightmare of the hunter. Not able to see beyond a few feet, its attack is guided by its sense of smell and aided by remarkably acute hearing. Once started, the "rhino" charges in a straight line without deflecting an inch. Armor-plated like a battleship, this horned ram charges with the force of a catapult. Nothing withstands the furious storm of its onset.

The Ordinary Lion and the "Man Eater."

There is a distinction in Africa between ordinary llons and "man-eaters." The ordinary lion does not wilfully attack man. The presence of lions roaming at night on the yeldt is not disturbing to any native nor to whites who have come to understand the beast. Persons returning to their camps after nightfall do not notice the roaring of lions, or the cries of leopards and hyenas. It is seldom that people bent upon domestic errands carry weapons in the darkness, although at night the veldt of British East Africa is alive with roaming beasts, which may be heard from the verandas of the houses. Lions give the passing man a wide berth, day or night, when den attack from ambush as the unsuspecting hunter it is apparent that he means no mischief. An ordiadvances on the forward trail. To checkmate this nary lion, even when wounded, will try flight before trickery, the white hunter sends his shikaris into fight. When its escape is disputed, it will, especially the treetops. The natives from their elevation trace if wounded, try to maul its enemy with teeth and the deceptive course of the buffalo by watching the claws. A lion hunt is usually a chase in which the bending of the bush, and report from time to time hunters goad the game into combat. Once a lion the position of the beast, so that the hunter is pre- has tasted human blood, however, it is no more pared when the animal breaks cover." The charge afraid of man, but learns that he is the weakest of of the buffalo is like a thunderbolt, and a lunge from animals and the choicest of meat. Such a lion is

Southern Baptist's Mission Work in Africa

By Gen. Green, M. D.

We have five main bases of operation-five main shafts into the mine of heathenism: Lagos, Abeokuta, Oyo, Ogbomoso and Saki. Each of these main stations has in turn its out-stations, or the smaller shafts into the mine, so that besides the five main stations we have nineteen out-stations

Our total staff of workers numbers forty-one. This includes ten white missionaries and thirty-one native workers, though three-fifths of our white force were home on furlough for nearly half the year.

We have four departments in our mission work, namely: Evangelistic, educational, medical, industrial.

Evangelistic Work.

This phase of our work has to do with the teaching and preaching of the word of God in churches, Sunday schools, native compounds and market places. We have twenty-two houses of worship, eighteen organized churches, with eight hundred and eighty-six church members. We have twenty-two Sunday schools, with four hundred and forty-five scholars. One very encouraging and significant feature of this department of our work is that from each of our main line mission stations-Lagos, Abeokuta, Oyo, Ogbomoso, Saki-comes the report of baptisms during the year. One hundred and sixteen persons have been baptized on profession of their faith. Note the following points: Lagos, in charge of native Pastor Stone, reports fifty baptisms. Abeokuta, the scene of Brother Lumbley's labors for so difficult and discouraging that a suggestion was made to abandon it, and where since Brother Lumbley's death fifteen months ago there has been no resident white missionary, the work being in charge of an ordained native-that station reports 17 baptisms. Oyo reports six baptisms. Ogbomoso reports thirty-six, and Saki our newest station among the hills -reports seven baptisms. Baptisms for the year give an increase in the church membership for 1907 of fifteen per cent of the entire membership for 1906. Do missions in Africa pay? Evidence comes from every station that God is with this African mission, and that the churches for the past year toward self-support, mission work, building and repairing of church property amounts to \$1,572. During the year we have placed three new native workers on the field. Only three, do you say? Yes, we wish it were a hundred and three, but try to realize what three new workers in Africa means. Three towns that have had no Christian teacher, no preaching of the gospel, no one to tell the good news of salvation. These three heathen towns will have a Christian worker in their midst, the word of God will be taught and the knowledge of the gospel of Jesus Christ made known to them. Thank God for three new workmen.

· Elementary Day School.

Throughout the province there is a growing demand for the education of

nearly seventeen years, a station the children. The progress of the where for many years the work was - country calls for it. Native kings are asking the missionaries to send teachers to their towns that they may have a school for their people. Elementary education is necessary for our native Personal reading and Christians. study of God's word is as essential to growth of Christian character in West Africa as elsewhere. The hope of Africa is her children. Ignorance is the mother of superstition. Enlightened children develop into enlightened men and women; enlightened Africa will develop into Christian Africa. We have fourteen day schools. Lagos, Abeokuta, Oyo, Ogbomoso, Saki each has its day school; also the majority of the out-stations have their day schools. Three hundred and four pupils 'attend these schools. Subjects taught are reading and spelling, in both English and Yoruba, writing, arithmetic, geography and grammar.

Training School for Native Workers. This is located at Ogbomoso and is a very important feature of our work. Its purpose is to train native teachers and preachers. Evangelization of Africa must to a very large degree be done through its native agency, under the supervision and direction of the white missionary. During the year 1907 twenty-one students were enrolled. The course combines literary and theological studies, the teaching staff consisting of the missionary at Ogbomoso, with three native teachers.

Medical Work Sadly Needed.

This is the combined work of doctor and preacher, healing the bodies of the sick and preaching the gospel. In no land can the medical missionary find a more effective sphere than in Africa. This two-fold aspect of mission work is being done in Ogbomoso. Two rooms in the basement of one of our mission houses have been fitted up as dispensary and temporary hospital. Three days a week the dispensary is open for the treatment of patients. As early as 5:30 a. m. the patients wend their way to the mission compound and sit under the trees till the hour for treatment. From March till December 2150 patients have received treatment. Previous to the opening of the dispensary at 9 a. m. a short service is held. Heathen, Mohammedan and Christian sit side by side listening to the reading of the scripture, the telling of the gospel story and a prayer offered to the only true God, who hears and answers prayer.

Industrial Work.

This is the most recent department of our mission work and consists in combining with other branches of mission work the teaching of certain trades, such as carpenter work, blacksmithing, farming, especially modern methods of farming. This work is to be located at Saki, our board having instructed Brother Duval to begin this work. Dr. McLean, an expert mechanic and dentist, with his wife, have been appointed as teachers for this Continued on page 12

You ner count on me for everything that I can do for the paper. You may add fir name to your list, for I find that then my people take the Alabama Saptist that it is easier to get them fall in line for all church work. I am well pleased with my work here, and believe that (under the Lord) I shall be able to do a great work. We have a fine Sunday school, numbering more than three hundred on the rol, and averaging about 250. The praysr meeting is growing in numbers and interest, and we hope to soon he able te report one of the best prayer meetings in north Alabama. Gur house is crowded every Sunday and Sunday night for preaching services. Since I have been here, a little mire than one month, we have received into the fellowship of the church by letter fifteen. We sent Bro. Crumptor \$46.56 from our Sunday school fa, missions. Pray for me.---A. B. Macalfe.

I write to say that I hope our people will soft fail to hear Dr. T. B. Roy in his instrated lectures over the state, as hey did here. He not only gave us, splendid exhibition of the true constion of the heathen and his worship for made an intelligent and interest address. That same night people cayded into the cheap shows people cavded into the cheap shows here by the hundreds and paid from 10 to 25 eents admittance fees to see nothing that compared in beauty with the art stereopticon views and moving incures which he showed. But we must remember that untiring ef-forts in the interest of education and information lead to salvation, and per-sistent prayer, practical planning, pro-duce perminent plety.-R. E. Pettus.

Please change my Baptist from Calera to Thorsby, Ala. I have moved to Thoracy, but I am still pastor at Calera. I have two fine country churches where the people have Sat-urday meeting and conference and plenty of good home-made hams and always seem glad to have the pastor in their yomes. What would become of the cause of our Master were it not for ad country churches? Shall do someraing for our paper soon .- S. M. Adams

God bloss you, my brother, in your untiring sforts to give to the Baptists of Alabasaa the paper they so much need. Sur work ought to be appreciated more than it is. All goes well with more 1 am in the midst of a prosperous and loyal people. My lot is a happy on 2 yet fraught with responsi-bility as opportunity.--P. C. Bark-ley, Player Ga.

Rev. 27 R. Brasher, who has resigned to West End, Montgomery, to take a fact on May 3, according to a letter from one of Montgomery's church specure a good pastor.

 Will sept you more subscribers in a few days. Bro. Gavin's letters are worth more than the price of the paper, to he nothing of the other good things that are elevating and ennobling. L. Moseley.

THE ALABAMA BAPTIST

(Continued from page 1) WEDNESDAY MORNING.

6:00 Hunrise Prayer Meeting-Wm. Edmonds. Song and Prayer Service-Prof. E. O. Excell; Rev. D. H. McNeal. 9:00

, OUR YEAR'S WORK

9:30 President's Message-G. G. Miles. 9:40 Words from the Executive-Judge Armstead Brown. 10:00 Treasurer's Report-M. M. Sweatt.

ECHOES FROM THE FIELD.

10:10 D. W. Sims, General Secretary. 10:15 Miss Minnie E. Kennedy, Field Secretary. 10:20 Miss Edith B. Rice, Elementary Superintendent, Rev. J. S. Bridges, Adult Superintendent. 10:25 10:30 Miss Mary E. Smith, Home Department. 10:35 Mrs. S. P. Moore, Teacher Training. 10:40 Dr. E. C. Anderson, Temperance. se Miss Alice Hale, Missions. 10:45 10:50 Song-Prof. E. O. Excell. Recognition of Banner County Presidents. 11:00 The Sinday School as a Business Investment-Mr. Marion Lawrence. Report of Division Presidents.

DIVISION PRESIDENTS.

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Der 1, Dr. J. M. Peerson, Florence; Div. 2, R. E. Pettus, Huntsville; Div. 3, C. S. Peck, New Decatur; Div. 4, Col. W. R. Dortch, Gadsden; Div. 5, R. L. Vater, Anniston; Div. 6, Prof. L. P. Giddens, Birmingham; Div. 7, Prof. D. P. Schristenberry, Greensboro; Div. 8, W. T. Atkins, Selma; Div. 9, Judge W. W. Pearson, Montgomery; Div. 10, Dr. B. H. Ohme, Alexander City; Div. 11, GFM. Bynum, Wedowee; Div. 12, Hon. W. H. Banks, Hurtsboro; Div. 13, B. Dawle, Clayton; Div. 14, Hon. W. D. Dunn, Grove Hill; Div. 15, C. S. Rabb, Evergreen; Div. 16, Hon. J. T. Fuller, Centerville: Div. 17, Prof. H. O. Sagent, Hamilton.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

2:00, Song and Prayer Service-Prof. E. O. Excell; Rev. W. M. Curtis. 2:304 Teachers' Meeting-D. H. Marbury.

- That Class of Boys-Rev. Frank Marston. 3:00
- Song
- 3:46 Teachers' Preparation-Dr. Macon.
- 4:10 Teacher on Twelve Sides-H. G. Moore. 6:06 Street demonstration.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

8:00 Alabama's Opportunity-Mr. Marion Lawrence.

7:3(Song and Prayer Service-Prof. E. O. Excell; Rev. Henry M. Edmonds.

Pledges. THURSDAY MORNING.

6:00 Sunrise Prayer Meeting-Rev. Raleigh W. Greenb

9:00 Song and Prayer Service-Prof. E. O. Excell; Rev. J. W. O'Hara. Blackboard Temperance Drill-Mr. E. Richmond. 9:153

How the Organized S. S. Work Helps the Denomination-Mr. Marion Lawrence.

10:15 Practical Temperance Work in the S. S .- Dr. W. B. Crumpton. Song.

11:00. The Bible by Heart-Rev. H. C. Moore.

11:30 Quiet Half Hour "Consecration"-Dr. H. M. Hamill.

12:00 County Officers' Conference and Lunch, Marion Lawrence presiding.

How to Get District Conventions held. 1 1 2 3 A How to advertise District and County Conventions.

- Program Building, for County and District Conventions,
- Topics.
- h Speakers,

THURSDAY AFTERNOON,

ELEMENTARY CONFERENCE.

Lomax Annex Court St. Methodist Church. Miss M. E. Kennedy, Presiding.

2:30 Devotional Exercises.

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B.

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"Story Work-The Principles."

"Use and Misuse of Handwork."

- Section Work.
- Reginners, Mrs. John Jones, presiding.
- "Story Told"-Miss Mamie Andrews.
- Lesson Construction-Mrs. W. D. Smith.
- Beginners' Problems-Round Table-Mrs. J. W. O'Hara.
- Pitmarfes, Mrs. L. L. DeJarnette, presiding.
- "Story Told"-Mrs. Minnie Allen,

Lesson Construction-Mrs. W. P. McAdory.

We again call the attention of the minary alumni to the jubilee banwet at the Galt house at 6 o'clock p. Wednesday, May 12. This should n Wednesday, May 12. This should be, and we believe will be, the greatat gathering of the alumni in the hisby of the seminary. Only six hunfred persons can be accommodated, nd for this reason ladies can not his year be invited. Places will be eserved for seminary men until May after which time others will be adinsted. Plates are \$1. If the money sent with the order for reservation plates, tickets will be mailed before he convention. Checks from outside Kentucky can not be received, as anks charge for collection. Tickets which have been reserved, but not aid for can be obtained at Norton all during the day, Wednesday, May L. W. Doolan, president; W. J. McGlothlin, secretary Alumni Associflon.

'The Life of Christ," by Professors Burton and Mathews, has been transinted into Chinese for the Ruth Norion School for Girls, at Canton, the anslation having been made by Mrs. A. Nelson, who is in charge of the chool. The most remarkable fact, wever, is that the cost of publishing he translation was provided by the boys" of U. S. S. Concord, which was Canton at the time.

The following wedding announceient will be of great interest throughat the Southern Baptist convention: r. and Mrs. William Edward Beverly hvite you to be present at the marlage of their sister, Miss Margaret everly, to Mr. William David Upshaw n Wednesday afternoon, May 5, at 5 clock, the First Baptist church, at homasville, Ga.

We have had the misfortune of losng.our church (Concord) by fire. We ave begun to build again and we esire your prayers, for we stand in ed of help .- Rev. M. J. Parrish, Clan-

Had a fine service at Shorter's Sunay, the 11th, and licensed a promisig young man as a preacher, Mr. W. K. Oswalt. I have good hope of usefulness and development in him.-Geo. Brewer

Philosophic Maunderings.

It's a wise politician who studies up h cabbages before he tries to talk agriculture to his country constituen-

The groom doesn't understand why they call his friend the best man, unexperience makes the point pop-Nous.

He is a fool who muddles the fream at which he would quench his thirst.

Many a man has gone to the bad cause the good misunderstood him. You can't scare a thinking beast way by blowing on a tin whistle. It may be easy to whip a man for filling you a liar, but that doesn't ter the case if his facts are correct. New York Globe.

THE NEGRO PROHIBITION MOVEMENT.

A Statement.

From different directions and sources inquiries have reached me concerning the movement on the part of the negroes of the South against the saloon. I am the more careful to answer these questions because of my connection with the movement.

Somewhat more than a year ago, I was requested to prepare a small work on the saloon and the negro problem. Up to that time I had never investigated the relation of the two to any considerable extent, but as I proceeded with the investigation, it became clearer that the basis of the negro problem, so-called, is the liquor problem. It soon became evident that Frost and the writer. every ill affecting the negro of the south could be traced straight to the salon. At first this dawned the American people by this convention, in which on me remotely, but the truth became clearer with each step of the investigation. Ignorance, poverty, vagrancy, demoralization, debauchery, 'divorcement, lawlesness and criminality, so far as these relate to the assertion on the part of the liquor interests that tion and determination. the negro, are in the largest measure due to the saloon.

It was further found that for years together sentiment favorable to prohibiton had been growing tion was effected known as the Southern Negro Antiamong the colored people. Without any concert of Saloon Federation, which is to meet annually, and action, but impelled solely by a sense of duty, pro- which is to have an auxiliary in each of the states gaged in a quiet resistance to the liquor traffic. While the negroes throughout the south against the saloon, without organization the better class among the colored people was engaged in stoutly opposing strong, drink, and in inculcating the principles of sobriety as far as they might. Their preachers, teachers, land-owners and thrifty men of business never lost an opportunity to strike the saloon a blow. Practical prohibition was preached from their pulpits and taught in their schools and homes. I was not prepared for these facts fill I came on them by investigation. It was equally surprising to learn from direct facts that in a number of instances, in local option elections, negroes had changed the tide, and that without their aid, prohibition would not have been procured. In the majority of instances, they had to be quiet about it for fear of the liquor men. In numerous instances efforts were made to bribe the leading ones among them, that through them the weaker might be controlled, and at other times, attempts were made to awe and to intimidate, but in the cases alluded to, the loyal ones stood firm and saved the occasions to civic virtue. Facts like these came directly under my personal knowledge.

There was emphasized to my mind another fact, viz., that there are two very distinct classes of negroes, the good and the bad. Until close investigation I had no idea that so great a struggle was being made on the part of the better class in behalf of the worse. We know far more about the criminal negro than about the other class, because his crimesare dragged into light, while the other class is unde- and in support of the enforcement of the laws in monstrative in its efforts. This led to a grave dis- favor of prohibition. advantage to the race, for when a crime was com- The writer was un mitted it was attributed to the negro race, not to the criminal alone who committed it. The unfairness of the forces. Without reserve they pledged themselves this indiscrimination is evident, and in the face of the fact that so many are struggling to raise their were directed. They made it emphatic that they race to higher planes, it is discouraging.

preachers, teachers, professional or business men or land owners, who is not opposed to liquor. Of the land owners in the south there are 700,000, which that there are at least one million negro prohibitionists among them.

Learning of the struggles of the better element, and most undoubted ways, of those who were unpurchasable and who are solicitous for the good of the coming generation, it occurred that something other than that which had been done should be undertaken in behalf of the negro of the south. I called the attention of many leading southern men, those for the white race. whose judgment I had respect, to these facts, and

THE ALABAMA BAPTIST

the opinion was that some encouragement and re- lack of effort to make it a success, we shall be able groes in the states of the south. Seeking to ascerfound them anxiously responsive, and the result was try. that a convention of leading negroes was called at Atlanta, Georgia, on February 24-26 to devise some means to effect an organization of their forces against the saloon. In a session of three days their ablest men discussed the leading features of the liquor traffic as it related itself to their race, and a more decorous and dignified proceeding I have never witnessed. Among the speakers chosen were four white gentlemen-Drs. John E. White, W. B. Crumpton, J. M.

The upshot was the presentation of an address to was a declaration against all lawlesness, a desire to co-operate with the better element of whites in driving out the saloon, the indignant repudiation of the negro can always be relied on to sustain them, and a serious pledge of earnest effort to elevate the colored race in the south. A permanent organizatection to their families, and right, they were en- of the south. The plan and purpose is to organize



REV. B. F. RILEY, D. D.

The writer was unanimously requested by the convention to lead in the organization and direction of to the most zealous co-operation, and to do as they recognized the necessity of a white man leading and After diligent and dispassionate study of the ques- guiding them at this juncture. After further consultion for many months I fail to find a single leader tation with numerous gentlemen of influence, I conamong the negroes, one worthy of leadership, among sented and have accepted the work, giving up all things else. Of the wholesomeness of the result I have no doubt whatever.

I have the satisfaction of having the approbation was itself a surprise to me. From information gath- of many of the best men of the country in my deered from the fifteen southern states it would appear cision, substantial assistance has been to some degree afforded, and the expressions of encouragement have been so numerous as to awaken profound gratitude and produce fresh animation. The task is a of their loyalty to prohibition, as expressed in the tremendous one and involves much that is delicate and difficult, and will have to move slowly. But in the movement is recognized the possibility of vast good. It will aid the negro industrially, financially, domestically, educationally, morally and religiously. If this be true it will prove of immense advantage to

lief should be given the more than ten million ne- to pluck up the liquor trade root and branch. It will make clandestine sales an impossibility, while tain what the feeling of the negroes would be, I it will conduce to the well being of the entire coun-

> I am coolly informed that much oppositon may be expected from politicians who will seek to divert it into political channels, stir afresh race prejudice and result in a greater disaster to the negro than he has heretofore encountered. That may be attempted, but it will only tend to enlarge the boundaries of the political graveyards which will have to come to prevail throughout these states before the liquor question is settled. That the movement may have opposition, I am inclined to believe, but in a purely moral question, in an effort to raise a race of so many millions, I wonder what the temper of the Christian public will be while the politician is opposing. What that temper will be is not a question of doubt to me. At any rate, the work is undertaken with cool delibera-

> Until June 1st the headquarters of the Southern Negro Anti-Saloon Federation will be Dallas, Texas; after that time it will be Birmingham, Alabama. The prayers and co-operation of all Christians are asked in this difficult work, and the aid of every worthy and patriotic citizen is earnestly solicited.

B. F. RILEY.

NOTES FROM BROTHER CRUMPTON'S CORRE-SPONDENTS.

M. A. Wood: We send you check for state missions and will try to help you some on the other collections as they come on. We are liking our pastor, Brother J. L. Thompson, and I hope he will be able to lead the church to better giving.

J. L. Thompson's old friends are not surprised to learn that the church is "liking" their new pastor. He will certainly lead his people. The Lord help follow

John D, Wilkes: We have our building under headway at Foley. It will excel any church building in the county, I think. It will cost \$1200 or \$1500. We want you to come down and preach the dedication sermon in about three months. Will you do it? We have the frame up now.

Foley is a new town in Baldwin county. It is a great joy to know they are soon to have a house. Baldwin is destined to be one of the great counties of the state and the Baptists must not allow themselves left on the new field.

A Layman: I hope the churches will all respond to your call. The greatest trouble in our association is the pastors do not urge missions enough. May the Lord bless and crown your efforts in the work with the greatest blessing.

This is from a layman who sends a good contribution from his church. He goes to the heart of the trouble in Alabama. "The pastors do not urge missions enough." Brother pastor, when the laymen begin to write this way, how long will it be before the preacher who will not urge missions find himself out of a job?

H. L. Todd: Notasulga: Enclosed find check for \$9.60 from the church at Notasulga for home missions. We have called Brother C. A. Strickland to serve us. Preached Saturday and Sunday. The church seemed greatly pleased with him. I think we will move forward now.

The new pastor is a good man and will bring things to pass

J. L. Ray: We will do our best down here in the old Union Association. I feel more than ever the great importance of the Lord's work. I feel sure, when the convention meets all will be well. God will move upon the hearts of His people to do their duty if we ask Him in faith.

Let us all join with this old hero and pray God to "move upon the hearts of His people to do their duty."

William W. Chandler: Please find enclosed P. O. money order for \$5.00, which you can use for state missions, if not too late. I have decided to give Should the movement succeed, and there will be no one-tenth of my earnings to the cause of Christ, and

find that make beginning I have been greatly blessed in temperat as well as spiritual things. Pracing God's riducet blessings upon you and the great crime for which you are so faithfully laboring, I remain, as ever, your brother in Christ.

This Lightan goes down on the list of tithers. Ilis testimony is worthy of attention. Was there ever, an honest fither who did not have this experience?

E. H. Lundy, Andalusia, Salem S. S.: Enclosed please find \$2.00 for State Missions. The amount is so small and it is so late I am ashamed to send it in almost, but am sending it anyway. Hope you may find some good place to put even this small mite to i dvance the Master's cause. I do try to urge upon the brethren the cause of missions and the great need for even more, as a duty they owe to God, but they still stand unmoved. I have done all I could as a lay member of this weak church (I mean weak on missions). They are able to give if they would. If you have literature you think will move theai send it to me, as I shall make an effort for forein missions. Send me the best you have.

Another layman heard from. The Lord help him The laggen are moving. The preachers who don't believe and doing things had better look out. C. H. mith, Bessemer: "I am praying and working that our church may give three or four times as much the year for missions than ever before. I know we will. The Lord is blessing us. We must do more.

Remersiver, this is a layman. He is praying and working that his church may give three or four times more than last year for missions. God bless the laying who prays and works.

C. O. Thompson, Albertville, R. F. D. 4. You have noticed at the minutes of the Marshall Association a motion relative to the establishment of an hidds trial mission training school in the association. I am glad to say to you that the school has been is ated verses of Scripture each of you learned was this with trias Point church. This is a most desirable "God is love." Yes, He is! He is essentially love, location for such an institution. It is our purpose to make the school three-fold in its benefits-that of the education of the mind, the heart and the band. We have a little more than \$8,000 raised, but will not begin work until at least \$10,000 has been mised. I can mirdly see how we can begin with that smallamount We have one hundred acres of label to most are our best evidence that they emanate from build on, and we believe that, if properly established and directed it will be one of the greatest bleifings. that has ever been given to the people of north Alahama.

Any suggestions or advice that you may sit fit to give us will be highly appreciated.

It is a glorious work to build a school lik the one aftempted on Sand Mountain. We must fultiply then.

Dear Brother Crumpton: Have just had som a pitiful letter from Dr. Willingham. He said he wouldn't ask any more of me, but I feel that God has so blessed me that I must give more. I want to send you something, too. Haven't heard from you, lot guess it will be all right-how about it? You here about quit coming to see us. You had betover some time and see us. You don't now ter rug how arach good it does us to see you. May God bless on in your great work and may all jebts soon paid and more.

This is from one of our great women, sending a check for \$50. She is a Judson girl. Her fither set here the example of giving, and she keeps it up. Her provers and her alms go up as a memorial before that. She is very near of kin to some which are doing as she does.

Greenville: Brother Luther Little and S. J. Porter have prepared a visit to our church. I have writacts that we esteem it a privilege and hower to ten have shem. I write to thank you, for it is through you h suppose their visit to Alabama was arranged. W M. Blackwelder.

That is a refreshing note. So many pastors seem to dread the coming of an agent. A visit from Taese brethran representing the Home and Foreign Hoards, would be a benediction to any church.

LETTER NO. -.

do thou knowest not now, but thou shalt under- out of one's dusky little room here, into another tand hereafter." Blessed assurance, that I take that is fair and large, lightsome and glorious, and dias one of the universal laws in the kingdom of grace, lovingly stated. If it isn't then "e'e are of all men most miserable." At the grave of your preclous dead, I said: "We can not understand!" Indeed we can not. "His ways are past tracing out." (Rom. 11:33.) Every life is divided into two parts (1) that which we understand, (2) that which we do not understand. But they are not equal parts, for all in every life has some mystery and some in every like has all mystery.

When I was a child I used to think that the blue o'erhead was the end of space, and I would ask my mother how high is the sky. And the old negro nurse would tell me that the sky was a great blue. blanket God keeps spread out above us to shut heaven from our view. And when I asked what the stars are she said they are little holes the angels have punched in the blue blanket to let the light of heaven shine through. I did not know then that the "blanket of blue" is only the limit of vision, and that beyond where we can see there are stretches of space too great for finite minds to comprehend. And that is how life is-the "blanket of blue" is not very far above our aching heads and heaving hearts, but beyond the blanket-ah, think of that!

Let me remind you of three facts which you will need to keep close to your hearts now:

1. God's ways are always right.

If Rom. 11:33 is true, so is Psalm 145:17, "The "God is love." Yes, He is! He is essentially love, and so it is as impossible for wrong to issue from Him as it is for foul water to flow from a pure founthe grave. But it does say that we shall not. So I on me shall rever die." take it these mysterious experiences which hurt life God. They are really prophecies being fulfilled; they are the kaleidoscope of God's love-looked.at, however, through falling tears.

Mr. Spurgeon tells of one who had placed on the weathervane of his windmill these words; "God is love." One day a friend asked, "Do you mean by that sign to say that God's love is as fickle as the wind?" The reply was: "By that sign I mean to say that no matter which way the wind blows, God wind?" is love." And so He is! What I want you both to heart-rending the affliction, since it comes from God, time: it is not wrong-yes, it is right!"

2. You shall understand God's .ways hereafter.

The whole Bible has graciously taken it upon 16self to establish this fact. That is why we are told that Christians must walk by faith, and not by sight. I am sure that your departed (not dead) daughter knows all about it now-knows just why this dark. yst of all clouds has cast its shadow across your pathway, knows why her days were so few, and her last sickness so mixed with bitter pains I say she already knows it all, and your Father and mine says that we, too, shall understand hereafter. Now, it, may not be possible for you to take hold of this assuring promise by faith, as you sit together under the willow, but it is possible for you to ask God to give you faith to take hold. An assurance that does not hold on as tenaciously in the dark as in the sunshine, is worth as little to us in times of deep sorrow and overflowing trouble as is the gilded prayer wheel of a Buddhist when he comes to die. God has spoken to you, and this is His message: "The clouds shall? be parted, and when they are that which appears through the rift shall be my best answer as to why the clouds were there." He will keep His reval word, be sure of that

3. Your daughter is not dead.

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To a Father and Mother Whose Only Daugeter, Just Passed Eighteen, Beautiful and Accomplished, After a Long and Painful Illness, I had Beried. The dead live, the living die! What is death to My Friends: In a certain place Jesus says: "What, the prepared but the passage through a dark entry, vinet is fur and force, ignorous and giorous, and the vinety entertaining? Is Helen dead? Ah, no! We lad in the earth, the house in which her life sojourn-ed for eighteen rears, but she does not even "sleep" in the cemetery. When you visit her grave remember she is not there. "Why seek the living among the dead?"

> I name four measons for making this strong statement.

> 1. A life like liers, so good and pure and beautiful, can not be buried in the bosom of the carth, three feet under cold, teclingless clay. 2. The sufferings she underwent during her last

sickness can not go without their reward. Our allotted time is three score and ten. She wanted two years of one score. There is not a promise in the Book that is not God's guarantee that she shall not he cheated out of one of the least blessings which hath been vouchanted unto her. Her God and ours is also the Lord of Death.

3. Love is a the too tender and sacred to be torn to pieces by the rattling, cruel fingers of death. Death takes ours from us. But death can not make ps cease loving them. Do you reckon death can make them cease loving us?

When you stand at Helen's grave remember death an only remove for a time. Don't say "Gone for-ver!" Say this, "Gone, but not forgotten; separated, but not forever." The love that bound you together on this side the grave, on the other side, purified, will bind you together by the same cords which now bind God to you

4. Jesus says dying is not death. Job/asked: "If a man die, shall be live again?" Jesus answered that question when he said: "I am the resurrection and tain-head. Nowhere does the Bible say that we shall the life; he itad believeth on me, though he die, yet understand God's dealings with us on this side of shall he live and whosoever liveth and believeth

My grief-stricken friends, "believeth thou this?" Yours, sincerely, R. S. GAVIN. Huntsville, Ala.

CLEVER DOCTOR

Cured a 20 Years' Trouble Without Any Medicina

A wise Indiana physician cured a 20 years' stomach disease without any medicine, as his patient tells:

"I had stomach trouble for 20 years, tried family medicines, patent medicines and all the simple remesay now, by God's grace, is this, "No matter how" dies suggested by my friends, but grew worse all the

> "Finally a doetor who is the most prominent physician in this part of the state, told me medicine would do me ac good, only irritate my stomach and make it worse that I must look to diet and quit drinking coffee

> "I cried out in alarm, 'Quit drinking coffee!' why, What will I drink?"

"Try Postum,' said the doctor, 'I drink it and you will like it when it is made according to directions, with cream, for it is delicious and has none of the bad effects coffee has."

"Well, that was two years ago and I am still drink-ing Postum. My stomach is right again and I know Doctor hit the nail on the head when he decided coffee was the cause of all my trouble. I only wish I had quit it years ago and drank Postum in its place." Never too late to mend. Ten days' trial of Postum-In place of coffee works wonders. "There's a Reason."

Look in pkes, for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellkille."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

A NEW EMPHASIS ON HOME MISSIONS.

We are glad to give space this week to some chapters from a booklet by Rev. Victor I. Masters, editorial secretary of our Home Mission Board at Atlanta, Ga. The booklet is a neatly printed, forty-page pamphlet and illustrated. Its name is "Southern Baptists and the Frontler."

It is the first of a series which the Home Board expects to issue. Each of the proposed books will deal with some particular phase of the work of the Home Mission Board. This series will, it is expected, in turn become the basis of a more extended volume on home missions.

We are glad that the Home Board will give more attention to creating a home mission literature. Southern Baptists have done more home mission work probably than any other denomination in the United States. They have certainly written less about the work than any other leading denomination. This is an anomalous situation and should be corrected. The work which Brother Masters has done in this booklet is entirely worthy of the man and the subject and gives bright promise as to the effectiveness of the other books which are to follow.

We wish to call particular attention to one fact that is brought out in the frontier booklet. We refer to the fact that after all these years of successful mission work by our Home Board in Texas there is yet so much work there to be done. It is true that Texas has been saved to the Southern Baptists by the work of our Home Mission Board, and it is also true that home missions is as much needed in Texas today as at any period of its history.

The reason for this is explained in the little volume before us. From 1845 up until 1890 the population of Texas had increased to 2,235,000 people. From 1890 to 1909 it had increased to 4,000,000. The last figures are by the estimate of the governor of Texas, recently given in the World's Almanac. In other words, forty-five per cent of the increase in the population in Texas has transpired within the last nineteen years.

By far the largest part of this increase has been by immigration. Giving Texas Baptists all the credit for resourcefulness, the question still recurs, Can Texas.Baptists keep the state saved in the face of such a marvelous influx of people? There is surely great need still of home mission work in Texas.

And that need is even intensified in the case of Oklahoma, in which youthful commonwealth hearly 2000,000 people have taken up their abode within intereen years. The increase in Texas and Oklahoma together within the period named has been nearly half as much as the entire population of the South was at the time when our Southern Baptist convention was originated.

There are other phases of our home mission work to which we would like to call special attention, but the space is lacking. For instance, we are definitely of the opinion that there is no equal investment of money possible to one of our people that will produce such large results in the building of character as that which is contributed to the maintaining of the mission school of our Home Board among the mountain people of the South.

If we did not believe that God reigns and that He is leading our nation and preparing it to do great and valiant things toward the coming of His kingdom on earth, we should not be able to think upon this immigrant business as anything less than a nightmare. That one clitzen in eighty in America should come in each year from the ends of the earth, without knowing our language or our traditions or our religion or our national ideals—ignorant, downtrodden, the under stratum of an effete civilization—that these things should be going on every year and every week is enough to appall us. It certainly ought to be enough to forever shake out of lethargy and indifference our Baptist churches.

We are glad that our Home Mission Board is now actively engaged, as it has not been before, in stirring up the conscience and informing the minds of our people are to missioning in America.

THE ALABAMA BAPTIST

ARE YOU HELPING?

A number of pastors and many friends are helping us to push the \$1.00 offer. Have you enlisted yet? If not, please do so at once and send us a batch of new subscribers. These have sent us their names this week:

> Rev. E. L. Repton, Skirum. H. M. Rikard, Arlington. Mrs. M. A. Ramsey, Ohatchee, R. 1. Rev. S. W. Andress, Ft. Deposit, Rev. H. T. Vaughan, Girard. Mrs. S. A. Dew, Greensboro. Rev. W. R. Cofield, Ft. Deposit. Rev. G. L. Hicks, Bowdon, Ga. Rev. J. G. Lowrey, Pine Hill. Rev. P. M. Callaway, Suggsville. Rev. J. R. G. White, Columbiana. Rev. J. U. Webb, Jamestown. Rev. H. E. Rice, Huntsville. Dr. C. A. Olivet, Haleyville. Rev. W. T. Hall, Larkin. J. R. Priester, Opelika. Hon. R. E. Pettus, Huntsville. Rev. S. O. Y. Ray, Evergreen. Rev. J. W. Mitchell, Centreville, Rev. J. E. Deer, Roberts. Rev. S. J. Ingram, Delta. Rev. A. S. Smith, Alex City.

BRO. CRUMPTON'S LAST WORD OF THE CAMPAIGN

Only one Sunday more! The large churches yet to be heard from! One thousand dollars a day came in the past five days. Can we keep it up to the end?

Our women are doing grandly. After Sunday there remain five days for hand to hand work. See everybody who was not at church. Ask those who gave to increase their gifts. The case now goes to the jury! Baptists of

Alabama, what is your verdict? Shall your Boards report a large debt?

God help you to say NO! W. B. C.

HOW ALABAMA STANDS.

Short of the 25 per cent advance .. 18,314 To be even with last year we must raise in two weeks \$13,451 for the two boards.

To make the 25 per cent advance we must raise the next two weeks \$26,142. Can we do it? YES.

Will we do it? ? ? ? What do you say? | Dear Brother:

The statement above ought to stir us. There is no need of discouragement. We can have the \$25,142 if we will all work. Where 50 cents has been given heretofore, let's ask for \$5. It is easier to do a big thing than a little one. People think more of us when we ask for something worth while. The Lord bless you. Fraternally, W. B. CRUMPTON. Dear Brother Barnett: The above shows that we raised in five days nearly \$5,000. Of this our women sent more than \$2,000. In next ten days we ought to get \$25,000. The large churches are all to be heard from.

W, B. C.

EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S HUNTING TRIP. Much has been and will be written anent the expresident's spectacular journey across Africa and we confess that if he was merely going to show his love of picking big game that we would not care to give it any further notice, but as great as is his love for adventure, we believe he has a deeper purpose than even the hunter's bag or scientist's curiosity, and that his trip will do nearly as much for foreign missions as did David Livingston, a returned missionary from Africa, and southern Baptists ought to have great interest in the work because of our stations there.

If the American ex-president, as he hunts lions and elephants, antelopes and gazelles, will do more, he will do well. He will find the animals and the neglected millions. He will shoot the enemies of the deer and the domestic animals, and his powder and ball will covet places through the hearts of slave drivers and rum-traffickers. Writing as a missionary observer, it is pleasurable to know that because of his visit the eyes of the American people will be turned upon a country and peoples strange to Christian and civilized retinas hitherto, who make an appeal for that which we have to offer. The darkness of the Dark Continent is there, and it is a horror and a terror. If the Roosevelt hunt will do anything to lift the clouds and show the civilized world that the sun has place and space for its rays, it will not be in vain. If, on the next year's map the place where will be marked the locality where a lion was shot, shall be indicated that which witnessed a new interrogation point for the "Eastern question," then the hunt will not have failed to illuminate the true meaning of sport.

A GREAT CHURCH AND A GREAT PASTOR.

Last week's paper contained a note from L. O. Dawson, in which he praises his people and the res olutions by the church showing love for the pastor, We specially commend the act of the church. have long believed in the saints at Tuscaloosa, and they have acted saintly. There is only one Dawson. He has a warm place in the hearts of Alabama Baptists, which he won by his simplicity, manliness and consecration. He not only served his church well, but the denomination in Alabama has felt his power a loving pastor, a great preacher and a tireless worker, he has not only carried on his heart the members of his own flock, but has watched over the boys and girls from all parts of the state in attendance upon the schools of his city. Only last week we received the following card written to Hon. R. E. Pettus, of Huntsville, and forwarded by him to us because of our interest in his manly son:

Tuscaloosa, April 4, 1909. My Dear Brother: It would have done your heart good to have heard the most excellent talk made by your boy at our Sunday school rally today. I am glad for you and congratulate you on having such a son. Sincerely, L. O. Dawson.

This written at a time when every one was urging Dawson to take a rest evidences the fact that he never spared himself, but took time not only to notice one of the university boys, but to write an appreciative word to his father. This little incident is an index to the man. God bless him and give him health is our prayer.

I have enjoyed so much every copy of the dear Alabama Baptist. It is a sunlight to every lonely home, and a blessing to one and all. May every sentence that you express with tongue, pen and press enlighten those who are groping their way in darkness and distress, and may each regenerated heart be filled anew with "godly" love, and go into the Master's honest fields to gather souls for heaven above. May every blessing God sees proper to bestow rest and abide with you and family while here on earth below, and when your pilgrimage is ended may your pilot anchor you safely on the "golden shore."—Lucy L. Harlan.

YOUNG WOMAN'S AUXILIARY.

2

S Motto: They that be wise shall shine as the brightass of the firmament; and they that turn many to nehteousness as the stars for ever and ever -Dan-107 \$2:3.

A Prayer.

We are evil, oh God, and help us to see it and amend. We are good and help us to be better. Look flown upon thy servants with a patient eye, even as Thou sendest sun and rain; look down, call thon the ily bones, quicken, enliven; recreate in us the soul or service, the spirit of peace; renew in us this sense or joy .- Robert Louis Stevenson.

Y. W. A. Items.

On Saturday, the 10th, the State Executive Board wet in Birmingham. The officers of the board and e advisory committee were present and a mast helpfal meeting was the result. Our leader knows that every Y. W. A. will rejoice to hear that our beloved resident, Mrs. Charles Stakely, of Montgoniery, was to be with us to preside over the meeting. We unusually thankful to our Heavenly Futher for k especially at this meeting, when we had to plan the Louisville convention. Mrs. T. W. Hannon, of Montgomery, was also most welcome, replesenting s she most ably does the work which Alabama Bapgets are doing for the Margaret Home.

At the Board meeting the place and time for the Sovember convention were decided upon. The invi-vation from the Woman's Missionary Union, the La-Sies' Aid and the Y. W. A. of the First church, of Soima, was accepted and the time for assent ing set for Tuesday, the 2d of November. Since Selly a is the home town of the Y. W. A. leader, we are expecially desirous of a full Y. W. A. representation, from all over the state. A cordial invitation is extended with the promise that every effort will be made, o make the program particularly interesting to every N. W. A. We have written to Miss Crane, of Baltimore, to ask her to attend. She, as is known to all of us, is deeply interested in and an authority upon Y. W. A. work.

The Louisville convention was also thoroughly discussed. The report was made that several of our Alabama auxiliaries will be represented there. Since the training school appeals to us as our own peculiar possession, and since Miss White has sustained Ala pama's ranks at first in all things good, we can but wish that even more than several of our a faillaries will send delegates. It will be such a privilege to see the training school and Miss White and to come into vital touch with the work which we are trying to do. At the convention Alabama will be given her apportionment card. From this card there will be taken the amounts expected from the Alabsina Y. W. A.'s. By the vote of the State Executive Heard on Saturday the request was made that upon teceipt of nese amounts your leader apportion to the various suxiliaries such sums as may reasonably be expected yom them. The associational vice presidents will hus be relieved of this duty for the Y. W. A.'s in fieir respective associations and will only be asked o receive the quarterly reports as formet y. Your seader will want a quarterly report from each auxiliyey, too, and thus by sending out the apportionment Founds and by gathering in the quarterly reports, she Sopes to keep in closer touch with the auguliaries. This new responsibility is undertaken in the full be-Hof that every Y. W. A. will co-operate. Otherwise it will not succeed, so plan, dear friends, to do your part.

And now, before closing, we wish to introduce to our members several new auxiliaries. In Thicaloosa Junior Y. W. A. has been organized, while he auxillary at Ópellka has been reinstated. Most encourusing reports have come from both. We also welome with much joy auxiliaries in Dothan an Unionown. In all sincerity we crave heaven's richest blessing upon these new or renewed organizations.

THE ALABAMA BAPTIST

GRONGRONG NGNGRGRGRGRG WOMAN'S WORK

State Executive Board.

President-Mrs. Charles A. Slakely. First V. President-Mrs. T. A. Hamilton. Second Vice-President-Mrs. A. J. Dickinson,

517 N. 22d street, Birmingham. State Organizer and Sunbeam Superintendent

Mrs. T. A. Hamilton, 1127 S. 12th St., Birmingham.

Supt. Y. W. A .- Miss Kathleen Mallory, Sela Als.

Secretary and Treasurer-Mrs. D. M. Malons, Mission Room, Watts Building, Birming ham.

(All contributions to this page should be sent to Mrs. D. M. Malone, Mission Moom, Watte Building, Birmingham.)

LAKAKAKAKAKAK AGAGAGAGAGAGA

TO EVERY ONE A CALL. A dozen young women meet every tain vestry as a Sunday school class. They may be divided into three classes, the business young woman, the school or college girls, the girls of leisure. Bright, thoughtful, gay, earnest, careless, studious, wich is tling her come to us, for we truly needed her coun- there in her place. This dozen is typical. They are winning, we are attracted to them. We want them in our missionary work. We yearn to see them come closer to the heart of things, drawn closer to the great heart, the inspiring force of all earnest life

The Business Woman's Call .-- Alf honor ic this alert, active, well-trained young woman. Your clear thinking, your practical common sense, your buginess training has a market value. It has another value. The church needs it. The great cause of missions needs it. A young woman, earning a fine salary as a dressmaker, adopted the plan of giving a teath of her income to the Lord's work. Her business ability and consecration has since been turked in another direction, for she is married and the joyful mother of children. But the systematic giving will be faught. her children, a useful heritage surely! One of the few statues in this country erected in honor of a woman is that of Margaret, whose business as a baker enabled her to amass a sum large enough to endow an asylum for orphans. To the large number of business young women I call, "Ocme up by the work of the Lord in our country."

The College "Woman's Call.-She, the one preparing for life's work, with a definite fitting, with hands full to overflowing of golden opportunities. In a faraway corner of our land, we find such a one. She was cheerfully working to uplift a whole town of childlike, superstitious people. She was teacher, evangelist, physician and good angel. On the walls of her sitting room hung the pictures of college days, the friends of those days, herself in cap and gown, changed into prose. Her alma mater was the outcome of home missionary labors. She was typical of a large number of college girls all over the land. Far different was the work of such a one as Mrs. Alice Freeman Palmer: but who more ready than she to give voice, pen, influence, tireless energy into the great causes nearer her own fireside? * Welcome, young college sister, to the company of those who need your help in missionary work.

The Young Woman of Leisure's Gall .-- Where is the young woman of leisure? Who is she? "I am so busy," sighs every one. The fact remains that large numbers find time for reading, fancy work, golf, clubs, travel. Two women utilized their opportunities of travel to visit mission schools and workers in the South and West. They have since given time going about among churches making real the needs of the work. Would that many young women

to that which is worth while. Give to the city, state, country,

> "A heart at leisure from itself. To soothe and sympathize." -Mrs. Louise Ordway Tead.

A WISE AND GENEROUS LAYMAN'S WAY.

He was not a Baptist nor was he a rich man. He said: "A friend of mine sent me a magazine which came to merevery week. While I read many things I did not like I soon found that it gave me information of the very best character about things that were happening all over the world. I discovered, too, that I had new visions of things. I got a grip on things as I never did before. My friend had done me a great favor. I got the names of seventy ministers of my own denomination and had that magazine sentto them. Of course, I had a hope that they would keep it up af er reading it a while. I am sure it will help any prescher in his pulpit ministrations. Don't you think so? Now, I want to do the same for as many of the preachers of your denomination. When the preachers get that magazine I ask them to read it carefully set out of it all the good possible to help them in their preaching, and thank God for the good layman where good heart prompted the gift.

The Way One Pastor Did.

I want to lell you a bit of my experience when I was pastor of a country and some village field. The times were harder than they are now. I had worked up a pretty good list of subscribers to the Alabama Bautist in e ch of my churches. Some complained of hard times and said they could not spare \$2 to renew, so I must have the paper discontinued. I declined to do it, because I felt that they needed the paper. I wryte the editor to send me a list of all his subscribers at the several offices and I'd see what I could do. I collected from my members 50 cents a quarter and kept the name of every subscriber paid up in this way for two years. It was a little trouble, of course, but the good I did far more than compensated for all my trouble. I know of no agency which carries into the homes so great a blessing as the Alabama Baptist.

Won't the pastors imitale the example of this worthy brother? W. B. C.

If you could save the Foreign Mission Board from the awful embarrassment of a \$50,00 debt by glving \$5 above your usual mission gift, wouldn't you do it? . How the cause must suffer if this large debt is reported in May! If by giving \$5 extra you could save the day, would you not make every needed sacrifice and give the \$5.00? You would, you know you would. Well, then, give it. Dr. Willingham's word for it, your \$5 will save the day. If 10,000 Southern Baptists, anyong them 900 Alabamians, give the extra \$5 we may to to Louisville with shouts of victory. Let not your non-action be the cause of defeat. Let your action be the cause of victory.

What's your \$5 among so many? It's the \$5 that enables the Master to feed a multitude.

If you could, wouldn't you? Well, you can. Will you? And if you will you must act today.

PAUL V. BOMAR.

I am writing to say to the brethren that am on the ground at Evergreen, have just moved thto our new quarters. I am sure I will be happy in my new work. I hope the brethren will remember to address all communications to me at Evergreen instead of East Lake.

We have some yery serious sickness in the home at this time. Thus far the lives of all the little ones have been spared and the doctor is very hopeful of a speedy recovery of them all. We are getting ready an appeal to We are getting ready an appeal to the brethren of the state for the month of May, which has by common consent been given to the orphanage. Heretofore we have had only the month of November, but since our expenses have been so much increased on account of the new school building and the increased number of children we are compelled to have more attention paid to us. We will send out these appeals at once and we bespeak for them in advance a prayerful consideration and a liberal response. S. O. Y. RAY.

THE ALABAMA BAPTIST

Don't Heat

All the necessary family cook-

ing may be done as well on a New Perfection Wick Blue

Flame Oil Cook-Stove as on

the best coal or wood range. By using the "New Perfec-tion" Oil Stove, the annoyance

of an overheated and stuffy

kitchen is entirely avoided, even

The scientific

in midsummer. The construction of the

ERFECTION

Made in three sizes. Can be had either with or without Cabinet Top. If not at your dealer's,

The **Revo Lamp** and very handsome. safe, convenient-just what every home needs. If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

ensures quick work and a cool kitchen. The "New Perfection" has a substantial CABINET TOP for warming plates and keep-ing food hot after it is cooked. Also drop shelves on which to

set small cooking utensils-every convenience, even to bars

write our nearest agency.

the Kitche

A Christian's God.

My Dear Brother Ray: Last Tuesday the One who once took little children in His arms and blessed them took from my arms my beautiful little brown-eyed three and a half year-old William into His own arms and blessed him by taking him out of his sufferings and saved him from the surgeon's instruments. I was taking him to Dr. Hill in Montgomery and my plans were to take him from there to Dr. Parks in Birmingham if his condition was not soon changed for the better. My fond hopes and cherished plans were crushed when I had to leave the train at Ozark with my darling in a dying condition. A physician was summoned, but the angels soon bore my darling away. There was nothing on earth that was nearer and dearer and it would have been like taking my life, "but the Healer was there pouring balm on my heart, and wiping the tears from my eyes. He strengthened the chain he had broken in twain, and fastened it firm to the skies!

There had whispered a voice-'Twas the voice of my God-"I love you, I love you, Pass under the rod."

'Twas hard, so hard, to say "Thy will be done," but He gave me the grace to say it. Brother Ray, I have tried so hard not to be selfish, but have thought of the sorrows of others, and I have his little rompers and little "Buster Brown" suits, little shoes, stockings, hats, underwear, playthings and other things, and I am going to have them sent to you by loving friends, and if there is a little motherless boy in the Orphans' Home that can use them you may tell him his mother sent them, and I would like to be a mother to him, only I prefer him to remain there, because I am not physically able to care for him as a mother should. Brother Ray, please pray earnestly for me, for only God's grace has borne me up this long. My heart is bruised and sore. I am wonderfully blessed by having left to me little William's (almost idelizing) father and his two sweet little brothers, and yet there is such a vacancy the baby has left. Your true and loving friend. MRS. J. E. JAMES. Enterprise, Ala., March 29.

Death of Little Sunbeam.

Whereas, God in His infinite love and wisdom, has seen fit to take from our midst unto Himself, our beloved little Thelma Kicker, one of our sweetest and brightest Sunbeams, be it Resolved, first, That we be submis-

sive to His will Second, That Thelma's little life be

an example to us of loving faith and sweet patience under affliction.

Third, That we extend to the bereaved family our deepest heartfelt sympathy and love, praying that God's richest blessings may rest on them in this their time of deep sorrow.

Fourth, That we spread these resolutions on the minutes of the Sunbeam Band, sending a copy to the bereaved family.

Edna C. Davis, Leila B. Riley, Jennie Baker, Lorine Jones, Committee. without dessert is like breakfast without coffee, and the subject of dessert is one of constant anxiety to the housewife until she learns that ELL-U

DINNER

is always liked by the whole family. It is so delicious and the vari-ous flavors make it taste so different from day to so different from day to day that no one ever grows tired of it. It can be prepared in a minute, Jell+O comes in 7 fruit favors: Lemon, Rapberry, Strawberry, Orange, Choco-Late, Cherry, Peach. 10e, per package. Enough for 6 people. All process sell Jell-O. Beautifully illustrated

All procers sell Jell-O. Beautifully illustrated recipe book, free. Address, The Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N.Y.

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FREE DEAFNESS CURE.

A remarkable offer by one of the leading A remarkable offer by one of the leading ear specialists in this country, who will send two montha' medicine free to prove his ability to cure Deafness, Head Noises, and Catarrh. Address Dr. G. M. Branaman, 1100 Wajnut St., Kansas City, Mo.

Fish Will Bite Hike hungry Write J. F. GREGORY, Dept. 69. St. Louis,

NOTICE.

To the Readers of This Paper:

You can use your spare time profitably. No capital required. Write at once to E. W. VACHER, 1816 Napoleon Avenue, New Orleans, La.

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How to find the right teacher for your school is a hard problem. Schools, colleges and families are fast learning that the safest plan is to submit their wants to some good School Agency where leading teachers of the country are enrolled.

We make this our business. Tell us what you want. No charge to schools. Good teachers should write for circu-lars. Address R. A. Clayton, Mgr., Birmingham, Ala.

LASTING HYMNS, NOS. 1 AND 2. Free sample to churches and Sunday schools contemplating ordering hymn books. Lasting Hymns are indorsed by our denominational leaders. Address Rev. J. A. Lee, Glenco, Ky.

Trank 1 Free Trial Otter

Wilkinson's Matchless Mineral Water

THIS wonderful medicine in the form of water, concentrated by nature, comes from a well near Greenville, Ala.

for holding towels.

10

Its' healing proprieties, combining iron and sulphuric acid in well balanced proportions, have given it world-wide fame. Freely recommended by physicians as

An Immediate and Unfailing Remedy for Chronic Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Diabetes, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and all Stomach, Liver, Bowel and Skin Diseases.

It is taken in teaspoon doses, diluted with plain water.

3 Weeks' Treatment, \$1 If your druggist cannot supply this water, we will send three weeks treatment for \$1.



Insert your name and address below, tear off coupon and send it to us with 16c for sample bottle. This quantity will convince you of the wonderful medicinal virtues of the water Matchless Mineral Water Co., Office: Andalusia, Ala. Enclosed find 16c (stamps) to cover cost of packing and mailing sample

bottle.

Addres

(Continued from Page 3.)

1

thin arises as to Texas, as it does of miny other fields and phases of the work. Now that it uss been neved to the Baptists, have they streng is unaided keep ib saved?

There are no more resourceful and mogressive Santists than those in Texas. They have breathed menthusiasm with the ozone of the plains, and courage and hope with every day of contact with the age constructive forces which are everywhere and avays operative in Texas. But will 250,000 of even Tyxas Baptists be able to care for the religious needs of a million people who have from the ends of the earth come into Texas within nine years, and that we top of an 800,000 who had come during the ten years bufore 1900, whom they had not yet had time half c, assimilate? There is a great home mission work set to be done in Texas!

Can We Realize the Opportunity in Oklanoma?

Nearly everybody who can write, and surely all angs doing in Oklahoma. Nothing new dan be said, suppose, and one feels like contenting himself with youg row of exclamation points. But the opportu-by to take a great State captive to Christ is too eat a thing to be silent about, even it one does hing more than reiterate great facts which have been uttered over and over, and seemingly have not got next to the conscience of the average Baptist

back in the old States, where things and Why is it fit that every Southern Bastist pulpit should ring with the story of the great sportunity carry the gospel to the destitute in Oklahoma? A spaul book might be written in answer to the ques-T'shall try a briefer way.

A Few Oklahoma Facts. 231

It is a great opportunity. When before in the his y of America did a State settle with such amazrapidity? Before 1890 there were some Indians itered over the State, covering a territory as large Kentucky and South Carolina combined. There re also a handful of bad men and pale-face govcomment agents. The 61,800 of that rear had increased to 393,300 in 1900.

By that time the sleeping pioneer blood of thou-stads of Americans had got stirred up http:// the Oklahoma stories, and westward they went life the movin of an army. So that in January, 19 9, Oklahos governor sent forth 1,950,000 as the estimated negulation. In nineteen years that El Morado had sespeed in population such old and stalwart commonweilths as South Carolina, Maryland and Louisiana become practically as populous as Mississippi, essee, Kentucky and Virginia,

We have never seen it on this fashion Probably conever shall again; though we will see this phalanx (2) don the figure) of 100,000 a month as it still marches on, tramp! tramp! into the laid of promise merches on, tramp in the Southwest!

List course they do not really tramp, nor do they or training any more affect the canvas ov red wagon wnely months of creeping across the Mississippi value. The railways carry them, and even the rail-ways have had to adopt a new theory of construc-. The railways carry them, and even the railting in order to make the most of the situation. They ager wait for the settlers, and estimate the probably business that will accrue, but build out into the open plains and give the people a chance to come, for a chance is all they need.

Why the Frontier Story Should be Told. The story of the needs of Oklahoma and the fronshould be told to every Christian worker because States of the Central West will be mighty in their influence in the nation's counsels and in sociological significance in the years to come. It should be told because ninety-six per cent of close new set-tlers are native-born Americans. They are our kin and our kind

It should be told because they can be easily saved now, but the forces of evil will sweep them from thef moral moorings if they are not saved now. Anuricans are much prone to trayel about, and in evily community there are some who know that precessing Christian people are demoralized reli- generously remitted all charges. That creck for of human interest.

giously by even a week's transplanting to a summer resort place or a strange city. The settled social order which is about us is a moral and religious support. There are persons about us concerned in our rectitude and faithfulness. This helps then to be better than they would be. Can any one doubt it, when a week in an atmosphere of irresponsibility is confessedly injurious to many of our church members?

Where the Spiritual Ordeal is Intense.

If this is true, who can question whether th moral and spiritual ordeal of the frontier is intense? Every one has come from a different place, and no one knows the past of the others. Few care what it has been. In the new settlement there is hevitable confusion. Moral, religious, social, political ideals are in a flux. The anchorage which bound the settler to others in the old home place, and tended to sustain him, is broken. He is in an intense struggle, first for existence, then for material prosperity. Moral and religious values have little exaltation In the inlaged evitable general confusion, and he is displ wait.

But all experience has shown that that wellgious denomination which is aggressive and co secrated and far-sighted enough to go to those sheep without a shepherd and to help and sympathize with them in the days of their trial and struggle and heart-loneliness is the denomination which they will-stand by in the later years of their prosperity. 1 and is why Southern Baptists have Texas today.

Oklahoma Presents a Problem of Multiplied Intensity. But the problem of Oklahoma is of four fold intensity to the one which our denomination faced a generation ago in Texas. In fact, it would now be also of four-four intensity in Texas had not the de comination, in the meanwhile, developed a local strength partly able to cope with the needs of the ever-increasing stream of in-comers. Early settlers went to Texas in wagons and settled the farms and gradually built towns. They came in large numbers, but spread out over almost unlimited territry. They had been, and most of them remained, peoble of the soil. Comparatively tardy mission activities were sufficient to save the day.

Not so with Oklahoma. They came of railway trains, from city, town, hamlet and countryl young, hopeful, daring, intense. They formed cities in a day and dwelt in tents till they could build them. They toed the mark at the opening of various government reservations, from 10,000 to 100,000 strong, and at the signal of a gunshot ran pell mell, men and women, to "stake a claim" for a home.

Reproach and Failure Lurk in Slow Methods. Slow methods of evangelizing will not dd for Okla-

homa, if we really wish it to be saved to the religion of our Christ. They are a strictly up-to-date product of the intense life of the early twentieth ceptury, and have now eitles with every imaginable modern convenience, and facility where, nineteen years ago, the prairie grass, the coyote and the gliding figilian inhabited the landscape, and the cerulean slor-canopy looked down in silence upon the great, longy plains where the winds blew.

There are over 47,000 Baptists in Oklahuma, and they are relatively much stronger than other denominations. What a small number it is afong the 1,950,000 that Oklahoma's governor estimates as the citizenship. One Baptist to forty-one of the population is all too little. And it is among people who are more inclined to us than to any other denomination, 97 per cent of whom are native Americans, many of whom are not without religious conviction; but in the inchoate religious conditions of the new habitat they are like sheep without a shepherd.

BROTHER CRUMPTON SURPRISED.

A cotton firm in Montgomery wrote me de other day saying that Mr. J. M. Fancher had left a bale of cotton with them for me. I learned that the brother sent it on account of his good wife to help support son." a native missionary.

046.87 somehow looked mighty good. It is the first experience of the sort I have ever had, though I have often suggested to the brethren who were holding coton that'l could handle a bale in my business. I asked a brother for \$5 once. He replied: I have 260 bales is coton in the warehouse I am holding for better prices. When I suggested that he give me an order for one, he said I was orful. He afterwards told me of the thousands he lost on that cotton. Blessed beathe man who is able to hold cotton! More blessed the man who will turn it loose for God.

W. B. C.

A HOME MISSION CRISIS-CAN WE MEET IT?

It would be calamitous to close the year, April 30th, with heavy debt on the home mission board.

The debt brought over from last year has been a great burden. It has hindered us at every point, prevented enlargement in many places, caused us to borrow money from the beginning of the year and filled us with anxiety all the while. We are doing our utmost to come to April 30th with a clear balance sheet, but a \$50,000 or \$60,00 debt stares us in the face

Thousands of churches and individuals must send. their small offerings, which in the aggregate will make a good sum, and the smallest gifts made in sacrifice and love are as acceptable as the largest, but in this emergency the strong churches and laymen. must come to the front. They will decide the matter.

Twenty five or fifty of the strougest churches in each state by real giving can settle it right. Some of them ought to go far beyond the \$1,000 mark and scores of them ought to range between \$500 and \$1,000, and the balance should come with \$100 to \$500 each

Brethren, pastors, deacons and mission committees, wheel your churches into line and see that during the next two weeks they come to our help.

The appeal is to the laymen. If the laymen are make good it must be in an emergency like ver to this. God has a thousand Baptist laymen in the south who can avert this debt, if they will give at once an average of \$50 each. Some large-hearted, greatly prospered ones can, and I venture to hope will, lay \$1,000 upon the altar.

Beloves brethren, blessed of God and redeeemd by the blood of His Son, will you not make glorious account if your stewardship in behalf of this great cause? We must not fall. Yours in the service, B. D. GRAY. Correspondence of

B. D. GRAY, Corresponding Sec.

SICK DOCTOR Proper Food Put Him Right.

The found experience of a physician in his own case when worn and weak from sickness and when needing nourishment the worst way is valuable:

"An atlack of grip, so severe it came near making an end of me, left my stomach in such condition I could not retain any ordinary food. I know, of course, that I must have food nourishment or I could never recover.

"I begin to take four teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts and cream three times a day and for 2 weeks this was almost my only food; it tasted so delicious that I enjoyed it immensely and my stomach handled it perfectly from the first mouthful. It was so nourishing I was quickly built back to normal health, and. strength

"Grape Nuts is of great value as food to sustain life during serious attacks in which the stomach is so deranged at can not digest and assimilate other foods.

"I am convinced that were Grape-Nuts more widely used by physicians; it would save many lives that are otherwise lost from lack of nourishment.

Absolutely the most perfect food in the world. Trial of thrape-Nuts ten days proves. "There's a Rea-

native missionary. When it was sold it brought 9 5-Sc. The merchants from time to time. They are genuine, true and full

(continued from page 5)

- 3. Primary Problems-Round Table-Mrs. E. B. Miller.
- C. Juniors, Miss Edith Rice, presiding.
 - 1. Story Told.

12

- 2. Lesson Construction.
- 3. Junior Problems-Round Table-Miss Edith-Rice.

ADULT CONFERENCE.

Rev. J. S. Bridges, Presiding. Mr. Marion Lawrence, Specialist.

- 2:30 Devotional-Rev. J. W. Frazer.
- 2:40 Class Demonstration-By W. B. Davidson's class
- 3:00 How We Built Up Our Class-Twenty minutes each by Col. Amos E.
- Goodhue, J. S. Rhodes and M. Sollie. Open Parliament-Mr. Marion Lawrence.

TEACHER TRAINING CONFERENCE.

- R. O. Harris, presiding.
- Dr. H. M. Hamill, Specialist.
- 2:30 Devotional-Rev. S. A. Cowan.
- How to Organize and Conduct a Teacher Training Class-Mrs. S. P. 2:40 Moore
- 3:10 Self-Training of the Teacher-Dr. H. M. Hamili.
- 3:40 Open Parliament-Dr. H. M. Hamill.

HOME DEPARTMENT CONFERENCE. W. F. Thetford, presiding.

Dr. W. A. Duncan, Specialist.

2:30 Devotional Exercises-Rev. J. H. Busch.

The Work of the Visitor-Dr. W. A. Duncan, 2:40

3:10 Demonstration-Miss Mary E. Smith.

How to Maintain Interest in the Home Department-Mr. L. E. Page. 3:30

3:50 Open Parliament-Dr. W. A. Duncan.

THURSDAY EVENING.

7:30 Song and Prayer Service-Prof. E. O. Excell; Rev. H. T. Johnson Hundred Years of S. S. Progress-Dr. H. M. Hamill. 7:45 8:30 What Shall the Harvest Be?-By Mr. Marion Lawrence

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT.

The State of Alabama, Jefferson County. Probate Court, March 31st, 1909. This day came Louise S. Ellerman and filed her petition, in writing, and under, oath, therewith producing and filing in this court an instrument of writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Caroline S. Ellerman, deceased, and praying for such orders, decrees and proceedings as may be proper and requisite, for the due probate and record of said alleged. will in this court. And it appearing to the court from said petition that the following named next of kin of sald deceased are non-residents of the state of Alabama, viz., Ferdinand B. Ellerman and Albert H. Ellerman, brother and nephew, respectively, of said deceased, both of whom reside at New Orleans, La., and William H. Ellerman and Mrs. Susie Dufour, brother and sister, respectively, of said deeased, both of whom reside at Covington, La., and Charles Dufour, William Ellerman and Malvina Ellerman, nephews and niece, respectively, of said deceased, all of whom reside at Covington, La.;

- And whereas, the 12th day of May, 1907, has been set as a day for hearing testimony in proof of said instrument as such will.
- It is therefore ordered that notice of the filing of said petition and of the day set for hearing same be given the said Ferdinand B. Ellerman, William H. Ellerman, Mrs. Susie Dufour, Albert H. Ellerman, Charles Dufour, William Ellerman and Malvina Ellerman by publication once a week for three successive weeks in the Alabama Baptist, a newspaper published in this county. S. E. GREEE, Judge of Probate.

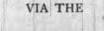
Continued form page 4 special work. Industrial work is especially suited to conditions in Africa and we missionaries on the field rejoice that the board has sanctioned an advance of our work along these lines.

Encouraging Outlook for Our Mission. The missionaries on the field are agreed that not for many years has the outlook for our African mission been as bright as it is now. Dr. and Mrs MacLean have been appointed for work at Saki. Brethren Compere and Pinnock are expected to return to the field this year, and our hearts are full of the hope that Brother Smith, our veteran missionary, will also return. This will give us six missionary families on the field. We have a good staff of native workers, men who have been trained to teach and preach and whose service God has been pleased to own and bless in the past year. The country is opening up on all sides. ' Railroads, motor. cars, telegraph, trade and commerce are making live, busy towns, and these are offering splendid opportunities for missionary work.

Our Needs.

A great work with great opportunities must present great, needs. We need (a) the co-operation of every Southern Baptist. This is your work. You are the people who, through your missionaries, are building this West African pyramid. We need that you yourselves, your sons and daughters come to this field as missionaries to engage in this work. We need your prayers, your practical sympathy and help. God needs, you, Africa needs you and we missionaries need you. (b). New Missionaries. All told the staff of missionaries for our African

HO! FOR THE Southern Baptist Convention





Special Sleepers

Leave Birmingham 7:55 p. m. May 11, spending the day in Lexington, arriving Louisville in ample time for the opening of the convention. OTHER TRAINS LEAVE BIRMINGHAM 6:05 A. M. and 4:05 P. M.

Rate \$11.95 Round Trip Tickets Sold May 10th to 13th Inclusive. Limit May 22d

Tickets may be extended to June 9th. Write H. F. Latimer, T. P. A., Queen and Crescent, Birmingham, for space in sleeper.





mission numbers twelve. This includes the missionaries' wives. We thank God for twelve! Do you doubt our need of reinforcements? Abeokuta, one of our most important stations, is now and has been for more than fifteen months without a resident missionary. Brother Lumbley died October, 1906, and no missionary has



For Further Particulars Write to

Saves the

Ironer.

out to take charge of that work con At Ede, a large town on the main line. of the railroad, where we have chusch of more than one hundred menchers, and in which no other det nomination is working, we have no readent missionary. Besides these two places there are several large towns,-strategic points for mission work, that ought to be occupied by Baptist missionaries.

Please change my address for the Alapama Baptist from Demopolis t Conimbiana. I wish you could ruit down here and see us some time soon There are hosts of Baptists in this constry that ought to be taking their denominational paper .-- J. R. G. White

In the Circuit Sourt of Jefferson, County, Alabama. In Equity. Rhanel P. Russell Pelligren vs. Simos Klotz, et al.

this cause, which is a bill file emove the administration of th to remove the administration or the estate of J. Antoine Pelligren, d cruded, from the probate court of Je fer on county into this court, and self the lands of said estate as a for h in said bill, it being made to a per to the judge of said court, tekin time, by the affidavit of Richard B. Kelly, solicitor of record for com ilainant, that the name of the may of Annote, department des Bas-Alpe in the republic of France, is unknow to complainant, and that the name ages and residence of the heirs law of said J. Antoine Pelligren, ceased, if he had died intestate, an aido unknown to said complainant, and neither can be ascertained on dilige inquiry, and that their residence, as believes, is not in this state, an he further that in the belief of said af Est, said defendants are over the a twenty-one years; it is therefore ordered that publication be made the Alabama Baptist, a newspaper pue liched in the city of Birmingham Arahamá, once a week for four cos coutive weeks, requiring the mayor of Annote, department des Bas-Alpein the republic of France, whose nany is unknown, and the heirs at law se d J. Antoine Pelligren, deceased if ac had died intestate, whose name agest and residences are unknown, to ac over or demur to the bill of compl int in this cause by the 15th day of May, 1909, or within thirty days the reafter a decree pro confesso may taken against each of them. bes his the 6th day of April, 1909.

A. A. COLEMAN, Judge Tenth Judicial Circuit of Alas hama.

Sow, therefore, pursuant to said ortes, this publication is made, a the said mayor of Annote, departme. Bas-Alpes, in the republic of ded Frinke, and the heirs at law of sal Antoine Pelligren, deceased, if he Æ ha died intestate, whose names, age residence are unknown, are each required to answer or demur to the bll of complaint in this cause by the 156 day of May, 1909, or after thirty days therefrom a decree pro confesso may be taken against them.

This the 6th day of April, 1909 WALTER K. MCADORY,

Clerk and Register.

THE ALABAMA BAPTIST

WOULD YOU LIKE TO OWN **CHICKERING Grand Piano** SXIII ABSOLUTELY FREE

Besides this \$800 Chickering Grand a \$400 Forbes Piano and other valuable prizes amounting to

\$15,000

Will be distributed absolutely FREE The distribution of prizes to be given these who send in the largest list of words made from letters used in spelling two words,

"FORBES PIANOS"

A little effort on your part may win you one of these artistic planos or another of these valuable It will cost you nothing to enter this concest. \$800 CHICKERING GRAND PIANO will be given as first prize to the person making the largest list as mentioned above. prizes.

of words as mentioned above. \$400 FORBES PIANO will be given to the person sending the next largest list. Third Prize will be a credit bill for \$150, 5 apply on the purchase price of any new plano in our ware-rooms. Each of the competitors sending in the next five largest lists of words will be given Credit Bills for \$100 and following this, in groups of five, each of the competitors sending in the next five largest lists of words will be given Credit Bills for \$5.00 less that the preceding prizes until the entire fifteen thousand dol-

lais shall have been distributed. Neither E. E. FORBES' employes nor any member of their families are eligible for this contest. To all others it is entirely open and free, no matter where you live.

CONDITIONS: Only such singular words are to be used is are to be found in Webster's International Dictionary. Proper names, foreign or plural words, names of sersons, towns os places must not be used. Do not dise a letter more times than it appears in the words borkers PIANOS. Words spelled the same, but having dif-

ferent meaning, can be used but once. Those who receive Credit Bills can apply same on any new Plano at the regular price, but can not apply them to any purchase made prior to May 1, 1909. If you secure a Credit Bill and already price an instrument, you can transfer the same to another party who may wish to buy a Plano by having the Transfer made in our office, properly indorsed by our Man-

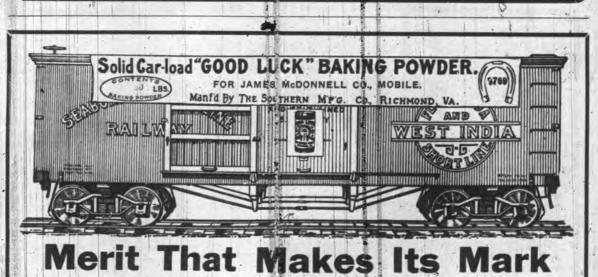
ager. NOT MORE THAN ONE CREDIT BILL, WILL BE ACCEPTED ON THE SAME PIANO. ALL ANSWERS MUST BE IN OUR OUTCOE NOT LATER THAN MAY 1, 1909. The two prize Pianos offered above are he y on exhibition at E. E. FORBES PIANO COMPANY'S WARE ROOMS.

Address all answers to CONTEST DEPARTMENT. Help some worthy girl or boy secure a fine piano free

E. E. FORBES PIANO COMPANY "The World's Best Makes"

1909 THIRD AVE.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.



Merit is the sure and only passport to ultimate success. Back of every popular article that grows daily in the favor of the people must be Merit. It is Merit that has made "GOOD LUCK" Baking Powder the choice of he housekeeper wherever it has been ntroduced.

It is Merit that has made "GOOD LUCK" Baking Powder the standard by which other brands are judged. It is Merit that has made "GOOD LUCK" sales larger than any other brand in the world.

and in the world. It is Merit that makes it possible to all and ship this brand in carload and trainload lots.

Among the large number of progres sive wholesate grocers that buy "GOOD LUCK" Baking Powder regu-larly in carlord lots are the James McDonnell Co., who have just received and unloaded a car containing 27,950 pounds:

pounds. It has now become a familiar tight to see a jobber unloading a ' car of 'GOOD LUCK'' While the above car contained 27,950 pounds of "GOOD LUCK," it will not last long, and Messrs. James McDonnell Co. will soon be ordering another, by telegram. With each successive baking, the cook becomes more and more con-vinced of "GOOD LUCK'S" superior

qualities and its success in building tempting breads soon influences her to exclude other brands from consideration.

The Patented Moisture-Proof Tin-Foil News-Board can in which "GOOD LUCK" is packed, possesses peculiar properties for excluding moisture and confining the strength, and enables the manufacturers to transport the goods from factory to kitchen in perfect condition.

"GOOD LUCK" is guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act, June 30, 1906; Serial No. 13,026.

Every part of the body has its erves. It's the channel through nerves. which energy-nerve force is transmitted. If too much nerve force goes to a part, it is irritated, causing pain, congestion, spasms, fits, epilepsy, etc. If not enough it is enfechled, and if none at all paralysis results. Dr. Miles' Nervine soothes the nerves, assists the nerve cells to generate nerve force, and in this way re-

nerve force, and in this way re-stores nervous energy. "My eighteen-year-old daughter had fits for five years, as often as two and three a week. She began to take Dr. Miles' Nervine, and she has not had an attack for two months." PETER McAULEY, Springfield, Mass. If first bottle fails to benefit, money back. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, lad.

MARBLE, STONE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS Statuary, Iron Fences and Seats We have all styles and material. We do first class work, use only the best ma-

terial and our workmen know their trade. Write for catalogue. Agents wanted.

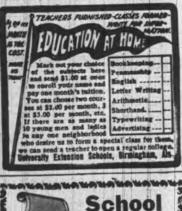
Birmingham Marble Works 1618 First Avenue Birmingham, Ala

Excelsior Steam Laundry

Geo. A. Blinn & Son, Proprietors THE OLD RELIABLE FIRM

Our Patrons are our best Advertisers On-t' a Customer

Always a Customer GIVE US A TRIAL 1807 ad Ave., 4 - - - Birmingham, Ala





pointed-but if your medals are ordered now, they'll be sure to be engraved in ample season. Fine variety to select from and most reasonable prices to pay. Solid Gold this size and style, \$1.00.

Others at \$2, \$3, \$5 and higher if you wish. Ask for cata-

. L. RUTH + SOR 15 Dexter Ave. Montgomery, Ala NUTION ON ON ON ON ON

THE ALABAMA BAPTIST



The beautiful new Baptist church recently opened at Decatur, Ala. We congratulate Bro. Gordon, and his loyal flock.

Resolutions of Sympathy.

Whereas, it has pleased our Heavenly Father in HIs infinite wisdom to take from our midst our beloved sister, Mrs. O. T. Anderson, who was a member of this society, who died on the 26th of January, 1909, and who was a faithful Christian, a loving and devoted wife and mother; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Ladies' Aid So ciety of the First Baptist church, Cullman, 'Ala.,

1. That this society, the church and community at large have in the death of Sister Anderson lost a valuable and lovable member, and her family a most devoted and dutiful wife and mother.

2. That this society hereby extends to the bereaved members of her family their deepest and most heartfelt sympathy in their great loss.

3. That a copy of these resolutions he sent to her family and the Alabama Baptist for publication.

Mrs. J.A. Shannon, Mrs. T. E. St. John, committee.

In the providence of God the death angel came to the home of Dr. W. E. Perry, the pioneer preacher of this county. Dr. Perry had just completed his medical education under very trying circumstances, having a wife and three children. He left them to go off to college that he may prepare himself for the practice of medicine. It is heart-rending to think of the sacrifice he made leaving his loved ones and spending much money and time and hard work to fit himself for his chosen work, and then when he is ready to begin his life work to be called from them. But God doeth all things well. He was a devoted husband, a tender father, a good member of Hephzibah church, a splendid citizen and had flattering prospects in medicine. He leaves a father and mother, several brothers and sisters, a wife and four small children. May the Lord be their stay.

H. C. SANDERS. Resolutions of respect adopted by Calvary Baptist church, Perry county, Ala., on the death of Brother J. B. Smith.

Death for the first time has invaded our church and removed from our midst our beloved brother. John Burks Smith, who died the 24th of February, 1909.

Resolved, first, That while we deplore the sad death of our brother, yet we bow in humble submission to the will of our divine Master, feeling a just assurance that our loss is his eternal gain.

Resolved, second, That we tender his bereaved friends our heartfelt sympathy in their great affliction, hoping that He who does all things for our good and His own glory may comfort them in their great grief and distress.

Resolved, third: That a copy of these resolutions be spread on our minutes; also a copy be sent to the Baptist and Marion Standard for publication.

J. T. Curb, Miss Grace Roberts, Miss Mary Merrell, committee.

Lines written on the death of Sister Lula R. Jordan, member of Mt. Gilead Baptist church, Rose Hill, Covington county, Ala.

Sister Jordan was born in Texas February 12, 1871. She was married to John R. Jordan October 28th, 1888; died April 28, 1908. She was a consecrated member of the church eleven years. She leaves a husband, eight children and many friends to mourn her loss. To know her was to love her. We deeply sympathize with Bro. Jordan and the children, though their loss is her eternal gain. As a wife, she was affectionate. She was a patient mother, and as a church member a true Christian. May the bereaved find grace sufficient in this time of need, and may we all emulate her godly life.

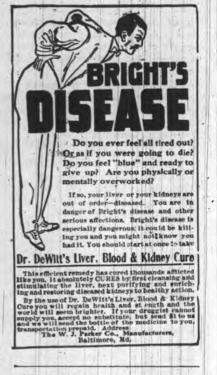
Dear Sister Jordan is no more, Her form lies in the grave,

Her spirit on that shining shore, Her soul the Lord did save,

She's missed by husband and each child.

By relatives and friends.

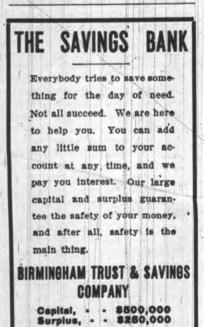
On every one on whom she smiled, Be missed until time ends.



A SEVERE CASE OF FECIEMA

A SEVERE CASE OF FECSEMA Garland, N. C. Mr. J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga. Dear Sir.—Last winter my mother had eczema all over her. Could not rest day or night for the stinging, burning, itching. She tried various kinds of salves and oint-ments, but they did her no good at all. She happened to see Tetterine advertised. We ordered one box and tried it on her arm. It did her so much good we showed it to our doctor. He immediately ordered one-half dosen. She used it as directed twice a day. It did her so much good we or-dered one dosen more. After using it sev-crai weeks she was completely cured. I can certainly recommend Tetterine, as it is a sure cure for eczema. I really believe it aved my mother's life. Yours truig. Miss Minnie Cromartle.

Miss Minnie Cromartie. Tetterine cures Eczema, Tetter, Ring Worm, Ground Itch, Infant's Sore Head, Pimples, Bolls, Rough Scaly Patches on the Face, Old Itching Sores, Dandruff, Can-kered Scalp, Bunions, Corns, Chilbiafus and every form of Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c: Tetterine Soap 25c. Your druggist, or by mail from the manufacturer, The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.



Cancer Can be Cured

Scores of testimonials, from persons who gladly write those now suffering, all tell of perfect cures. My lild Combination Treatment destroys growth and elim-nates the disease from the system. **Free Book**, "Can-er and Its Cure," and 125-page book of testimonials om **oured** patients in every Statte in the Union. No atter how serious your case, how niany operations you ave had, of what treatment you have taken, don't give p hope, but write at once for my Spols.

DR. JOHNSON REMEDY CO.

HUSBAND INSISTED

me ladies allow a simple little 怒 treable to grow into a big one, just for lack of the right medicine.

Too much trouble; too much ex-pense; don't know what medicine to take.

All excuses; and poor ones, too. Such ladies need some one, with their own best interests at heart, who will see to it that they begin to take Cardui at one

Yow, Mrs. Rena Hare, of Pierce, Fig. luckily for her, had a husband, why she says, "insisted on my tak-ing Cardui."

the words: "I was a sufferer from source female trouble. I had pains in my side, drawing pains in legs, fairly spells, could not sleep. In fac, it was a general break-down. I fored no relief till I took Cardui, when the first bottle helped me and novel am almost well."

Yoar druggist will gladly sell you a betale of Cardui, with full direct-

ione for use. It is purely vegetable, non-intoxi-cating, and reliable remedy, for all women, young and old, who suffer from any of the common formale tractices. Try Cardui.

A 10 Cent Package of DR LORDS bends one head 4 times or 4 bends one time. Money back if they fail. too to and sac at all druggin by mail on receipt of price. BOLLIER DRUG CO. CHURCH To To Ball Foundry The C. S. BELL CO., Hillsber LALF TONES BY MA1 J'GET ERFECT CUTS AND GET THEM QUICKLY.

EWS ENGRAVERY

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

Fled, Mrs. W. T. Johnson, of Sylacavga, Ala., March 9, 1909, in the 77th sr of her age.

Mrs. Johnson was a native of Hars county, Ga., having moved from that county about fifty-three years with her husband, Mr. P. H. Rogand three small children, and seto in Coosa county, Ala. She united ath Bethany Baptist church in Harris Guaty, Ga., at the age of twelve, After moving to Alabama she united with Stirdis Baptist church, where she remalhed a member until she went back to Georgia after her husband's death. Her husband died while in the war and left a widow and six small childgen to endure the hardships of those dreadful days with no strong arm to lern upon. Like many others this brive woman and noble Christian mother battled against sorrow and the uggles of widowhood and reared her cuildren to be dutiful and devoted. They are Mrs. M. V. Culpepper, of a county; Mrs. H. W. C. Kelley, of Sylacauga; Messrs. T. P. and F. M. Rogers, of Autauga county and Mr. I. II. Rogers, of Talladega.

After remaining a widow for eight mars Mrs. Rogers was married to W. T. Johnson, of Harris county, dia, and removed to Coosa county, Alaoama. She united again with Sard s church, but after many years becan'e a member of the Rockford oliurch. Mr. Johnson died in August, 1907. There were no children born to this union. Since Mr. Johnson's death Mrs. Johnson made her home with her daughter, Mrs. H. W. C. Kelloy, of Sylacauga.

Mrs. Johnson was fond of talking of bur experience in grace. She was a meat believer in prayer and enjoyed membering and referring to the famprayers of her married life. She wied the Lord's people and loved to with them. She had been spared a long time to her children and a host riends, but in her old age they weed her greatly and would have kept r longer if death had not been de-Finined. Her six children, many sandchildren and a great many richds mourn her departure. It was are request that she be taken to her lu me at Rockford for interment, but eving to the very high water in all the erceks this could not be done.-J. J. Johnson. 40

E. D. Wamble Dead. He was taken ill at 6 o'clock on the caing of March 10th and died at 10 ciclock in the night. He was submisare and died without a struggle. He was in his seventy-fourth year and was a deacon of Shoal Creek Baptist cliurch. He was a devoted husband and loving father. He leaves a deoted wife and eight children to mourn his loss. The family relation is extensive, 87 in all, among them ten great-grandchildren. J. L. LONG.

Trs. Winslow's Soothing Syrcp used for over SIXTY-FIVE YEARS by s of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN ESTHING, with PERFECT CHILDREN HILE TEETHING, 900 Has the CHILD. 9 JAIN: CURES W 210 JIARRHCE TI of he world. Be a of Drugs Act, June 10th 1988. Serial Numl

To Every Reader of the Alabama Baptist

15

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	10	NAME
We Do the Rest. Get your selesors or kulfe and cut out the coupen, while your name and address plainly on same and while your name and address plainly on same while the set when it comes to you. If your want to write a letter, telling us something about your case, while be glad to receive it and recat it carefully.	Not New, But True DANIEL WERSTER once and about a certain method loca. There are located about a sectain are not TRUE and the TRUE that are NEVY Five There is nothing new should Viscober-you have been of the between you couldn't help hearing of the Itemate been between you couldn't help hearing of the Itemate	TOOK MEDICINE 20 YEARS. Doctor Sald He Had Kidney and Liver Trouble, Catarrh and Bronchilts, But Did Not Help Him.

meat, the claims we make for Vite-Ore, the argu-meats we give, are not new, but IT IS ALL TRUE. You have but to write, to send for it, to direct that it be sent to you-and it is sent to you. NO QUES-TIONS, NO QUIBBLING, NO MONEY. If you want to pay for it, all right. If you don't. YOU BON'T HAVE TO. Enough are SATISFIED, change want to pay. ENOUGH BO FAY to make Vite-Ore's fame grow from year to year like a green-bay free, and it is because AT 15 ALL TRUE. You feeted it have prove this. y money, don't need to send any stamps, f al is AT OUR EXPENSE-NOT YOURS lieve in Vita-Ore and are willing to back our th OUR MONEY and don't ask you to believ Vita-Ore and are willing to back our bellet MONEY and don't ask you to belleve until seen, until you have foit, UNTIL YOU That's the kind of remedy. Vita-Ore la-kind of people we are. If you want to try medy. If you want to deal with people who it your money unless you are benefited, if wiest possible time. Waste of means

tested it have proven this. ITS HISTORY IS OPEN BOOK and all will find it ALL TRUE. IF YOU ARE SICK AND AILING, no matter what the trouble may be, if you need and your family, your friends and they allow your for YOU. How can you, in justice to yoursel to the help you want will be a the and they allow the triangle of a source that the component of the point of the source of the

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ry scant and thick with uld have sinking spells and e so terribly that I thought fible pain would start in my let leg and I would roth a fit. I would yomit every and often could not retain ch. Two packages of Vita-a \$100,00 worth of the other "see better than I have for er than I then years, sleep like a child, can eat well and have aned in weight, now weighing 147 pounds. I am hirty-three years oil. My periods are no longer ainful, although formerly they caused me such pain at I would have to lie in bed; my kidneys now feel bund. I am forever trying to induce sufferers to se Vitas-Ore and thus repay some of the debt of ratitude I owe to it. MARY E. ROBERTS.



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I have taken a slight temporary reuse more than a slight temporary reuse took treatment from one of the best doctors at Leopold, Indiana. He examined meand gave as his opinion that i had Liver and Kidney Trouble, Gatarrh and Bronchitis. I was at that time taken with a severe pain that the taken with a severe pain that y had be taken with a severe pain that the taken with a severe pain the taken with a severe pain that the taken with a severe pain the taken with the taken with a severe pain the taken with the taken with a severe pain the taken with a severe pain the taken with the taken with a severe pain the taken with a severe pain the taken with the taken with a severe pain the taken with a severe pain the taken with taken with the taken with taken



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An Aid To Nature

Nothing is more wonderful than the economy of nature, the natural forces that work in the body, day and night, waking or sleeping, to recuperate from exhaustion, to eliminate what has served its purpose, to supplant decayed tissnes with healthy material, to supply new strength and energy for that which has been expended. It is the same vital force that is at work in all nerven its purpose, to supplant decayed tiss material, to supply new strength and energy f been expended. It is the same vital force the forms of life in the whole universe, both vegetal no better form can be applied to its than "the eco for its its ruly "management without loss or was economy which is not parsimony, for nature ri-all the normal duties of life, when her generou-But it is an economy, which like all other have all its workings in perfect harmony, and when there is a LEAK somewhere, when there ork in all

erfect harn ewhere, with esources.

to is a eds proper materials for

It conthe entire body is dependent. Whenever there exists an a symptom, Viue-Ore assists nature to remedy the dist which causes it. It is a vitalizing, tonic, healing, correct strengthening force that arouses nature to correct action functions. It acts always in a natural way, by assisting n properly perform functions which are always properly per in good health, thus establishing good health. It cures the at its BOOT, a method which should appeal to all rational the state of the

